

(1)

$\Delta < 0 \rightarrow a^2 - 4(1)(b) < 0 \rightarrow a^2 - 4b < 0$
 $a < 0$

$a + b = 4 + 3 = 7$ جواب

$\Delta > 0$, $b < 0 \rightarrow a^2 - 4(1)(b) < 0 \rightarrow a^2 - 4b < 0$
 مثبت

$x \in (0, 1] \cup [3, +\infty)$

$\begin{cases} 1 - a + b = 0 \Rightarrow -1 - a + b = -1 \Rightarrow a - b = 1 \Rightarrow b = a + 1 \\ 9 - 2a + b = 0 \Rightarrow -2a + b = -9 \Rightarrow -2a + a + 1 = -9 \Rightarrow -a = -10 \Rightarrow a = 10 \\ -2a = -10 \Rightarrow a = 5 \end{cases}$

(2)

$(x - 2n)^2 = 0 \rightarrow -1 - 2n = 0 \Rightarrow 2n = -1 \Rightarrow n = -\frac{1}{2}$
 $(k - 2)x + m - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (k - 2)x = 1 - m \Rightarrow k = 2$
 $\Rightarrow m - 1 = -1 \Rightarrow m = 0$
 $\frac{m}{n} + k \Rightarrow \frac{0}{-\frac{1}{2}} + 2 \Rightarrow 0 - 2 + 2 = 0$ جواب

(3)

$-\frac{1}{4}x^2 + 2x + 4 > \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{4}x^2 + 2x + \frac{15}{4} > 0 \xrightarrow{x-2} x^2 - (n-5) < 0 \Rightarrow (x+1)(x-4) < 0$
 $(a, b) = (-1, 4) \Rightarrow b - a = 4 - (-1) = 5$ جواب

(4)

$\frac{x^2 - 3x^2 - n + 3}{-x^2 + 2x} \Big| \frac{n-1}{x^2 - 2x - 3} \Rightarrow (x+1)(x-2)(a-1) < 0$
 $(a, b) \Rightarrow (1, 3) \Rightarrow 3 - 1 = 2$ جواب

(5)

$\Delta < 0, a < 0 \Rightarrow a - 1 < 0 \Rightarrow a < 1$ I
 $(a-1)^2 - 4(a-1)(1) < 0 \rightarrow (a-1)^2 - 4(a-1) < 0 \rightarrow (a-1)(a-1-4) < 0 \Rightarrow (a-1)(a-5) < 0$
 $a \in (1, 5)$ II $I \cap II \Rightarrow a \in \emptyset$

(6)

$\frac{m(m^2+m)}{m-2} > 0 \Rightarrow m-2 > 0 \Rightarrow m > 2$ I , $m^2(m+1) > 0$
 $I \cap II \Rightarrow 2 < m : m \in (2, +\infty)$

$(x^2 - x)(x+2) \rightarrow (-x)$
 $(x^2 - x - 4)(x-1) \rightarrow (+)$
 $P(x) = \frac{(x^2 - x - 4)(x-1)}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x-2)}$
 $\Delta < 0$
 ...

	x	$-x$	$+$	x	x
$x^2 - x - 4$	+	+	-	-	+
$(x-1)$	+	+	+	+	+
$x^2 + x + 1$	+	+	+	+	+
$(x-2)$	+	+	+	+	+
$P(x)$	+	+	-	-	-

$x \cdot P = [-x, 2) \cup (2, +\infty)$

$f(x) = \frac{x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + x}$
 $\frac{x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + x} < x \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 2x - x^2 - x}{x^2 + x} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-3x - x}{x^2 + x} < 0$
 $\frac{-4x}{x^2 + x} < 0 \Rightarrow x^2 + x > 0 \Rightarrow (x+1)(x) > 0$
 $\rightarrow (a, b) = (-1, 0) \Rightarrow b - a \Rightarrow 0 - (-1) = 1$

$-1 < \frac{x^2 - 5x}{x+1} < 0 \Rightarrow -1 < \frac{x^2 - 5x}{x+1} \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 5x - x - 1}{x+1} > 0$
 $\frac{x^2 - 6x - 1}{x+1} > 0$
 $\Delta < 0$
 $P(x) = \frac{x^2 - 6x - 1}{x+1}$
 $\rightarrow P.I = (-1, +\infty)$

$x > \frac{x^2 - 5x}{x+1} < 0 \Rightarrow P(A) = \frac{x^2 - 5x}{x+1} < 0$
 $\omega_1 = 0, \frac{5}{x}$
 $P.I = (-\infty, -1) \cup (0, \frac{5}{x})$

$I \cap II \rightarrow (0, \frac{5}{x})$

$\frac{x^2 - 10}{x} < x \rightarrow \frac{(x-10)(x+2)}{x^2 - 10} < 0$
 $x \in (-\infty, -2] \cup (0, 10]$