

$$(a-b)^r \times (a+b)^r = (a^2-b^2)^r$$

$$\left(\sqrt{4+r} - \sqrt{4-r} \right)^2 = (\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{r} - \sqrt{4} - \sqrt{r})^2 = (\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{r} - \sqrt{4} - \sqrt{r})^2 = 4(4+r-4\sqrt{r}) = 16(4-r)$$

$$16(4-r) \rightarrow 16$$

$$\xrightarrow{\text{Rationalize}} \left(\left(a + \frac{1}{a} \right)^2 - r \right)^2 = \left(a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2} + 2 - r \right)^2 = a^4 + \frac{1}{a^4} + 4$$

$$= \cancel{4\sqrt{r}} + \frac{1}{\cancel{4\sqrt{r}}} + 4 = 4 - \cancel{4\sqrt{r}} + \frac{1 + \cancel{4\sqrt{r}}}{4 - \cancel{4\sqrt{r}}} = 4$$

$$A = \sqrt{r\sqrt{4}} \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^{\frac{r}{2}} = \sqrt{r^2 \times r^{\frac{r}{2}}} \times r^{\frac{r}{2}} = \sqrt{r^{\frac{5}{2}}} \times r^{\frac{r}{2}} = r^{\frac{5}{4}} \times r^{\frac{r}{2}} = r^{\frac{5}{4} + \frac{r}{2}}$$

$$(rA)^{-\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{A} = \dots$$

$$\sqrt[r]{a} = rV \times a^{\frac{1}{V}} \div \sqrt[r]{a} \Rightarrow 1 = rV \times \frac{a^{\frac{1}{V}}}{a^{\frac{1}{V}}} \Rightarrow 1 = rV a^{\frac{1}{V}} \rightarrow a^{\frac{1}{V}} = \frac{1}{rV} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{(rV)^V}$$

$$\frac{\left(\frac{1}{a} - r \right)}{(1 + \sqrt{r})} = \frac{4\sqrt{r} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}} \times \frac{1 - \sqrt{r}}{1 - \sqrt{r}} = \frac{4\sqrt{r} - 4 - r + r\sqrt{r}}{1 - r} = \frac{4\sqrt{r} - 4}{-r} = -4\sqrt{r} + 4$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{x+a}{M}} - \sqrt{\frac{x-r}{N}} = r$$

$$M - N = r$$

$$\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-r} - r = ?$$

$$M + N - (M - N) = 2N = r(\sqrt{x-r})$$

-4

1, 2, 3

t = r

-1

-9

-10