

$$x^r - \alpha x + r = 0 \quad \alpha + \beta = \omega$$

$$\frac{r\alpha + \beta^{\omega}}{\alpha\beta^r} = \quad \alpha\beta = r$$

$$\alpha = \frac{r}{\beta} \rightarrow (\beta + \frac{r}{\beta} = \omega)^r = \beta^r + \frac{r^r}{\beta^r} + r(\beta \frac{r}{\beta})(\beta + \frac{r}{\beta})$$

$$\rightarrow \beta^r + \frac{r^r}{\beta^r} = 4\omega$$

$$\frac{r\alpha}{\alpha\beta^r} + \frac{\beta^{\omega}}{\alpha\beta^r} = \frac{r}{\alpha\beta^r} + \frac{\beta^{\omega}}{\alpha\beta^r}$$

$$\downarrow \frac{1}{\alpha\beta^r} + \frac{\beta^{\omega}}{\alpha} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha}(\beta^r + \frac{r^r}{\beta^r}) \rightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha}(4\omega) = 1r$$

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$$(r, -\varepsilon) \quad \alpha + \beta = s = r$$

$$(-\frac{r}{r}, -\varepsilon) \quad \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{r/r}{a} = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$y = \alpha x^r + b x + c$$

$$-\varepsilon = 9x^r + r x + c$$

$$-\varepsilon = \frac{9}{r} x^r - \frac{r}{r} x + c$$

$$9x^r + r x + c = \frac{9}{r} x^r - \frac{r}{r} x + c \rightarrow rva = -1 \wedge b \rightarrow b = \frac{r \times r}{1 \times r} = -\frac{r}{r} a$$

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$$|\alpha - \beta| = \frac{r}{r} k$$

$$x^r + r k x + \alpha = 0$$

$$r k^r - r_0 = \Delta$$

$$f(k^r - \alpha)$$

$$\left[\frac{k^r}{r} \right] = \frac{r}{r}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{r k^r - r_0}}{1} = \frac{r}{r} k$$

$$\frac{r k^r - r_0}{1} = \frac{19}{9} k^r \rightarrow 19 k^r = r^2 k^r - 1 \wedge \rightarrow r k^r = 1 \wedge \rightarrow k^r = 9 \rightarrow k = \pm 3 \rightarrow + 3 \checkmark$$

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$$A \mid y^r \quad B \mid y^{-\alpha}$$

$$\frac{-A}{r\alpha} = 1 \rightarrow \frac{-A}{r\alpha} = 1$$

$$\alpha^r + \beta^r = \omega$$

$$\frac{\alpha + \beta}{r} = 1 \rightarrow \alpha + \beta = r \rightarrow \omega + r\alpha\beta = 2 \rightarrow r\alpha\beta = -1 \rightarrow \alpha\beta = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$y = \alpha x^r - \frac{r}{r} x - \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{r} \mid -\frac{1}{r}$$

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$$-x^r + \alpha x + m = 0 \quad \alpha + \beta = \omega$$

$$\alpha \langle \frac{9}{r} - \Delta \rangle, 0$$

$$\beta \langle \frac{9}{r} - r\alpha + r m \rangle, 0$$

$$r m > -r\alpha$$

$$m > -\frac{r\alpha}{r} = -\frac{1}{r} r\alpha$$

$$f(r, \omega) > 0$$

$$-(\frac{9}{r})^r + \omega(\frac{9}{r}) + m > 0$$

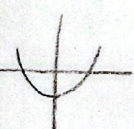
$$m > -r, r\alpha \rightarrow m > -r$$

$$1 \rightarrow m > -r, r\omega$$

$$بر ضرایب عدد$$

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$$y = mx^r - 12x + \Delta m - 1 \rightarrow 3x^r - 12x - 12 = y$$



$$\frac{-\Delta}{f_{ax}} = r \quad \text{مقدار} \rightarrow x = \frac{-b}{r_{ax}} \rightarrow \frac{12}{9} = r$$

$$\Delta a = -\Delta$$

$$\Delta m = -(122 - r(\Delta m^r - m))$$

$$122 - r \cdot m^r + r m$$

$$r \cdot m^r - r m - 122 = \Delta m \rightarrow r \cdot m^r - 12m - 122 = 0 \rightarrow 122 - r(-r \Delta \Delta) = \Delta - 2\sqrt{\Delta} = 10 \Delta$$

$$m = \frac{12 \pm 10 \Delta}{f_{ax}} = 1^r \quad \Delta \min \quad \uparrow \quad -r \Delta$$

$$x^r + r(\alpha + 1)x + r\alpha - 1 = 0$$

$$\alpha^r = \alpha \beta \rho \rightarrow r\alpha - 1 = \alpha^r$$

$$\alpha^r - r\alpha + 1 = 0$$

$$\Delta = r - 2(1) = 0$$

$$\alpha = \frac{r}{r} = 1$$

$$x^r - vx^r - \Delta = 0 \rightarrow t^r - vt - \Delta = 0 \rightarrow t = x^r$$

$$s = v$$

$$p = -\Delta$$

$$rp^r - r^3 p + r s$$

$$r x(r \Delta) - r^3(-r \Delta) + r(v)$$

$$\Delta = 0 + 10\Delta + 12 = 149$$

$$y = kx^r - tx - 9 \quad x = \frac{f}{rk} \rightarrow y = \frac{-f}{k} - 9 \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} \frac{-f}{k} - 9 = \frac{-1}{k} - 2 \\ \frac{f}{k} = r \rightarrow k = r \end{array} \right\}$$

$$y = -fx - 2 \quad y = -\frac{f}{rk} \rightarrow \frac{-1}{k} - 2 \rightarrow \text{جواب}$$



$$y = -1$$

$$y = -mx^r + mx + 1$$

$$y = -m - x$$

$$-mx^r + mx + 1 = -m - x$$

$$-mx^r + m(x + m + x + 1) = 0$$

$$-mx^r + (m+1)x + m+1 = 0$$

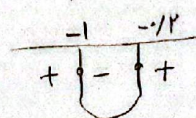
$$(m+1)^r - f(-m^r - m) < 0 \rightarrow (m+1)^r < f(-m^r - m)$$

$$\Delta < 0$$

$$m^r + 1 + r m < -f m^r - f m$$

$$-1 < m < -1/2$$

مقدار



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