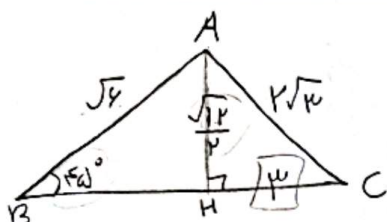


(الف) $(\sin 144^\circ + \sin 100^\circ)(\cos 144^\circ - \cos 100^\circ) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 = -\frac{1}{2}$ (۱)

ب) $\frac{1 + \tan 110^\circ}{\sec^2 110^\circ + \sec^2 220^\circ} = \frac{1 + \tan 110^\circ}{\frac{1}{\cos^2 110^\circ} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 220^\circ}} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\cos^2 110^\circ} + \frac{1}{\cos^2 110^\circ}} = \frac{1}{\frac{2}{\cos^2 110^\circ}} = \frac{\cos^2 110^\circ}{2}$



در مثل قائی ضلع HC
 $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

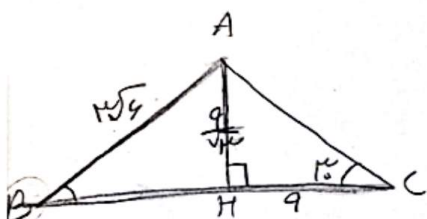
$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 = 9 \Rightarrow \sqrt{9} = 3$ (الف) (۲)

(الف)

(۲)

$\sin \Rightarrow \frac{\text{مقابل}}{\text{وتر}}$

$\sin 45^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$



$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

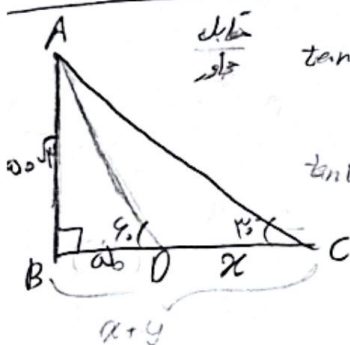
$\frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{1}{1} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$B = 45^\circ$ پس $\sin B$

(ب) از این دو مثلث

$\tan \Rightarrow \frac{\text{مقابل}}{\text{جانب}}$

$\tan 45^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$



$\tan 45^\circ \Rightarrow \sqrt{2}$

$\tan 45^\circ \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

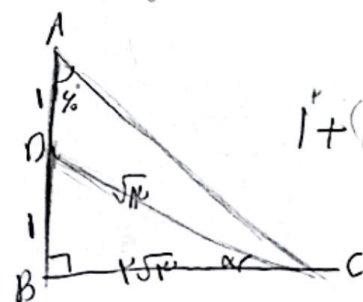
$\sqrt{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

$140 = 100 + x \Rightarrow x = 40$

(الف) مثلث

(۳)

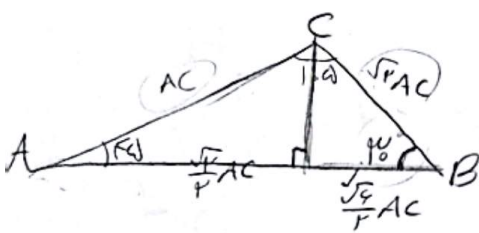


$1^2 + \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 = 1^2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{2}$

$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\sin \alpha$

$\tan 45^\circ = \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2}$



$$100 + 40 = 140$$

$$140 - 140 = 0$$

$$\frac{AB}{AC} \text{ (مطلوبه)} \quad (K)$$

$$\frac{AC}{\sin 45} = \frac{BC}{\sin 45} = \frac{AB}{\sin 90}$$

$$\frac{AC}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{CB}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} CB = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} AC}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}$$

$$CB = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} AC$$

$$\text{مطلوبه } AB \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} AC + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} AC =$$

$$AC \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)$$

$$\sin 45 \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

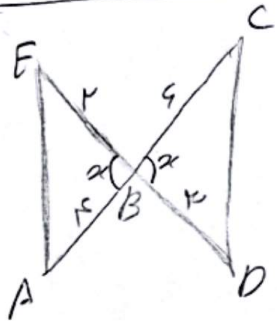
$$\sin 45 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{\sin 45} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{CB}{AC} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} AC$$

$$\cos 45 \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{AC}{AB} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} AB$$

$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{AC \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2} \right)}{AC} =$$

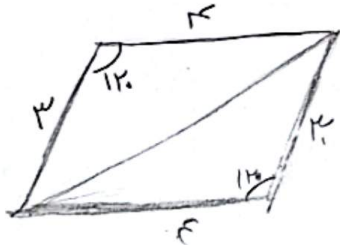
$$\boxed{\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2}}$$



$$\frac{ABE}{BCD} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sin 90}{\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sin 90} = \frac{1}{1}$$

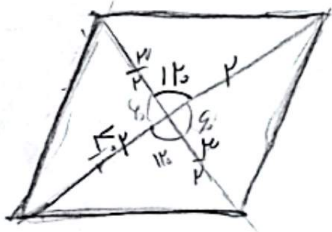
$$\frac{ABE}{BCD} \text{ (مطلوبه)}$$

(d)



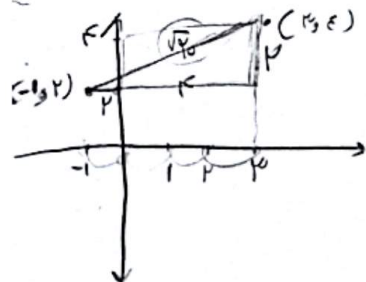
$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

(g) مساحت متوازی الاضلاع با دو ضلع معلوم



$$\sin 45 = \sin 45 = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$



$$r^2 + r^2 = r_0^2 \Rightarrow \sqrt{r_0^2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{2} r_0$$

$$\cos \Rightarrow \frac{r}{\sqrt{r_0^2}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{2} r_0} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

(v)

①

$$y = kx + d \rightarrow y = x + \frac{d}{p} \Rightarrow y = 0 + \frac{d}{p}$$

$$\tilde{y} = m\tilde{x} + b^{\frac{\omega}{p}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{d}{p}}$$

$$mb \Rightarrow -\sqrt{\mu} x \frac{d}{p} = -\frac{d\sqrt{\mu}}{p}$$

$$|1_0 - 1_0 d| = |Vd|$$

$$a=1 \rightarrow \tan \varphi_0 \rightarrow \varphi_0 + Vd = 1\varphi_0 \quad |1_0 - 1_0 = \varphi_0 \quad \tan \varphi_0 = \sqrt{\mu}$$

$\sqrt{\mu}$ unendlich

②

$$\downarrow \frac{d\pi}{4} \quad \cos\left(\pi + \frac{d\pi}{4}\right) + \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{p} - \frac{d\pi}{4}\right) - \tan\left(\frac{1\pi}{p} + \frac{d\pi}{4}\right) = \boxed{-\sqrt{\mu}}$$

$$\cancel{\frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{p}} + \cancel{\left(-\frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{p}\right)} - \sqrt{\mu}$$

③

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{14\pi}{p} + \alpha\right) + \cos\left(\frac{10\pi}{p} - \alpha\right)}{\cos(1\pi + \alpha) - \sin(4\pi - \alpha)} = \frac{\sin\left(\frac{14\pi}{p} + \frac{\pi}{p} + \alpha\right) + \cos\left(\frac{10\pi}{p} + \frac{\pi}{p} + \alpha\right)}{-\cos \alpha - (-\sin \alpha)} = \frac{\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha}{-(\cos \alpha - \sin \alpha)} = -1$$

$$\underbrace{\cos(1\pi + \alpha)}_{-\cos \alpha} \quad \underbrace{\sin(4\pi - \alpha)}_{-\sin \alpha}$$

$$\frac{-\frac{10}{14}}{\frac{1}{1}} = \frac{\frac{10}{14}}{\frac{1}{1}} = \frac{\frac{10}{14}}{\frac{1}{1}} = \frac{10}{14} = \frac{5}{7}$$