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$$\begin{aligned}
 n^r - (a+1)n + a &= 0 \rightarrow r_{k+1} = r_k - 1 \rightarrow s = \frac{-b}{a} \rightarrow (0, 1), (r_{k+1}, r_k - 1) \\
 &\downarrow \\
 P = \frac{c}{a} z = a \rightarrow (r_{k+1}), (r_k - 1) \\
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 &\downarrow \\
 P = \frac{c}{a} z = a \rightarrow (r_{k+1}), (r_k - 1)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 yz - az^r + az + r &\rightarrow -\frac{b}{ra} z = \frac{1}{r} \\
 y = r b z^r - b z - 1 &= -\frac{b}{ra} z = \frac{1}{r} \\
 \frac{1}{r} &\rightarrow -a \times \frac{1}{r} + \frac{1}{r} a + r = \frac{a+r}{r} \\
 &\rightarrow r b \times \frac{1}{r} - b \times \frac{1}{r} - 1 = -1
 \end{aligned}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} yz - az^r + az + r \\ y = r b z^r - b z - 1 \end{aligned}} \right\} \rightarrow \frac{a+r}{r} z = -1 \rightarrow a+r = -r$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{1}{r} &\rightarrow -a \times \frac{1}{r} + \frac{a}{r} + r = \frac{ra-r}{r} \\
 &\rightarrow r b \times \frac{1}{r} - b \times \frac{1}{r} - 1 = -b-1 \\
 b-a &= -4 - (1r) = (-4)
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 9) \alpha \cdot \beta + \frac{\beta}{r\alpha} &\Rightarrow y = -2z^r + 5z + 1 \quad \alpha > \frac{1}{2} \quad \text{ergf} \left| \frac{r}{10} = \frac{r_4}{r_0} \right. \quad \text{Quot} \\
 \alpha \cdot \beta &= \frac{-r}{r\alpha} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha} \rightarrow -10 \leq \alpha < \beta \\
 &\rightarrow \frac{1}{\alpha} \rightarrow 1 \checkmark
 \end{aligned}$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 10) a \cdot b = a + b + 1 &\rightarrow p = s - 1 \\
 a + b = a^r + b^r - 1r &\rightarrow s \cdot s^r - r p + r
 \end{aligned}
 \left. \vphantom{\begin{aligned} a \cdot b = a + b + 1 \\ a + b = a^r + b^r - 1r \end{aligned}} \right\} s = s^r - r(s-1)b$$

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$$\begin{aligned}
 s &= s^r - r(s-1)b \\
 s &= s^r - r s + r b \\
 s^r - r s - 1 &= 0 \\
 s &= a \\
 s &= -r \alpha = a + b
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{ergf} = \frac{\sqrt{(m+r)^2 - 4m}}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{m^2 + 2mr + r^2 - 4m}}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{m^2 - 2m + r^2}}{r} = \frac{|m-r|}{r} \quad \text{ergf}$$

$$S_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{r} \times \frac{|m-r|}{r} \times |m| = \frac{r}{r} \rightarrow |m(m-r)| = r$$

$$m(m-r) = r \rightarrow m^2 - r m - r = 0 \left\{ \begin{aligned} m &= -1 \\ m &= r \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$m(m-r) = r \rightarrow m^2 - r m + r = 0 \rightarrow \Delta < 0$$

$$y = n^r + n + 1 \rightarrow n s = \frac{-b}{ra} = \frac{-1}{r} \quad \text{ergf} \rightarrow m \text{ بياض}$$

$$y = n^r - r n + 1 \rightarrow n s = \frac{-b}{ra} = \frac{r}{r}$$