

14, 20

نام: سیدہ اکرار عثمانی

Subject: حساب

Year: _____ Month: _____ Day: _____

page: ()

الف) $\frac{x+2}{3x^2-2x^2+11x-14}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x^2 - 2x^2 + 11x - 14 \mid x-1 \\ \underline{-3x^2 + 3x^2} \\ -14x + 11x \\ \underline{+14x - 14} \\ +15x - 14 \\ \underline{-15x + 14} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

(1) $\frac{x-1}{3x^2-14x+14} \rightarrow 2^2-14x+14$
 $(x-1)(x-4)(x-1)$
 $D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{4}, 1 \right\}$

ب) $\frac{x+2}{3x^2-2x^2-11x-14}$

$$\begin{array}{r} 3x^2 - 2x^2 - 11x - 14 \mid x+1 \\ \underline{-3x^2 + 3x^2} \\ -11x - 14 \\ \underline{+11x + 11} \\ -3x - 3 \\ \underline{+3x + 3} \\ 0 \end{array}$$

$(x-4)(x+2)(x+1)$
 $D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ \frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{4}, -1 \right\}$

الف) $\frac{x+1}{x-\sqrt{3-2x}}$

$x - \sqrt{3-2x} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \sqrt{3-2x}$
 $x^2 \neq 3-2x \rightarrow 0 \neq -x^2-2x+3 \rightarrow x^2-2x-3 \neq 0$

(1, 1, 20) (2)
 $x = -3$
 $y = \frac{-2}{-4}$

$3-2x > 0 \rightarrow 2x < 3 \rightarrow x < \frac{3}{2}$
 $(x-3)(x+1) \neq 0$
 $\frac{3}{2} = -3 \rightarrow \frac{-1}{-1} = 1$

$D = (-\infty, \frac{3}{2}] - \left\{ -3, 1 \right\}$

ب) $\frac{x+2}{x-\sqrt{2x-2}}$

$x - \sqrt{2x-2} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \sqrt{2x-2} \rightarrow x^2 \neq 2x-2$
 $0 \neq -x^2+2x-2 \rightarrow x^2-2x+2 \neq 0$

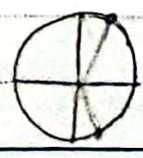
$2x-2 > 0 \rightarrow 2x > 2 \rightarrow x > \frac{2}{2} = 1$
 $(x+1)(x+2)$
 $\frac{-1}{-1} = 1 \quad \frac{-2}{-1} = 2$

$D = \left[\frac{2}{2}, +\infty \right) - \left\{ 1, 2 \right\}$

الف) $y = \frac{\sin x}{1 + \cos x}$

$1 + \cos x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow 1 + \cos x \neq 0 \rightarrow \cos x \neq -1$

$D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ 2k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$



(1, 1, 20) (2)

Arman

1) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{\sin x + 1} \rightarrow \sin x + 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin x \neq -1 \rightarrow \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{1}$

0,1,2

~~$D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2} \right\}$~~



2) $\frac{\tan x + 1}{\cot x - 1} \rightarrow \cot x - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow \cot x \neq 1$
 $\sin x \neq 0$
 $\cos x \neq 0$

0,1,2

$D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4} \right\}$



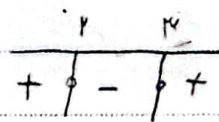
3) $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{\sin^2 x - 3} \rightarrow \sin^2 x - 3 \neq 0 \rightarrow \sin^2 x \neq 3 \rightarrow \sin x \neq \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1} \rightarrow \sin x \neq \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}$

0,1,2

$D = \mathbb{R} - \left\{ k\pi + \frac{\pi}{3} \right\}$



4) $x^2 - dx + 4 > 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x-4) > 0$



1, 4

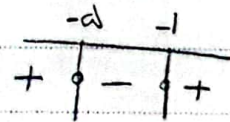
$D = (-\infty, 1) \cup (4, +\infty)$

5) $x^2 - 9x + d < 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x-d) < 0$



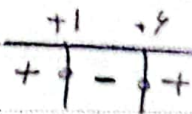
$D = (1, d)$

6) $x^2 + 4x + d \geq 0 \rightarrow (x+1)(x+d) \geq 0$



$D = (-\infty, -1] \cup [-d, +\infty)$

7) $x^2 - 11x + 4 \leq 0 \rightarrow (x-1)(x-4) \leq 0$



$D = [1, 4]$

Arman

ا) $\frac{x^2 - 1x + 1}{x - a} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{(x-a)} < 0$



(d) (5)

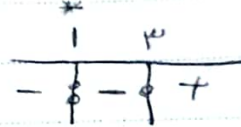
$D = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, a)$

ب) $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 1x + a} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 1}{(x-1)(x-a)} \geq 0$



$D = (-\infty, -1] \cup (a, +\infty)$

ا) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 1x + 1}{x^2 - 1}} \rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 1x + 1}{x^2 - 1} \geq 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{x^2 - 1} \geq 0$



(5) (4)

$D = [1, +\infty)$

ب) $\sqrt{\frac{x^2 - 1x + 1}{x^2 - 1}}$ $D = \mathbb{R} - \{\pm 1\}$

ا) $y = \log(x^2 - 1x) \rightarrow x^2 - 1x > 0 \rightarrow x(x-1) > 0$

$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (1, +\infty)$ ✓

(11) (10) (10) ✓

ب) $y = \log \frac{14 - x^2}{|x| - 1} \rightarrow \begin{cases} 14 - x^2 > 0 \rightarrow 14 > x^2 \rightarrow \sqrt{14} > x \\ |x| - 1 > 0 \rightarrow |x| > 1 \rightarrow -1 < x \\ |x| - 1 \neq 1 \rightarrow |x| \neq 2 \end{cases}$

$D = (-\sqrt{14}, -1) \cup (1, \sqrt{14}) - \{2, -2\}$ ✓

2) $y = \log \frac{x^2 - 1x + 1}{x - 1}$

$\frac{x^2 - 1x + 1}{x - 1} > 0 \rightarrow \frac{(x-1)(x-1)}{(x-1)}$



0, 1, 10

$\begin{cases} 1 - x > 0 \rightarrow 1 > x \\ 1 - x \neq 1 \rightarrow x \neq 0 \end{cases}$

$D = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, 1) - \{0\}$

Iman



$$y = \sqrt{x^2 - 11x + 18} + \log_{\sqrt{14-x^2}} x$$

$$(x-3)(x-6)$$



$$\begin{cases} 14-x^2 \geq 0 \rightarrow 14 \geq x^2 \rightarrow 4 \geq x \\ 14-x^2 > 0 \rightarrow 14 > x^2 \rightarrow 4 < x \\ x > 0 \\ x \neq 1 \end{cases}$$

$$D = (0, 3) \cup (6, 14]$$

$$y = \frac{x^2 - x}{x^2 + x}$$

	-1	0	1
$x^2 - x$	-	+	-
$x^2 + x$	+	-	+
$p(x)$	-	+	-

	-1	0	1
$x^2 - x$	-	+	-
$x^2 + x$	+	-	+
$p(x)$	-	+	-

↑ إشارة

$$y = \sqrt{\frac{x-f(x)}{f(x)}}$$

$$\frac{x-f(x)}{f(x)} \geq 0$$

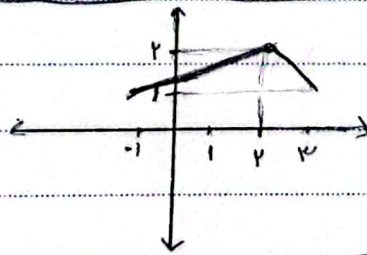
$$x-f(x) \geq 0 \rightarrow x = f(x) \rightarrow x = -1, 3$$

$$f(x) = 0 \rightarrow x = 1, 2$$

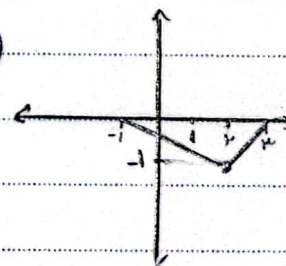
$$D = (-\infty, -1) \cup [1, 2) \cup [3, +\infty)$$

	-1	0	1	2	3
$x-f(x)$	-	+	-	+	-
$f(x)$	+	-	+	-	+
$p(x)$	-	+	-	+	-

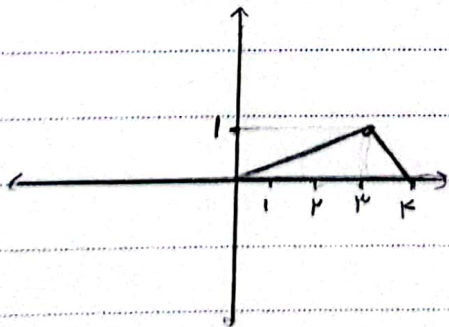
الف) $f(x)+1$



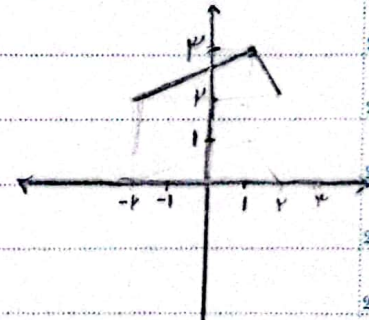
ب) $-f(x)$



ج) $f(x-1)$



د) $f(x+1)+1$



Arman