

الف) $y = \frac{x+3}{3x^3 - 10x^2 + 11x - 1} =$ $3 - 10 + 11 - 1 = 0$ $(3x^3 - 10x^2 + 11x - 1) \div (x-1) =$ $3x^2 - 7x + 10 \rightarrow x^2 - 7x + 10$ $(x-4)(x-10) \rightarrow x \neq 1, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{10}{3}$ $D = R - \{1, \frac{4}{3}, \frac{10}{3}\}$	ب) $y = \frac{x+3}{3x^3 - x^2 - 11x - 4}$ $3 - 1 = -4 - 1 \Rightarrow 3x^3 - x^2 - 11x - 4 \div (x+1) =$ $3x^2 - 4x - 4 \rightarrow x^2 - 4x - 12$ $\rightarrow (x-4)(x+3) \quad x \neq -1, -\frac{4}{3}$ $D = R - \{-1, -\frac{4}{3}, 2\}$
الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{x - \sqrt{3-2x}}$ جواب غلط ۳ $x - \sqrt{3-2x} \neq 0 \quad x \neq \sqrt{3-2x}$ $x^2 \neq 3-2x \quad x^2 + 2x - 3 \neq 0$ $(x+3)(x-1) \neq 0 \quad \boxed{x \neq -3, 1}$ $D = (-\infty, \frac{3}{2}] - \{1\} \quad \begin{matrix} 3-2x \geq 0 \\ x \leq \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix}$	ب) $y = \frac{x+2}{x - \sqrt{3x-2}}$ $x - \sqrt{3x-2} \neq 0 \quad x \neq \sqrt{3x-2} \quad \boxed{x \neq 1, 2}$ $x^2 - 3x + 2 \neq 0 \quad (x-1)(x-2) \neq 0$ $3x-2 \geq 0 \quad 3x \geq 2 \quad x \geq \frac{2}{3}$ $D = [\frac{2}{3}, +\infty) - \{1, 2\}$
الف) $y = \frac{\sin x}{2 \cos x - 1} \quad \begin{matrix} 2 \cos x \neq 1 \\ \cos x \neq \frac{1}{2} \end{matrix}$ $D = R - \{2k\pi + \frac{\pi}{3}, 2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{3}\}$	ب) $y = \frac{\cos x + 1}{2 \sin x + 1} \quad \begin{matrix} 2 \sin x + 1 \neq 0 \\ \sin x \neq -\frac{1}{2} \end{matrix}$ $D = R - \{2k\pi - \frac{\pi}{6}, 2k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6}\}$
ج) $y = \frac{\tan x + 2}{\cot x - 1} \quad \begin{matrix} \cot x - 1 \neq 0 \\ \cot x \neq 1 \end{matrix}$ $D = R - \{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}\}$	د) $y = \frac{\sin x + 1}{2 \sin^2 x - 3} \quad \begin{matrix} 2 \sin^2 x - 3 \neq 0 \\ \sin^2 x \neq \frac{3}{2} \end{matrix} \quad \boxed{\sin x \neq \pm \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}}$ $D = R - \{k\pi + \frac{\pi}{6}, k\pi + \frac{5\pi}{6}\}$
الف) $x^2 - 5x + 4 > 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{4}{+} & \frac{1}{-} \\ \phi & - \phi + \end{matrix}$ $(x-4)(x-1) > 0$ $D = (-\infty, 1) \cup (4, +\infty)$	ب) $x^2 - 4x + 4 < 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{4}{+} & \frac{1}{-} \\ \phi & - \phi + \end{matrix}$ $(x-1)(x-4) < 0$ $D = (1, 4)$
ج) $x^2 + 4x + 4 \geq 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{-4}{+} & \frac{-1}{-} \\ \phi & - \phi + \end{matrix}$ $(x+1)(x+4) \geq 0$ $D = (-\infty, -4] \cup [-1, +\infty)$	د) $x^2 - 5x + 4 \leq 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{4}{+} & \frac{1}{-} \\ \phi & - \phi + \end{matrix}$ $(x-1)(x-4) \leq 0$ $D = [1, 4]$
الف) $\frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x - 5} < 0$ $\frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{x-5} < 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{1}{-} & \frac{2}{+} & \frac{5}{-} \\ \phi & + \phi & - \phi + \end{matrix}$ $D = (-\infty, 1) \cup (2, 5)$	ب) $\frac{x^2 - 1}{x^2 - 4x + 4} \geq 0 \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{-1}{+} & \frac{+1}{-} & \frac{4}{-} \\ \phi & - \phi & - \phi + \end{matrix}$ $\frac{(x-1)(x+1)}{(x-1)(x-2)} \geq 0$ $D = (-\infty, -1] \cup (2, +\infty)$

الف) $\sqrt{\frac{x^r - rx + r}{x^r - 1}}$

$(x-1)(x-r) > 0$

$(x-1)(x^r + x + 1) > 0$

$D = [r, +\infty)$

ب) $\sqrt{\frac{x^r - rx + r}{x^r - 1}}$ $x^r - 1 \neq 0$

$x^r \neq 1$ $x \neq \pm 1$

$D = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, +1\}$

الف) $y = \log(x^r - rx)$

$x^r - rx > 0$ $x(x-r) > 0$

$D = (-\infty, 0) \cup (r, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \log(14 - x^r)$ $14 - x^r > 0$

$|x| - r \neq 0$ $|x| > r$ $x > r \cup x < -r$

$D = (-r, -r) \cup (r, r) = \{-r, r\}$

ج) $\log \frac{x^r - rx + 1}{x - r}$

$1 - x \neq 0$ $x \neq 1$ $1 - x > 0$ $x < 1$

$D = (r, 1) - \{1\}$

د) $y = \sqrt{x^r - 11x + 11} + \log \sqrt{14 - x^r}$

$x^r - 11x + 11 > 0$ $(x-r)(x-v) > 0$

$D = [0, r] - \{1\}$

$y = \frac{x^r - x}{x^r + x} = \frac{x(x-1)}{x(x+1)}$

	-1	0	+1
$x^r - x$	+	+	-
$x^r + x$	+	-	+

$y = \sqrt{\frac{x - f(x)}{f(x)}}$ $f(x) \neq 0$ $x - f(x) \geq 0$ $x \geq f(x)$

$x - f(x) > 0$ $x > f(x)$

$D = (-r, -1] \cup (r, r)$

