

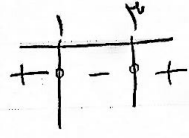
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آیا سطر صی

$a+b=?$

5 - 1

$x^2 - (a+b)x + ab$



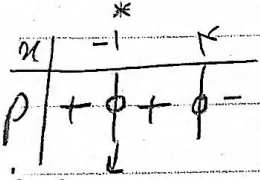
$(x-1)(x-1)$

$a+b = 1+1 = 2$

$y = ((k-2)x + m-1)(x - \frac{m}{n})^2$

$\frac{m}{n} + k = ?$

5 - 2



$(x - \frac{m}{n})^2 = 0$

$-1 - \frac{m}{n} = 0$

$-1 = \frac{m}{n} \rightarrow n = \frac{-1}{m}$

$\frac{m}{n} + 1 = -1 + 1 = 0$

چون علامت عوض نشد

$y = (k-2)(x-2)(x+1)((k-2)x + m-1) = 0$

$k-2=0 \rightarrow k=2$   
 $k-2 < 0 \rightarrow k < 2$

$k-2+m-1=0$

$k-9+m=0$

$k+m=9$

$(k+9-1) < 0$

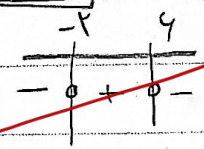
$k-2 < 0$   
 $k < 2$

$m=9$

$y = \frac{1}{p}x^2 + 2x + 9$

$2x^2 - 4x - 12 = 0$

$(x-4)(x+3) = 0$



0

$-\frac{1}{p}x^2 + 2x + 9 > \frac{1}{p}$

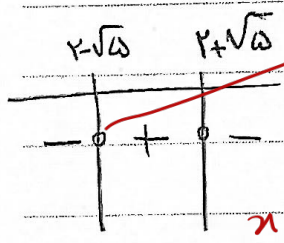
$-\frac{1}{p}x^2 + 2x + \frac{1}{p} > 0$

$-x \pm \sqrt{x + \frac{x}{p}}$

$x + \sqrt{a}$

$x = \frac{1}{p}$

$x - \sqrt{a}$

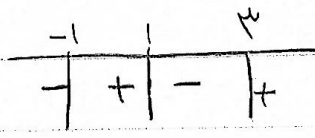


$(a, b) \rightarrow b-a = 2\sqrt{a}$

$y > \frac{1}{p} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{p}x^2 + 2x + 9 > \frac{1}{p}$   
 $x^2 - 2x - 18 < 0 \rightarrow (x-9)(x+3) < 0$   
 $-1 < x < 9$   
 $a = 9$   
 $b-a = 4$

$f(x) = x^3 - 4x^2 - x + 4 \quad x > 0$

$(x-1)(x+1)(x-4)$



(a, b)

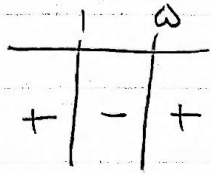
$f(2) = 2^3 - 4 \times 2^2 - 2 + 4 = -2$

$\frac{1+4}{2} = 2.5$

$$(a-1)x^2 + (a+1)x + 1 < 0$$

$0 < a < 1$

$$\Delta < 0 \rightarrow (a-1)^2 - 4(a+1) < 0 \quad a^2 + 1 - 2a - 4a + 4 < 0$$



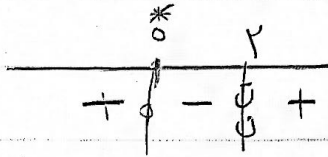
$(1, a)$  I

$$a^2 - 4a + 4 < 0$$

$$(a-1)(a-1) < 0$$

$a-1 < 0 \rightarrow a < 1$  II  $I \cap II = \emptyset$

$$\frac{m(m^2 + m)}{m-2} > 0$$



(4)

$$\frac{m^2 + m^2}{m-2} = \frac{m^2(m^2 + 1)}{m-2}$$

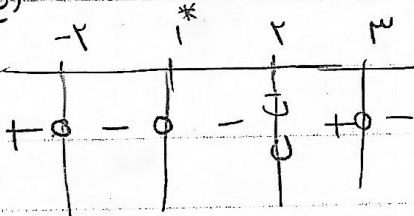
$(2, +\infty)$

(5)

$$\frac{(x^2 - x - 2)(x-1)^2}{(x^2 + x + 1)(2-x)^2} \leq 0$$

$$\frac{(x-2)(x+2)(x-1)^2}{(x^2 + x + 1)(2-x)^2} \leq 0$$

$\Delta < 0$



$$x = [-2, 2) \cup [2, +\infty)$$

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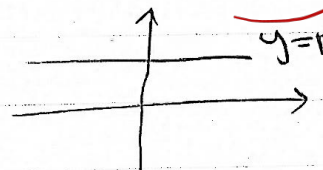
$$f(x) = \frac{2x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + 4}$$

man b-a=?

(6)

$$\frac{2x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + 4} < 1$$

$$\frac{2x^2 - 2x}{x^2 + 4} - \frac{2x^2 + 4}{x^2 + 4} < 0$$



21

$$\frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{x^2 + 4} < 0$$

$$(-2, 2) \rightarrow 2 - (-2) = 4$$

24

$$-1 < \frac{\mu x^2 - \mu x}{x+1} < 0$$

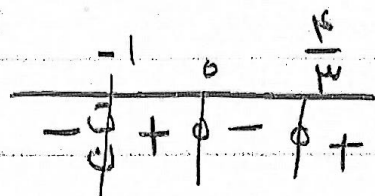
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$$\frac{\mu x^2 - \mu x}{x+1} > -1 \rightarrow \frac{\mu x^2 - \mu x + x + 1}{x+1} > 0$$

$\Delta < 0$

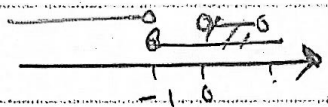
$$\frac{-1}{\phi} + \rightarrow (-1, +\infty)$$

$$\frac{\mu x^2 - \mu x}{x+1} < 0$$



$$\rightarrow (-\infty, -1) \cup (0, \frac{\mu}{2})$$

المسألة الأولى



$$\rightarrow (0, \frac{\mu}{2})$$

5

$$\frac{x^2 - 10}{x} \leq \mu$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 10 - \mu x}{x} \leq 0$$

10

$$\frac{(x+\mu)(x-\omega)}{x} \leq 0$$

$$\frac{-\mu}{\phi} + \frac{\omega}{\phi} \rightarrow (-\infty, -\mu] \cup (0, \omega]$$