

الف) $x^2 - 1 = x^2 + 1 = x^2 - 1 = (x-1)(x+1)$

$\Delta = (-1)^2 - 4 \times 1 \times 1 = 1 - 4 = -3$
 $x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{-3}}{2} = \frac{1 \pm i\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $x = \frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $x = \frac{1-i\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{1-i\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$x^2 - 1 = x^2 + 1 = x^2 - 1 = (x-1)(x+1)$
 $D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, \frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\}$

الف) $x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1$

$x - \sqrt{1-x} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1-x \rightarrow x \neq \frac{1}{2}$

$D_f = (-\infty, \frac{1}{2}) \cup (\frac{1}{2}, \infty)$

الف) $\cos x = 1 \rightarrow x = 2k\pi$

ب) $\sin x = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$

ج) $\cot x = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \pi, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}\}$

د) $\sin x = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}\}$

الف) $x^2 - 2x + 4 > 0 \rightarrow x = 1 \pm \sqrt{3}$

ب) $x^2 - 4x + 4 < 0 \rightarrow x = 2$

ج) $x^2 + 4x + 4 \geq 0 \rightarrow x = -2$

د) $x^2 - 4x + 4 \leq 0 \rightarrow x = 2$

الف) $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} < 0 \rightarrow x = 1$

ب) $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 4x + 4} > 0 \rightarrow x = 1$

ج) $x^2 - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$

د) $x^2 - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$

الف) $x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1$

ب) $x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1$

ج) $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1$

د) $(x-1)(x-1) > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1$

$(-\infty, 1) \cup (1, \infty)$

ب) $x^2 - 1 = x^2 - 1 = (x-1)(x+1)$

$\Delta = (-1)^2 - 4 \times 1 \times 1 = 1 - 4 = -3$
 $x = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{-3}}{2} = \frac{1 \pm i\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $x = \frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{1+i\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $x = \frac{1-i\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow x = \frac{1-i\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{1, -\frac{1}{2}, \frac{1}{2}\}$

ب) $x^2 - 1 > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1$

$x - \sqrt{1-x} \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq 1-x \rightarrow x \neq \frac{1}{2}$

$D_f = [\frac{1}{2}, +\infty) \cup (-\infty, \frac{1}{2})$

الف) $\cos x = 1 \rightarrow x = 2k\pi$

ب) $\sin x = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{2} + 2k\pi$

ج) $\cot x = 1 \rightarrow x = \frac{\pi}{4} + k\pi$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}, k\pi + \pi, k\pi + \frac{3\pi}{2}\}$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{2}\}$

$D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, +\infty)$

$D_f = (1, 2)$

$D_f = (-\infty, -2] \cup [-1, +\infty)$

$D_f = [1, 4]$

$D_f = (-\infty, 1) \cup (1, 2)$

$D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup (2, +\infty)$

$D_f = [1, +\infty)$

$D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, 1\}$

$D_f = (-\infty, 0) \cup (0, +\infty)$

$|x| - 1 \neq 0 \rightarrow x \neq \pm 1$

$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x - 1} > 0 \rightarrow x > 1 \text{ or } x < -1$

$|\ln| = (1, 1) \rightarrow (1, 1) - \{1\}$

$D_f = (0, 1) \cup (1, 2)$

Original

x	-1	0	1
$x^1 - x$	+	+	+
$x^1 + x$	+	-	+
$P(x)$	+	-	+

$$\frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)} \geq 0$$

$$x - f(x) = 0$$

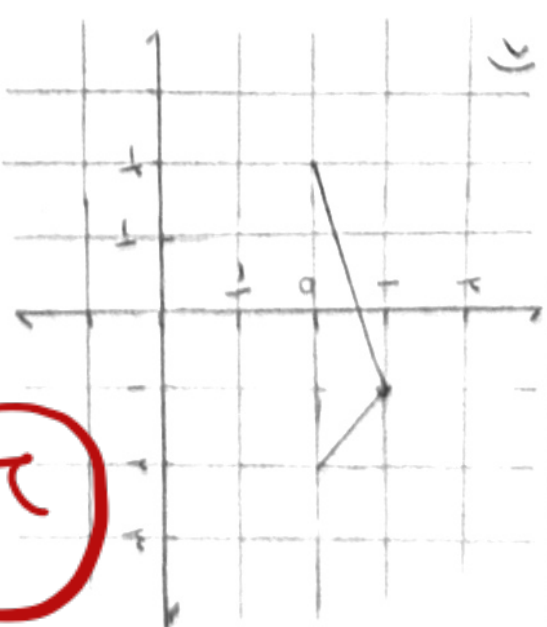
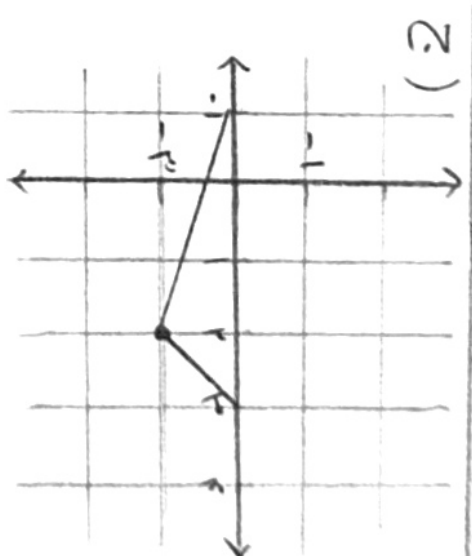
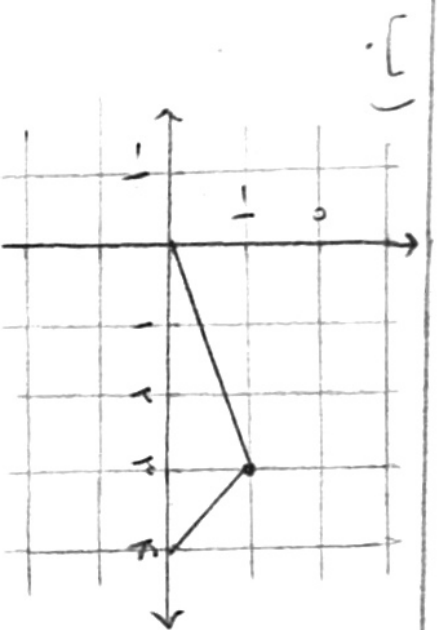
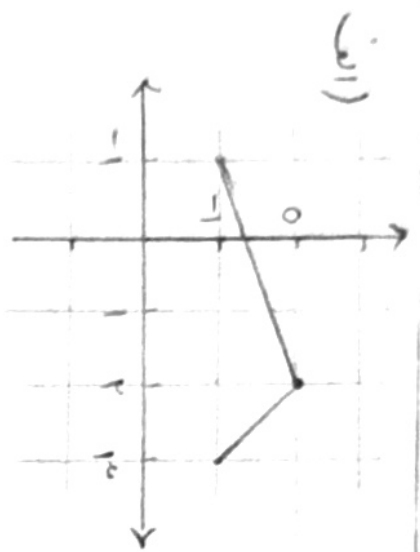
$$x = f(x)$$

$$x = -1, 1$$

$$f(x) = 0$$

$$x = -1, 1$$

x	-1	0	1
$x^1 - x$	+	+	+
$x^1 + x$	+	-	+
$P(x)$	+	-	+



Original

x	-1	0	1
$x^1 - x$	+	+	+
$x^1 + x$	+	-	+
$P(x)$	+	-	+

$$D_f = (-1, -1] \cup (1, 1]$$

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