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آترسیا آفاصلی ۲۰

(۱) عامل ۲۰ → ۱، ۶، ۱۶

$$1! = 1 \quad 3! = 6 \rightarrow 1 + 6 = 7$$

$$2! = 2 \quad 4! = 24 \rightarrow 2 + 24 = 26$$

$$6 \times 7 = 42 \rightarrow 2$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{7+5\sqrt{2}}} \times \frac{\sqrt[3]{(1+\sqrt{2})^2}}{1} = \frac{\sqrt[3]{2(7+5\sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt[3]{7+5\sqrt{2}}} = \sqrt[3]{2}$$

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$$\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})} \times \frac{\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{3-\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{6-2\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{3+\sqrt{5}}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{-(1+\sqrt{5})}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3}}{5-\sqrt{5}} \times \frac{5+\sqrt{5}}{5+\sqrt{5}} = \frac{19\sqrt{2} + 19\sqrt{3}}{19} = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{-(\sqrt{3}-1)} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}+1} = \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}+1} \rightarrow \sqrt{3}+1$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{3}-1}{4+\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{4-\sqrt{3}}{4-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3}-9-4+\sqrt{3}}{13}$$

$$= \frac{13(\sqrt{3}-1)}{13} + (4+\sqrt{3}) = 1+4\sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}} - 2 =$$

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$$\left(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1} \right)^2 = 1 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}-1 + 2\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-1}$$

$$= \sqrt{2\sqrt{3} + 2\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})} = \sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2(\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2})}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{2}}} \times \frac{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}}{\sqrt{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{2}}} = \frac{2 + \sqrt{6}}{1}$$

$$= \boxed{\sqrt{6}}$$

$$2^{\frac{1}{12}} \times 2^{\frac{1}{12}} \times 2^{\frac{1}{12}} \times 2^{\frac{1}{12}} \times 2^{\frac{1}{12}} \times 2^{\frac{1}{12}} = 2^{\frac{6}{12}} = 2^{\frac{1}{2}} = \boxed{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$2^n (1 + 2 + 4 + 2^2 + 1 + 2^2 \times 2)$$

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$$\frac{2^n (1 + 2 + 4 + 2^2 + 1 + 2^2 \times 2)}{2^{n-2} (1 + 2 + 4 + 1 + 16 + 2^2 \times 2)} = \frac{2^n}{2^{n-2}} \times \frac{2^2 \times 2^2}{2^2 \times 2^2}$$

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$$= \frac{2^2}{4} \times \frac{2^n}{2^{n-2}} = \frac{2^2}{4} \times 2^2 \times \left(\frac{2}{2} \right)^n = 2^2$$

$$\frac{2^2}{4} = \left(\frac{2}{2} \right)^n \Rightarrow \boxed{n=2}$$

$$(a^r + b^r - rab)^r (a^r + b^r + rab)^r =$$

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$$(a^r + b^r)^r - (rab)^r = (a^r - b^r)^r =$$

$$a^r = \sqrt{\sqrt{r} - r}$$

$$b = \sqrt{\sqrt{r} + r}$$

$$(b^r - a^r)^r = (\sqrt{\sqrt{r} + r} - \sqrt{\sqrt{r} - r})^r = r\sqrt{r} - r\sqrt{(\sqrt{r} + r)(\sqrt{r} - r)}$$

$$= r\sqrt{r} - r\sqrt{r} = 0$$

$$(a^r - b^r)^r = (r\sqrt{r} - r\sqrt{r})^r = r(r + r - r\sqrt{r})$$

$$= \boxed{rr - 1r\sqrt{r}}$$

$$(a^r + \frac{1}{a^r})^r$$

$$a = \sqrt[r]{r - r\sqrt{r}}$$

$$(r - \sqrt{r})^r$$

$$a^r = r - \sqrt{r}$$

$$\frac{1}{a^r} = r + \sqrt{r}$$

$$a^r + \frac{1}{a^r} = r - \sqrt{r} + r + \sqrt{r} = r$$

$$r^t = r^r = 1r \Rightarrow$$

$$\boxed{t = r}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{x} \sqrt[3]{x}} = \left(\frac{1}{x}\right)^{-\frac{x}{2}} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{1}{x}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[3]{x}} = \frac{1}{x^{\frac{1}{3}}} = x^{-\frac{1}{3}}$$

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$$\sqrt[n]{a} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}}$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}} = \frac{1}{a^{\frac{1}{n}}} = a^{-\frac{1}{n}} = \frac{1}{a^{\frac{1}{n}}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}}$$

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$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\sqrt[n]{a}} \quad \frac{1}{a} = \sqrt[n]{a} \quad \frac{1}{a} - \sqrt[n]{a} = \sqrt[n]{a}(\sqrt[n]{a} - 1)$$

$$(1 + \sqrt[n]{a}) \left(\frac{1}{a} - \sqrt[n]{a} \right) = \sqrt[n]{a} (1 + \sqrt[n]{a}) (\sqrt[n]{a} - 1) = \boxed{4}$$

$$\sqrt{x+a} - \sqrt{x-k} = r$$

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$$(\sqrt{x+a} - \sqrt{x-k}) (\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-k}) = x+a - (x-k)$$

$$= a+k$$

$$\sqrt[n]{x(\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-k})} = \frac{a+k}{r} = \boxed{\frac{a}{r}}$$