

النزادخواه تګليف ۲۲۱۴۰۰:

$$\begin{aligned} \alpha &= \Delta - \beta \quad \alpha + \beta = \Delta, \quad \alpha \beta = \gamma \Rightarrow \beta^\gamma = \Delta \beta - \gamma \rightarrow B^\gamma = \Delta \beta^\gamma - \gamma \beta = \Delta(\Delta \beta - \gamma) - \gamma = \gamma \gamma \beta - 10 \\ \beta^\gamma &= \gamma \gamma \beta^\gamma - 10 \beta = \gamma \gamma (\Delta \beta - \gamma) - 10 \beta = 10 \Delta \beta - \gamma \gamma \rightarrow B^\Delta = 10 \Delta \beta^\gamma - \gamma \gamma \beta = 10 \Delta (\Delta \beta - \gamma) - \gamma \gamma \beta \Rightarrow \beta^\Delta = \gamma \gamma \beta - \gamma \gamma \\ \frac{\gamma \alpha + \beta^\Delta}{\Delta \beta^\gamma} &= \frac{\gamma(\Delta - \beta) + \gamma \gamma \beta - \gamma \gamma}{\Delta(\Delta \beta - \gamma)} = \frac{\gamma \Delta - \gamma \beta + \gamma \gamma \beta - \gamma \gamma}{\gamma \Delta \beta - 10} = \frac{\gamma \gamma \Delta \beta - 19}{\gamma \Delta \beta - 10} = \frac{\gamma \gamma (\Delta \beta - \gamma)}{\Delta(\Delta \beta - \gamma)} = 19 \end{aligned}$$

۲- چون عرض ها $y=4$ بوده پس متقارن ان :

$$\frac{r + (-1/a)}{p} = \frac{1/a}{p} = \frac{va}{1} \rightarrow n = -\frac{b}{qa} \rightarrow r_1 + r_2 = \frac{b}{a} \rightarrow h = \frac{r_1 + r_2}{2} = \frac{b}{2a}$$

$$|\alpha - \beta| = \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|\alpha|} = \frac{F}{r} K = \frac{\sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{111} = \sqrt{F(K^2 - \Delta)} = \sqrt{K^2 - \Delta} \Rightarrow \frac{F}{r} K = \sqrt{K^2 - \Delta}$$

هر دو طرف بر \$r\$ ضرب

$$\frac{F}{q} K^2 = K^2 - \Delta \rightarrow \Delta = \frac{q}{F} K^2 \rightarrow K^2 = q \left[\frac{K^2}{F} \right] \rightarrow \left[\frac{q}{F} \right] = F$$

F/D

$$y = ax^p + bx + c \quad \begin{cases} y = 15a - 5b + c \\ y = 9a + 3b + c \\ \hline \rightarrow 15a - 11b = 0 \rightarrow 15a = 11b \end{cases} \rightarrow \frac{15}{11}x + \left| -\frac{1}{11} \right| = -1$$

$$S^p - 11P = 0 \rightarrow S = 0 = -11P \rightarrow P = -\frac{1}{11}$$

$$y = a(x^p + 11x - \frac{1}{11}) \Rightarrow 1 = a(1 + 11 - \frac{1}{11}) \Rightarrow a = -\frac{1}{11} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{11}(x^p + 11x - \frac{1}{11}) \Rightarrow y = \frac{1}{11}$$

$$\alpha + \beta = \Delta \xrightarrow{\text{d.h.}} \frac{\alpha + \beta}{\mu} \stackrel{\mu}{=} \Delta \rightarrow 1 - \Delta \geq \rightarrow (-\Delta)^2 - f(1)(-\Delta) = \Delta + f\Delta \geq 0 \rightarrow f\Delta \geq -\Delta \Rightarrow m \geq -\frac{1}{\mu} \quad -\Delta$$

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{1}{\mu} \leq m \leq \frac{1}{\mu} \quad \rightarrow f - f\left(\frac{1}{\mu}\right) \geq 0 \rightarrow (f/\Delta)^2 - \Delta(f/\Delta) - m \geq 0 \rightarrow m \leq \frac{1}{\mu} \quad -\frac{1}{\mu}$$

$$\rightarrow m \in \left[-\frac{1}{\mu}, \frac{1}{\mu}\right] \rightarrow \text{d.h.}$$

$$y_{\min} = \frac{-\Delta}{Fq} = \nu \rightarrow \frac{-(1F - Fm(\Delta m - 1))}{Fm} = \nu \rightarrow \frac{Fm - Fm^2 - 1F + Fm}{Fm} = \nu \rightarrow \frac{Fm - Fm^2 - 1F + Fm}{Fm} = \nu$$

$$= \nu \rightarrow \frac{\Delta m^2 - m - \nu q}{m} = \nu \rightarrow \Delta m^2 - m - \nu q = \nu m$$

$$\nu \pm \sqrt{q - F(\Delta)(-\nu q)} = \nu \pm \sqrt{\nu q} = \frac{\nu \pm \nu \sqrt{q}}{1} = \nu \pm \nu \sqrt{q}$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta m^2 - m - \nu q = 0 \rightarrow m = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} m = \nu \checkmark \\ m = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4\nu q}}{2} \times \end{array} \right. \quad \kappa = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{1\nu}{2\nu m} = \frac{1}{2m} = \nu$$

$$\alpha + \beta = -2q - 1, \quad \alpha\beta = q - 1$$

اگر a, b و c یک متغیر حقیقی باشند پس:

$$a^2 = \alpha \quad b^2 = \beta \quad c^2 = \gamma \quad a^2 + b^2 + c^2 = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow a^2 - 2a + 1 = 0 \rightarrow (a-1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{a=1}$$

$$x^2 = t \rightarrow x^2 - Vt - \Delta = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = Fq - F(-\Delta) = 4q \rightarrow t = \frac{V \pm \sqrt{4q}}{2} \Rightarrow t_1 = \frac{V + \sqrt{4q}}{2} \quad -1$$

$$x^2 = \frac{V + \sqrt{4q}}{2} \rightarrow x_{1,2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{V + \sqrt{4q}}{2}} \rightarrow S = \text{مساحة} \quad P = V + \sqrt{4q}$$

$$VP^2 - r^2 P + r^2 \rightarrow VP^2 \rightarrow VP^2 = \frac{1}{P} \left(\frac{Fq + 1 \pm \sqrt{4q} + 4q}{P} \right) = \frac{111 + 1 \pm \sqrt{4q}}{P}$$

$$\Delta q + V \sqrt{4q}$$

$$y = kx^2 - Fq - 9 \Rightarrow x = \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{F}{2k} = \frac{V}{k}$$

$$\frac{y}{\omega} = k \left(\frac{V}{k} \right)^2 - F \left(\frac{V}{k} \right) - 9 = \frac{F}{k} - \frac{1}{k} - 9 = -\frac{F}{k} - 9$$

$$y = -Fx - F \xrightarrow{x = \frac{V}{k}} y = -F \left(\frac{V}{k} \right) - F = -\frac{FV}{k} - F$$

$$-\frac{F}{k} - 9 = -\frac{1}{k} - F \rightarrow \frac{F}{k} = 2 \rightarrow k = \frac{F}{2}$$

$$\frac{y}{\omega} = \frac{-F}{2} - 9 = -2 - 9 = -11 \quad \checkmark$$

$$-m x^2 + m x + 1 = -m - x$$

$$-m x^2 + (m+1)x + 1 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac < 0 \rightarrow (m+1)^2 - 4(-m)(1) < 0$$

$$m^2 + 1 + 4m + 4m = 8m + 5 = (8m+1)(m+1)$$

$$(8m+1)(m+1) < 0 \rightarrow -1 < m < -\frac{1}{8} \rightarrow \text{مجال عددي مفتوح}$$

-10