

1-

$$\text{الف) } y^2 - x = (x^2) \quad \checkmark \text{ صحیح}$$

$$y_1^2 = (x^2 - x) \int y_1^2 \rightarrow y_1 = y_1 \quad \checkmark \text{ صحیح}$$

$$y_2^2 = (x^2 - x) \int y_2^2 \rightarrow y_2 = y_2 \quad \checkmark \text{ صحیح}$$

$$y_1^2 + x^2 = x + y^2$$

$$\text{ب) } x^2 - y^2 = (x^2 - y^2) \quad \checkmark \text{ صحیح}$$

استدلال ۵

دو مقدار نسبت به هم جمع صفر دارند هر دو منفی ۰
 $\sqrt{x-2} + |y-1| = 0$
 $\{ \frac{x}{2} \}$ صحیح
 $x = 2$

$$\text{ج) } x^2 \cos y \quad (9, 17)$$

$$\text{سوال ۵} \rightarrow y = \frac{\pi}{4}, \frac{1}{2} \quad \checkmark \text{ صحیح}$$

$$\text{الف) } \frac{x+2}{x^2-2x} \quad x^2 - 2x = x(x-2) \neq 0$$

$$x^2 - 2x \quad x \neq 0, 2 \quad D = R - \{0, 2\}$$

$$\text{ب) } \frac{x+2}{x^2 - \sqrt{x+1}} \quad D = R - \{x+1\} \rightarrow x \neq -1 \quad \text{رنج ندارد}$$

$$D = R$$

$$\text{ج) } \frac{x+2}{x^2 + x + 2} \quad D = R - \{x+1, x+2\} \quad \text{رنج ندارد} \quad D = R$$

$$\text{د) } \frac{x+2}{x^2 - 2x - 1} \rightarrow x^2(x-2) \neq 0$$

$$D = R - \{0, 2, -1\} \quad x \neq 0, 2, -1$$

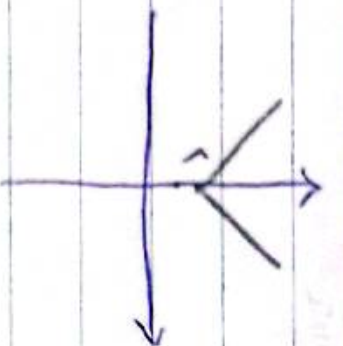
$$f(x) = \sqrt{4-x} + \sqrt{x-1} \quad x \in [1, 4] \quad D = [1, 4]$$

$$1) \frac{x-1}{x^2+1} \quad x \neq -1 \quad D = \mathbb{R}$$

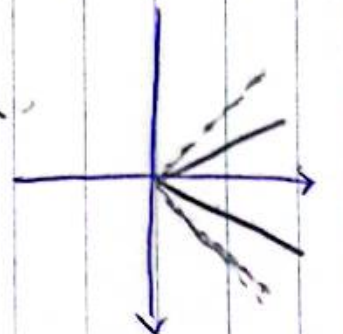
$$2) \frac{\sqrt{x-1}}{x-1} \quad x \neq 1 \quad x \geq 1 \quad D = [1, \infty) - \{1\}$$

$$3) \frac{x+1}{|x|+x^5} \quad x \neq 0 \quad D = \mathbb{R} - \{0\}$$

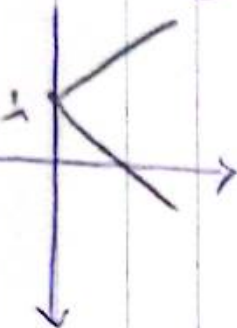
الف



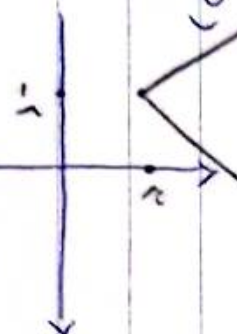
ب



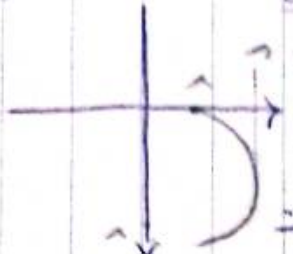
2.1



2.2



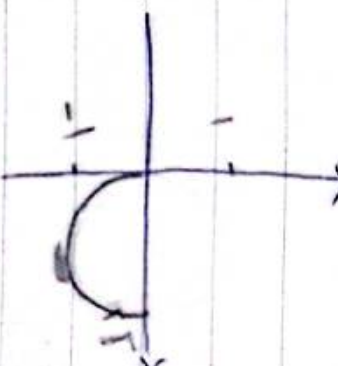
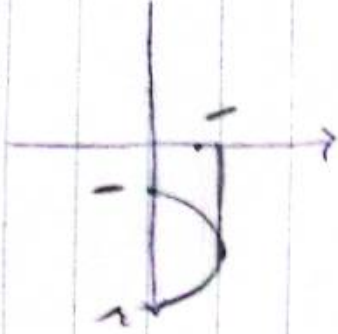
الف



ب



2



الف) $y = (x-2)(x-2)(x-2)$ $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ -2

$[2, 2] \cup [2, \infty)$

ب) $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ $(-\infty, 2] \cup [2, \infty) + \{2\}$

الف) $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ $[2, 2) \cup [2, \infty)$ -2

ب) $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ $(-\infty, 2] \cup [2, \infty)$

الف) $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ -1

$\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8} = \frac{(x-2)^3}{(x-2)^3} = 1$

ب) $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ $(-\infty, 2] \cup [2, \infty) - \{1\}$

الف) $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ $\frac{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}{x^3 - 6x^2 + 12x - 8}$ -1

$\Delta, b^2 - 4ac, 1 - 1 = 0$

$(-\infty, -1] \cup [1, \infty) + \{0\}$

$\frac{1}{x}$

$R = (-1, 1)$

$$y' = \frac{x^2 + 2x + 1}{x^2 + 2x + 1} = 1$$

$$y' = 1 \Rightarrow y = x + C$$

$$y = x + C$$

$$y' = \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - x} = \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{x(x-1)} = \frac{x+1}{x}$$

$$y' = 1 + \frac{1}{x} \Rightarrow y = x + \ln|x| + C$$

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