

نام و نام خانوادگی: همتا عارفی  
 باقیانده کتبی شماره 4  
 A (مجموعه) CRK

2

الف)  $y = \frac{n+1}{n^2 - 10n + 10} \rightarrow \frac{n^2 - 10n + 10}{-n^2 + 10n} \rightarrow \frac{n^2 - 10n + 10}{10n - 10} \rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac$

$\Delta = (-10)^2 - 4(1)(10) = 100 - 40 = 60$

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$\Rightarrow n = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} \Rightarrow \frac{-(-10) \pm \sqrt{60}}{2(1)} \Rightarrow n = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{60}}{2}$

$\Rightarrow n = \frac{10 \pm \sqrt{60}}{2} = \frac{10 \pm 2\sqrt{15}}{2} = 5 \pm \sqrt{15}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ 1, \frac{10}{2}, \frac{10}{2} \right\}$

ب)  $y = \frac{n+1}{n^2 - n + 10n - 1} \rightarrow \frac{n^2 - n + 10n - 1}{-n^2 + 11n - 1} \rightarrow \frac{n^2 - n + 10n - 1}{11n - 1} \rightarrow \Delta = b^2 - 4ac$

$\Delta = (-11)^2 - 4(1)(-1) = 121 + 4 = 125$

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$n = \frac{11 \pm \sqrt{125}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{11 \pm 5\sqrt{5}}{2}$

$\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ -1, 2, -\frac{1}{2} \right\}$

3

الف)  $y = \frac{n+1}{n - \sqrt{3-2n}}$

①  $3-2n \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq \frac{3}{2}$

②  $n - \sqrt{3-2n} \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq \sqrt{3-2n}$

$n^2 \neq 3-2n \rightarrow n^2 + 2n - 3 \neq 0$

$(n+3)(n-1) \neq 0$

$n \neq -3, n \neq 1$

$\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, \frac{3}{2}] - \{-3, 1\}$

$y = \frac{n+r}{n - \sqrt{r^2 - r}}$

①  $r^2 - r \neq 0 \rightarrow r^2 \neq r \rightarrow r \neq \frac{r}{r}$

②  $n - \sqrt{r^2 - r} \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq \sqrt{r^2 - r} \rightarrow n^2 \neq r^2 - r \rightarrow n^2 - r^2 + r \neq 0$

①  $\mu_n \neq 0$      $\mu_n \neq r$      $n \neq \frac{r}{\mu}$

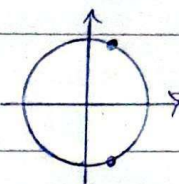
②  $n - \sqrt{\mu_n - r} \neq 0 \rightarrow n \neq \sqrt{\mu_n - r} \rightarrow n^2 \neq \mu_n - r \rightarrow n^2 - \mu_n + r \neq 0$

$$\rightarrow \ddot{r} = 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{1} = \sqrt{r'(1) - r} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \rightarrow \sqrt{x} \quad x=1 &\rightarrow \sqrt{1} = \sqrt{3(1)-2} \quad \checkmark \\ \rightarrow \sqrt{x} \quad x=2 &\rightarrow \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{3(2)-2} \quad \checkmark \end{aligned} \right\} D_f = \left[ \frac{2}{3}, +\infty \right) - \{1, 2\}$$

यदि  $y = \frac{\sin n}{r \cos n - 1} \rightarrow r \cos n - 1 \neq 0 \quad r \cos n \neq 1 \quad \cos n \neq \frac{1}{r}$

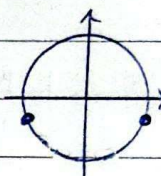
→  $r \cos \alpha - 1 \neq 0$   $r \cos \alpha \neq 1$   $\cos \alpha \neq \frac{1}{r}$



$$D_f = IR - \left\{ YK\pi + \frac{\pi}{\mu}, YK\pi - \frac{\pi}{\mu} \right\}$$

$\Rightarrow y = \frac{\cos \alpha + 1}{\sin \alpha + 1}$ 
 $\Rightarrow \sin \alpha + 1 \neq 0 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha \neq -1 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha \neq -\frac{1}{1}$

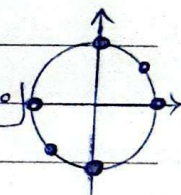
$$\Psi \sin \alpha + 1 \neq 0 \quad \Psi \sin \alpha \neq -1 \rightarrow \sin \alpha \neq -\frac{1}{\Psi}$$



$$D_f = R - \left\{ PKx + \frac{Vx}{4}, PKx + \frac{11x}{9} \right\}$$

2.)  $y = \frac{\tan x + r}{\cot x - 1} \rightarrow \cot x - 1 \neq 0 \quad \cot x \neq 1 \quad \cot = \frac{\cos}{\sin} \Rightarrow y \sin \neq 0$

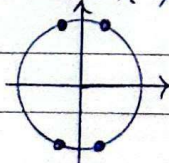
$$\cot = \frac{\cos}{\sin} \Rightarrow \sin \neq 0$$



$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ K\pi + \frac{\pi}{Y}, K\pi, K\pi + \frac{\pi}{F} \right\}$$

$$2) y = \frac{\sin \alpha + 1}{\sin \alpha - \mu} \rightarrow \frac{F \sin \alpha - \mu \neq 0}{F \sin \alpha - \mu \neq 0} \rightarrow \sin \alpha \neq \frac{\mu}{F} \rightarrow \sin \alpha \neq \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{F}} \rightarrow \sin \alpha \neq \frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{\sqrt{F}}$$

$$F \sin^2 \alpha - \mu \neq 0 \quad F \sin^2 \alpha \neq \mu \quad \sin^2 \alpha \neq \frac{\mu}{F} \rightarrow \sin \alpha \neq \pm \sqrt{\frac{\mu}{F}} \rightarrow \sin \alpha \neq \pm \frac{\mu}{\gamma}$$



$$D_f = R - \left\{ kx + \frac{\pi}{\mu}, kx + \frac{\nu x}{\mu} \right\}$$

(ii)  $a^r - 2n + 9y_0$   $\overbrace{(n-3)}^w \overbrace{(n-2)}^r y_0$   $\begin{array}{c|c|c} & r & w \\ \hline + & 0 & - \\ \hline & + & + \end{array}$   $D_f = (-\infty, 2) \cup (3, +\infty)$

$$\begin{array}{c} \gamma \quad \quad \quad \epsilon \\ | \quad \quad \quad | \\ (+) \circ \quad - \circ \quad (+) \end{array}$$

$$D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, +\infty)$$

$\hookrightarrow n^2 - 4n + 4 < 0 \quad \overset{2}{(n-2)} \overset{1}{(n-2)} < 0 \quad \begin{array}{c|c|c} 1 & 2 & \\ \hline + & - & + \end{array} \quad D_f = (1, 2)$

$\begin{array}{c} 1 \quad 2 \\ + \circ - \circ + \\ \text{---} \end{array}$

$$D_f = (1, 2\omega)$$

$$ج) x^2 + 9x + 20 > 0 \quad \frac{-20}{(x+5)(x+4)} > 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} -5 \quad -4 \\ + \quad - \quad + \end{array} \quad D_f = (-\infty, -5] \cup [-4, +\infty)$$

$$2) x^2 - 4x + 4 < 0 \quad (x-2)(x-2) < 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} 2 \quad 2 \\ + \quad - \quad + \end{array} \quad [2, 2]$$

$$الف) \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x-5} < 0 \quad \frac{(x-2)(x-1)}{x-5} < 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} 2 \quad 1 \quad 5 \\ - \quad + \quad - \quad + \end{array} \quad D_f = (-\infty, -1) \cup (2, 5) \quad \text{سوال 4} \quad \text{1.7.5}$$

$$ب) \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 9x + 20} > 0 \quad \frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-5)(x-4)} > 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} -1 \quad 1 \quad 4 \quad 5 \\ + \quad - \quad - \quad + \end{array} \quad D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup (4, +\infty) \quad \text{1.7.5}$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x^2 - 1}} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x^2 - 1} > 0 \quad \frac{(x-3)(x-1)}{(x^2 + x + 1)(x-1)} = \frac{x-3}{x^2 + x + 1} > 0 \quad \text{سوال 4} \quad \text{2}$$

$$D_f = [3, +\infty)$$

Δ مخرج متقی است پس مخرج همیشه مثبت است  
 $\frac{x-3}{x^2+x+1} > 0$  یعنی  $x-3 > 0$  پس  $x > 3$

$$ب) y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x^2 - 1}} \quad \frac{x^2 - 4x + 3}{x^2 - 1} \in \mathbb{R} \Rightarrow x^2 - 1 \neq 0 \quad x^2 \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$$

$$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, -1\}$$

$$الف) y = \log(x^2 - 3x) \quad x^2 - 3x > 0 \quad x(x-3) > 0 \quad \begin{array}{c} 0 \quad 3 \\ + \quad - \quad + \end{array} \quad D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup (3, +\infty) \quad \text{سوال 1.7} \quad \text{3}$$

$$ب) y = \log \frac{14-x^2}{|x|-2} \quad 14-x^2 > 0 \quad 14 > x^2 \rightarrow x \in (-\sqrt{14}, \sqrt{14}) \neq 2$$

$$|x|-2 > 0 \quad |x| > 2 \rightarrow x > 2 \text{ , } x < -2$$

$$|x|-2 \neq 1 \quad |x| \neq 3 \rightarrow x \neq 3, -3$$

$$D_f = (-\sqrt{14}, -3) \cup (-2, -\sqrt{14}) \cup (2, \sqrt{14}) \cup (3, \sqrt{14})$$

ج)  $y = \log \frac{n^r - \sqrt{n+1}}{1-n}$       ①  $\frac{n^r - \sqrt{n+1}}{n-r} \gg 0$        $\frac{(n-r)(n-r)}{n-r} \gg 0$        $\frac{r}{-r} - \frac{r}{r} \quad (r, +\infty)$

②  $1-n \gg 0 \quad \log n$  ,  $1-n \neq 1 \rightarrow r \neq 0 \Rightarrow Df = (r, 1) - \{0\}$

د)  $y = \sqrt{n^r - 11n + 1} + \log \frac{\sqrt{4-n^2}}{n}$        $\frac{(n-r)(n-r)}{n-r} \gg 0$        $\frac{r}{+r} - \frac{r}{r} \quad (-\infty, r] \cup (r, +\infty)$

سوال ۳۴ -  $n^r \gg 0 \rightarrow r \gg n^r \rightarrow r \gg n$  ,  $n^r - r$  ,  $n \neq 1$

$\Rightarrow Df = (0, 1) \cup (1, r]$

$y = \frac{n^r - n}{n^r + n} = \frac{n(n-1)}{n(n+1)}$        $\frac{n^r - n}{n^r + n}$        $\frac{n(n-1)}{n(n+1)}$

|           | -1 | * | 1 |
|-----------|----|---|---|
| $n^r - n$ | +  | + | - |
| $n^r + n$ | +  | - | + |
| $P(n)$    | +  | - | + |

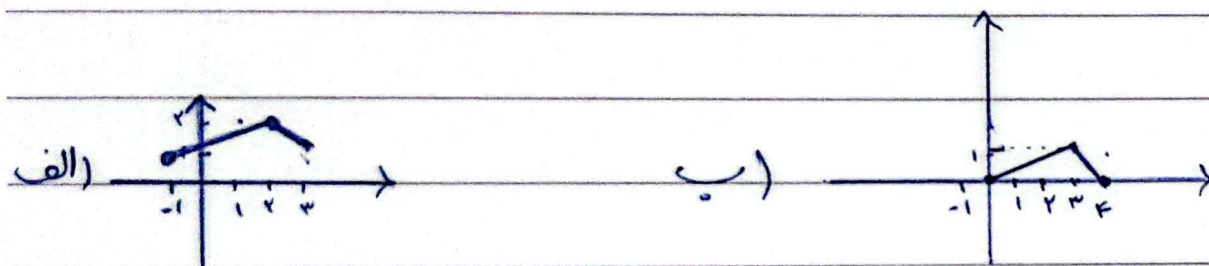
سوال ۳۵       $\frac{n^r - n}{n^r + n}$        $\frac{n(n-1)}{n(n+1)}$        $\frac{n^r - n}{n^r + n}$        $\frac{n(n-1)}{n(n+1)}$

سوال ۳۶       $\frac{x-f(n)}{f(n)} \gg 0$  ,  $f(n) \neq 0$        $f(n) \rightarrow n \neq r_0 - r_1$        $f(n) \rightarrow n \neq r_0 - r_1$

سوال ۳۷       $f(n) \rightarrow n \neq r_0 - r_1$        $f(n) \rightarrow n \neq r_0 - r_1$        $f(n) \rightarrow n \neq r_0 - r_1$

سوال ۳۸       $f(n) \rightarrow n \neq r_0 - r_1$        $f(n) \rightarrow n \neq r_0 - r_1$        $f(n) \rightarrow n \neq r_0 - r_1$

$$\begin{array}{ccccccc}
 -2 & -1 & 2 & 3 & & & \\
 + & + & - & + & + & & \\
 \circ & \circ & \circ & \circ & & & 
 \end{array}
 \quad (-\infty, -2) \cup (-2, -1] \cup (2, +\infty) \quad \leftarrow \text{سوال 9}$$



سوال 10

ج

