

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2 - 4}{x - 2} & ; x \neq 2 \\ 2a^2 + ax & ; x = 2 \end{cases}$$

$$g(x) = x + 2$$

$$2a^2 + ax = x + 2 \xrightarrow{x=2} 2a^2 + 2a = 4 \rightarrow 2a^2 + 2a - 4 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 4 - 4(2)(-2) = 44$$

$$a = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} \rightarrow \frac{-2 \pm \sqrt{44}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{11}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{-2 \pm 2\sqrt{11}}{2}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{-2}{2} \rightarrow -1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{11}}{2} \rightarrow \sqrt{11}$$