

ate:

Sub:

۱۷/۵/۷۰

تکلیف شماره ۲۱

گروه دوم دخترانه A

زهره دهقانی

$$(1! + 3! + 5! + \dots + 15!) (2! + 4! + 6! + \dots + 24!) \quad 1$$

$1+3=4 \quad 2+4=6$

$$1! = 1$$

$$2! = 2$$

$$3! = 6$$

$$4! = 24$$

$$5! = 120 \quad \text{از ۵ به بعد بخاطر}$$

$$6! = 720$$

$$7! = 5040 \quad \text{علاوه ۲ عدد}$$

$$8! = 40320$$

بکان صفری شود

$$4 \times 6 = 24 \rightarrow \text{رقم بکان ۲}$$

$$\text{الف) } \sqrt[4]{(4+\sqrt{5})^4} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{5}}$$

$$= (4+\sqrt{5})^{-\frac{1}{4}} \times (1+\sqrt{5})^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(4+\sqrt{5})^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})^{\frac{2}{4}}}{(4+\sqrt{5})^{\frac{1}{4}}} = \frac{(1+\sqrt{5})^{\frac{1}{2}}}{(4+\sqrt{5})^{\frac{1}{4}}}$$

$$(1+\sqrt{5})^2 = 1 + 5 + 2\sqrt{5} = 6 + 2\sqrt{5}$$

$$\left(\frac{2(4+\sqrt{5})}{(4+\sqrt{5})} \right)^{\frac{1}{4}} = 2^{\frac{1}{4}} = \sqrt[4]{2}$$

Date:

Sub:

$$b) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{10} + 2} \right) \left(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}} \right) = 2$$

به توان ۲ می رسانیم

$$(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5}) + (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}) - 2\sqrt{(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})}$$

مزدوج

$$\Downarrow 4 - 2\sqrt{4 - 5} = 4 - 2\sqrt{-1} = 2$$

به توان ۲ می رساند بودیم، پس حالا جذری داریم

$$\Rightarrow \pm\sqrt{2} \rightarrow \begin{matrix} +\sqrt{2} \times \\ -\sqrt{2} \checkmark \end{matrix}$$

چون $\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{5} < \sqrt{2 + \sqrt{5}}$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{10} + 2} \times (-\sqrt{2}) = \frac{-\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})}{\sqrt{10} + 2}$$

$$= \frac{-(2 + \sqrt{10})}{(2 + \sqrt{10})} = -1$$

Date:

Sub:

الف) $\frac{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{25}}{5 - \sqrt{4}} - 2 \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{1} - 1} \right)^{-1}$

$$\frac{1\sqrt{1} + 5\sqrt{25}}{5 - \sqrt{4}} \times \frac{5 + \sqrt{4}}{5 + \sqrt{4}} = \frac{14\sqrt{1} + 14\sqrt{25}}{25 - 16}$$

کویا کیسے خارج را

$$= \frac{14(\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{25})}{9} = \sqrt{1} + \sqrt{25}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2}{\sqrt{3} - 1} \times \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1} = \frac{2\sqrt{3} + 2}{3 - 1} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3} + 1)}{2} = \sqrt{3} + 1$$

کویا کیسے خارج را

$$\Rightarrow (\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{25}) - (\sqrt{3} + 1) = \sqrt{1} - 1$$

Date:

Sub:

$$ج) \frac{\sqrt{17} - 1}{8 + \sqrt{17}} + (2 - \sqrt{17})^{-1}$$

$$\frac{1}{2 - \sqrt{17}} \times \frac{2 + \sqrt{17}}{2 + \sqrt{17}} = \frac{2 + \sqrt{17}}{8 - 17} = 2 + \sqrt{17}$$

نوای می بیند مخرج را

$$\frac{3\sqrt{17} - 1}{8 + \sqrt{17}} \times \frac{8 - \sqrt{17}}{8 - \sqrt{17}} = \frac{14\sqrt{17} - 13}{14 - 17} = \frac{14(\sqrt{17} - 1)}{14}$$

مخرج را تری می بیند

$$= \sqrt{17} - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow (\sqrt{17} - 1) + (2 + \sqrt{17}) = 2\sqrt{17} + 1$$

ع

$$\text{الف) } \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-2}} - 2$$

صورت به توان ۲ می رسانیم

$$\rightarrow (1+\sqrt{3}) + (\sqrt{3}-1) + 2\sqrt{(1+\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{3}-1)}$$

مزدوج

$$\Rightarrow 2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2} \rightarrow \sqrt{2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}$$

این موقع به توان ۲ سازد بودیم
پس حالا چیزی می بینیم

$$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-2}} = \sqrt{\frac{2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}-2}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{3}-2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}+2}{\sqrt{3}+2} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2})^2}{3-2}$$

مخرج را ۱ می بینیم

$$= \frac{2(3+2\sqrt{6})}{1} = 10 + 4\sqrt{6}$$

PITICO

$$\frac{\sqrt{10+6\sqrt{4}}}{(\sqrt{4}+2)^2} \Rightarrow \sqrt[4]{(\sqrt{4}+2)^4} = |\sqrt{4}+2| = \sqrt{4}+2$$

تبدیل به مربع اولی کنیم

$$\xrightarrow{\text{حل عددی}} (\sqrt{4} + 2) - 2 = \sqrt{4}$$

PITICO

Date:

Sub:

$$\Rightarrow \sqrt[14]{x^{\frac{1}{2}}} \times \sqrt[14]{14x} \times \sqrt[14]{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

Σ

$$\sqrt[14]{x^{\frac{1}{2}}} \times \sqrt[14]{x \times 14x^{\frac{1}{2}}} \times \sqrt[14]{x^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$= x^{\frac{1}{14}} \times x^{\frac{1}{14}} \times 14^{\frac{1}{14}} \times x^{\frac{1}{14}}$$

$$= x^{\frac{1}{14} + \frac{1}{14} + \frac{1}{14}} \times 14^{\frac{1}{14}}$$

$$= x^{\frac{3}{14}} \times 14^{\frac{1}{14}} = x^{\frac{3}{14}} \times 14^{\frac{1}{14}} = 14^{\frac{1}{14}} x^{\frac{3}{14}}$$

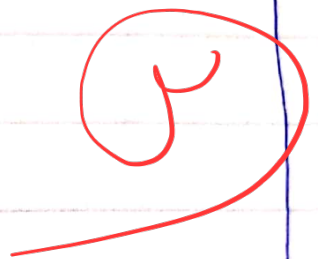
Date:

Sub:

$$\frac{r^x + r^{x+1} + r^{x+2} + r^{x+3} + r^{x+4} + r^{x+5}}{r^{x-1} + r^{x-2} + r^x + r^{x+1} + r^{x+2} + r^{x+3}} = 1 \quad \omega$$

r^x

$$r^x (1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + r^4 + r^5)$$



$$r^x \left(\frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r^2} + \frac{1}{r^3} + r + r^2 + r^3 \right)$$

$\frac{r^x}{r}$

$$= \frac{\frac{r^x \times r^5}{1}}{\frac{r^x \times r^3}{r}} = \frac{r^x \times r^5 \times r}{r^x \times r^3} = \frac{r^x \times r^6}{r^x \times r^3} = \frac{r^x \times r^3}{r^x \times r^3} = 1$$

$$\frac{r^x \times r^5}{r^x \times r^3} = 1 \times r^2 \rightarrow r^x \times r^5 \times 1 \times 1 = r^x \times r^3 \times 1 \times 1$$

$$\underbrace{r^x \times r^5 = r^x \times r^3}_{\Rightarrow} \left. \begin{array}{l} r^5 = r^3 \rightarrow x=3 \\ r^3 = r^3 \rightarrow x=3 \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\boxed{x=3}$$

Date:

Sub:

$$\therefore (a^x + b^x - xab)^x (a^x + b^x + xab)^x = f(x\sqrt{x}) \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & (a^x + b^x - xab)^x (a^x + b^x + xab)^x \\ &= ((a^x + b^x - xab)(a^x + b^x + xab))^x = (a^x - b^x)^x \end{aligned}$$

$$a^x - b^x = \sqrt[4]{x-1} - \sqrt[4]{x+1} = -(\sqrt[4]{x+1} - \sqrt[4]{x-1})$$

$$(a^x - b^x)^x = (\sqrt[4]{x+1} - \sqrt[4]{x-1})^x$$

$$\frac{(\sqrt[4]{x+1} - \sqrt[4]{x-1})(\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \sqrt[4]{x-1})}{\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \sqrt[4]{x-1}}$$

$$= \frac{(\sqrt[4]{x+1})^4 - (\sqrt[4]{x-1})^4}{\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \sqrt[4]{x-1}} = \frac{(x+1) - (x-1)}{\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \sqrt[4]{x-1}}$$

$$= \frac{2}{\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \sqrt[4]{x-1}}$$

$$\text{عوضاً} \rightarrow \left(\frac{2}{\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \sqrt[4]{x-1}} \right)^x = \frac{2^x}{(\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \sqrt[4]{x-1})^x}$$

$$\begin{aligned} (\sqrt[4]{x+1} + \sqrt[4]{x-1})^4 &= (x+1)(x-1) + 2\sqrt{(x+1)(x-1)} \\ &= x\sqrt{x} + x\sqrt{x} - 1 = x\sqrt{x} + x\sqrt{x} = 2x\sqrt{x} \end{aligned}$$

$$\rightarrow (a^x - b^x)^{\frac{1}{x}} = \frac{204}{14(\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \frac{14}{(\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}} \quad \begin{matrix} 4 \\ \text{ans} \end{matrix}$$

$$f = \frac{(a^x - b^x)^{\frac{1}{x}}}{x - \sqrt{x}} = \frac{\frac{14}{(\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}}}{x - \sqrt{x}} = \frac{14}{(x - \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\rightarrow f = \frac{14}{(x - \sqrt{x})(\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{2})^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

Date:

Sub: γ

$$\left(a + \frac{1}{a} + \sqrt{\gamma}\right)^{\gamma} \left(a + \frac{1}{a} - \sqrt{\gamma}\right)^{\gamma}$$

$$(\gamma + \sqrt{\gamma})^{\gamma} (\gamma - \sqrt{\gamma})^{\gamma} = (\gamma^{\gamma} - \gamma)^{\gamma}$$

$$\gamma - \xi \sqrt{\gamma} = (\gamma - \sqrt{\gamma})^{\gamma} \rightarrow a^{\gamma} = \gamma - \sqrt{\gamma}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^{\gamma}} = \gamma + \sqrt{\gamma}$$

$$\left(a + \frac{1}{a}\right)^{\gamma} = a^{\gamma} + \frac{1}{a^{\gamma}} + \gamma = (\gamma - \sqrt{\gamma}) + (\gamma + \sqrt{\gamma}) + \gamma = 4$$

$$(\gamma^{\gamma} - \gamma)^{\gamma} = (4 - \gamma)^{\gamma} = \xi^{\gamma} = 14$$

$$14 = \gamma^{\gamma} \rightarrow \gamma = \xi$$

$$\sqrt[\gamma]{14} = 14^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} = (\gamma^{\xi})^{\frac{1}{\gamma}} = \gamma^{\frac{\xi}{\gamma}}$$

$$\xi \sqrt[\gamma]{14} = \gamma^{\gamma} \times \gamma^{\frac{\xi}{\gamma}} = \gamma^{\frac{10}{\gamma}}$$

$$\omega \sqrt{\gamma^{\frac{10}{\gamma}}} = \left(\gamma^{\frac{10}{\gamma}}\right)^{\frac{1}{\omega}} = \gamma^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma}}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\gamma}\right)^{-\frac{\xi}{\gamma}} = \gamma^{\frac{\xi}{\gamma}}$$

$$A = \gamma^{\frac{\gamma}{\gamma}} \times \gamma^{\frac{\xi}{\gamma}} = \gamma^{\gamma}$$

$$A = \xi$$

$$(\gamma A)^{-\frac{1}{\gamma}} \Rightarrow \gamma A = 1 = \gamma^{\gamma}$$

$$(\gamma A)^{-\frac{1}{\gamma}} = (\gamma^{\gamma})^{-\frac{1}{\gamma}} = \gamma^{-1} = \frac{1}{\gamma}$$

$$\sqrt[n]{a} = \sqrt[n]{a^{\frac{1}{n}}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^{\frac{1}{n}}} \rightarrow a^{-\frac{1}{n}} = \sqrt[n]{a^{-1}} = \sqrt[n]{\frac{1}{a}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a^{\frac{1}{n}}}}$$

AVO

$$\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}} (\sqrt[n]{a} - 1)$$

$$\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[n]{a} - 1}{\sqrt[n]{a} + 1}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{a} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}} \cdot \frac{\sqrt[n]{a} - 1}{\sqrt[n]{a} + 1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a} + 1}$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{a} - \frac{1}{a}}{1 + \sqrt[n]{a}} = \frac{\frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a} + 1}}{1 + \sqrt[n]{a}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a} + 1}$$

$$k = \sqrt[n]{n+a} \quad l = \sqrt[n]{n-\epsilon}$$

5 lo

$$k - l = \epsilon$$

$$k^n - l^n = (n+a) - (n-\epsilon) = a + \epsilon$$

$$k^n - l^n = (k-l)(k+l)$$

$$\epsilon(k+l) = a + \epsilon \Rightarrow k+l = \frac{a+\epsilon}{\epsilon}$$

$$k+l-\epsilon = \frac{a+\epsilon}{\epsilon} - \epsilon = \frac{a}{\epsilon}$$