

$$\alpha, \beta = \frac{c}{a} = 2 \quad \frac{4\alpha + \beta^2 \times \beta}{\omega \beta^2 \times \beta} = \frac{4\alpha\beta + \beta^3}{\omega \beta^3} = \frac{(1 + \beta^2)\alpha^2}{\omega \beta^3 \times \alpha^2} = \frac{1 + \beta^2 \cdot \alpha^2 \cdot \beta^2}{\omega \beta^3 \cdot \alpha^2} = \frac{1 + \alpha^2 + 1\beta^2}{\omega \times 1}$$

$$= \frac{\alpha^2 + \beta^2}{\omega} = \frac{(5^2 - 3 \times 2)}{\omega} = \frac{(-b)^2}{\omega} - 3 \left(\frac{c}{a} \times \frac{b}{a} \right) = \frac{\omega^2 - 3 \times 2 \times \omega}{\omega} = 2\omega - 6 = 19$$

مجموعه نقطه با y را x = $\frac{-1/\omega + 3}{2} = 0, 7 \quad \omega = \frac{\text{مجموعه نقطه با y}}{2}$

$\Rightarrow$ مجموعه صفهای تابع = مجموعه x دو نقطه با y $\Rightarrow$

ریشه های معادله $x^2 + 2kx + \omega = 0$ $\alpha, \beta \Rightarrow x^2 + 2kx + \omega = 0$

$$|\alpha - \beta| = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} = \frac{\sqrt{4k^2 - 4\omega}}{1} = \frac{4k}{2} \Rightarrow 4k^2 - 4\omega = \frac{16k^2}{9} \Rightarrow k^2 - \omega = \frac{4k^2}{9} \Rightarrow \frac{\omega}{9} k^2 = \omega$$

$$\Rightarrow k^2 = 9 \Rightarrow \left[\frac{k^2}{2} \right] = \left[\frac{9}{2} \right] = 4$$

~~y = 2\omega a - \omega b + c = 9a + 3b - c \Rightarrow b = 2a~~

$$y_{ext} = \frac{-\Delta}{f_a} = \frac{-b^2 + f_a c}{f_a} = \frac{-f_a^2 + f_a c}{f_a} \Rightarrow -a + c = 1 \Rightarrow c = a + 1$$

$$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = \omega \Rightarrow 5^2 - 2p = \omega \Rightarrow \left(\frac{-b}{a} \right)^2 - 2 \left(\frac{c}{a} \right) = \omega \Rightarrow \frac{f_a^2}{a^2} - 2 \left(\frac{a+1}{a} \right) = \omega$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 - 2 - \frac{2}{a} = \omega \Rightarrow \frac{2}{a} = -2 \Rightarrow a = -\frac{2}{2} \quad x=0 \Rightarrow y=c=a+1 = \frac{-2}{2} + 1 = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$$

عرض از سیر $\begin{bmatrix} \frac{a}{9} \\ 9 \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{bmatrix}$

$$x_1 \left(\frac{9}{2} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - f_a c}}{f_a} < \frac{9}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{-\omega + \sqrt{2\omega + f_m}}{-2} < \frac{9}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2\omega + f_m}}{-2} < \frac{f}{2}$$

$$x_2 \left(\frac{9}{2} \right) \Rightarrow \frac{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - f_a c}}{f_a} < \frac{9}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{-\omega - \sqrt{2\omega + f_m}}{-2} < \frac{9}{2} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2\omega + f_m}}{2} < \frac{f}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{2\omega + f_m} < f \Rightarrow 2\omega + f_m < f^2 \Rightarrow f_m < -9 \Rightarrow m < -\frac{9}{f} \quad (I)$$

در رابطه ۲ $\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow b^2 - f_a c > 0 \Rightarrow 2\omega + f_m > 0 \Rightarrow f_m > -2\omega \Rightarrow m > -\frac{2\omega}{f} \quad (II)$

$(II) \cap (I) \Rightarrow -\frac{2\omega}{f} < m < -\frac{9}{f} \Rightarrow m = \{-3, -4, -5, -6\} \Rightarrow$ صحیح

$$y_{ext} = \frac{-4}{f_a} = 1 \Rightarrow \frac{-(1f_f - \cancel{f_0 m^2} + f_m)}{f_m} = 1 \Rightarrow f_0 m^2 - f_m + 1f_f = 1m$$

$$\Rightarrow f_0 m^2 - 1f_m + 1f_f = 0 \quad \text{((سواء))} \quad m^2 - 1f_m + f_0 \times 1f_f = 0 \Rightarrow (m - \frac{f_0}{f_0}) (m + \frac{f_1}{f_0}) = 0 \quad \begin{matrix} m = \frac{f_0}{f_0} \\ m = -\frac{f_1}{f_0} \end{matrix}$$

$$m = \frac{f_0}{f_0} = 1 \Rightarrow \Delta < 0 \quad \checkmark$$

$$\Rightarrow y = f_x^2 - 1f_x + 1f_f \quad ext \quad \left| \quad y = 1 \Rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 1 - 4 \times 1 \times 1 = -3 < 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{x = 1} \quad \begin{matrix} m = \frac{f_0}{f_0} \\ m = -\frac{f_1}{f_0} \end{matrix}$$

$$m = -\frac{f_1}{f_0} = -1, f \Rightarrow \Delta > 0 \quad \times$$

$$t_n = \alpha, a, \beta, \dots \Rightarrow \alpha \cdot \beta = a^r \quad \text{—————} \quad a^r = r_a - 1 \Rightarrow a^r - r_a + 1 = 0$$

$$x^r + \cancel{1}(a+1)x + r_a - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha\beta = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{r_a - 1}{1} \Rightarrow (a-1)^r = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{a-1}$$

$$x^2 - vx^2 - \omega = 0 \Rightarrow t^2 - vt - \omega = 0 \Rightarrow t = x^2 \rightarrow \frac{v - \sqrt{49 + 19}}{2} \rightarrow \text{منفی است و قابل قبول نیست}$$

$$t = x^2 \rightarrow x_1, x_2 \text{ (ریشه‌ها)}$$

$$S = x_1 + x_2 = 0 / P = x_1 \cdot x_2 = - (v + \sqrt{49})$$

$$\Rightarrow 2P^2 - 3SP + 2S = 2P^2 = 2 \left(\frac{-v - \sqrt{49}}{2} \right)^2 = 2 \left(\frac{49 + 49 + 14\sqrt{49}}{4} \right)$$

$$= \frac{112 + 14\sqrt{49}}{2} = \boxed{56 + 7\sqrt{49}}$$

$$y = kx^p - f_x \quad y = -f_x - f \Rightarrow kx^p = f$$

$$x_{ext} = \frac{-b}{fa} = \frac{f}{fk} \Rightarrow kx^p = k \times \frac{f}{k^p} = \frac{f^p}{k} = f \Rightarrow f^p = fk \Rightarrow \boxed{k=f}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = fx^p - f_x - f \Rightarrow y_{ext} = \frac{-A}{fa} = \frac{-(14 + fA)}{A} \Rightarrow \frac{-9f}{A} = \boxed{-1}$$

$$y = -m - x = -mx^p + m x + 1 \Rightarrow -mx^p + (m+1)x + 1 + m = 0 \rightarrow \text{معادله حوالی می باشد}$$

$$\Rightarrow \Delta < 0 \Rightarrow b^p - fa < 0 \Rightarrow (m+1)^p - f(-m)(m+1) < 0 \Rightarrow m^p + 1 + fm + fm^p + fm < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \omega m^p + 4m + 1 < 0$$

$$\hookrightarrow \text{ریشه ها} \rightarrow -1, \frac{-1}{\omega}$$

$$\frac{-1}{\omega} \quad -1$$

+	0	-	0	+
---	---	---	---	---

$$\rightarrow m = \left[-1, \frac{-1}{\omega}\right] \rightarrow \text{محدوده مجاز}$$