

تکلیف شماره 4

13

مجموعه حل شده - آزمون

الف) $\frac{x+1}{x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1} = 0 \rightarrow x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1 = 0$

$x^3 - 3x^2 + 2x - 1 = 0$
 $(x-1)(x-2)(x-1) = 0$
 $x \neq 1, \frac{1}{x} > \frac{1}{2}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{x}\right\}$

ب) $\frac{x+1}{x^3 - x^2 - 1x - 1} = 0 \rightarrow x^3 - x^2 - 1x - 1 = 0$

$x^3 - x^2 - 1x - 1 = 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1, -1, -\frac{1}{x}$
 $(x+1)(x-1)(x+1) = 0$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{1, -1, -\frac{1}{x}\right\}$

ج) $y = \frac{x+1}{x - \sqrt{1-x}}$

① $1-x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 1$

$x = -2, y = -\frac{1}{4}$

② $x - \sqrt{1-x} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 1$

$x - \sqrt{1-x} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 1$
 $x^2 \neq 1-x \Rightarrow x^2 + x - 1 \neq 0$
 $(x-1)(x+1) \neq 0$
 $x \neq 1, -1$

$D_f = (-\infty, \frac{1}{x}] - \{1, -1\}$

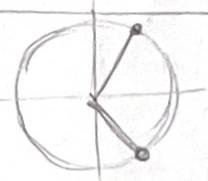
د) $y = \frac{x-1}{x - \sqrt{1-x}}$

③ $x - \sqrt{1-x} \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 1$

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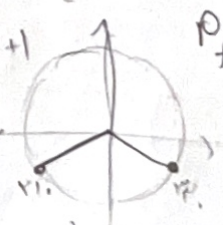
$D_f = [\frac{1}{x}, +\infty) - \{1, -1\}$

ه) $\frac{\sin x}{\cos x - 1}$



$\cos x - 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \cos x \neq 1 \Rightarrow x \neq 2k\pi$

و) $\frac{\cos x}{\sin x + 1}$

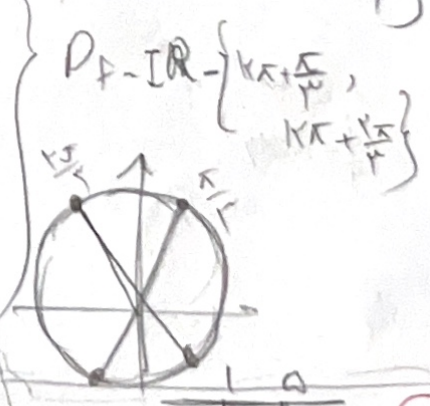


$\sin x + 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \sin x \neq -1 \Rightarrow x \neq \frac{3\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$

ز) $\frac{\tan x + 1}{\cot x - 1} = 0 \Rightarrow \tan x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \tan x = -1$

$\cot x - 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \cot x \neq 1 \Rightarrow x \neq \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi$

$\frac{\sin x + 1}{\sin^2 x - 1} = 0 \Rightarrow \sin x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow \sin x = -1$



ح) $x^2 - 4x + 4 > 0 \Rightarrow (x-2)^2 > 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 2$

ط) $x^2 - 4x + 4 < 0 \Rightarrow (x-2)^2 < 0 \Rightarrow \text{No solution}$

ث) $x^2 + 4x + 4 > 0 \Rightarrow (x+2)^2 > 0 \Rightarrow x \neq -2$

ج) $x^2 - 4x + 4 < 0 \Rightarrow (x-2)^2 < 0 \Rightarrow \text{No solution}$

$$\frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{(x-2)(x-1)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x-2}{x-1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_1}(-\infty, 1] \cup [2, \infty)$$

$$\frac{(x-3)(x-1)}{(x-1)(x^2+1+x)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x-3}{x^2+1+x} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_2}(-\infty, -1] \cup (0, 2)$$

$$y_2 \log(n^2 - 3n) \Rightarrow \frac{n^2 - 3n}{n^2 - 1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_3}(-\infty, 0) \cup (1, 3)$$

$$y_2 \log(n^2 - 3n) \Rightarrow \frac{n^2 - 3n}{n^2 - 1} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_4}(-\infty, 0) \cup (1, 3)$$

$$P_{f_5}((-\infty, -1) \cup (1, 2))$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 - n}{x^2 + n} \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - n}{x^2 + n} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_6}(-\infty, -\sqrt{n}) \cup (\sqrt{n}, \infty)$$

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{n-f(n)}{f(n)}} \Rightarrow \frac{n-f(n)}{f(n)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_7}(-\infty, -1) \cup [1, \infty)$$

$$f(n) + 1 \Rightarrow \frac{f(n)+1}{f(n)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_8}(-\infty, -1) \cup [1, \infty)$$

$$f(n) - 1 \Rightarrow \frac{f(n)-1}{f(n)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_9}(-\infty, -1) \cup [1, \infty)$$

$$f(n+1) + 1 \Rightarrow \frac{f(n+1)+1}{f(n+1)} \geq 0 \Rightarrow P_{f_{10}}(-\infty, -1) \cup [1, \infty)$$