

[illegible]

$$\left(1 + \frac{1}{\alpha}\right)^r - 1 = \left(\alpha^r + \frac{1}{\alpha^r} + r - 1\right)^r = r^r \Rightarrow \alpha^r + \frac{1}{\alpha^r} + r = r^r$$

$$V = r\sqrt{r} + \frac{1}{V - r\sqrt{r}} + r = r^r \Rightarrow \frac{r^2 + r - 4r\sqrt{r} + 1 + r^2 - 1\sqrt{r}}{V - r\sqrt{r}} = 11r - 4r\sqrt{r} = 14 = r^r$$

$t = r$

$$\sqrt[4]{r} \sqrt[4]{14} = \sqrt[4]{r^4} = \sqrt[4]{r^4} \times 1 = \sqrt[4]{r^4} = r = A \quad r \times K = (1 + \frac{1}{r})^r = \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{14}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt[4]{14}}$$

$$\sqrt[4]{a} = r\sqrt[4]{a}, \sqrt[4]{a^{14}} = r\sqrt[4]{a^{14}} \quad a = \frac{1}{r\sqrt{r}} \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r\sqrt{r}} \left(\frac{1}{a} - r\right) \times \frac{1 - \sqrt{r}}{1 + \sqrt{r}}$$

$$\frac{r \times r\sqrt{r}}{-r} - r = -r\sqrt{r} + r$$

$$\sqrt{n + a} - \sqrt{n - k} = r \quad \sqrt{n + a} + \sqrt{n - k} = g$$

$$\sqrt{n + a} - \sqrt{n - k} \times g = rg$$

$$n + a - n + k = rg \quad \frac{a}{r} + r = g \quad \sqrt{n + a} + \sqrt{n - k} - r = \frac{a}{r} + r - r$$

معادله داده شده بی نهایت جواب دارد پس جواب را می توان به این صورت نوشت:



برای اینکه حفظ کردن را متوجه بشید برتون را میگیرم و ضربتون تغییر کرده است

به معنی و در مشتق تقارن برای آنای عمار بنزستید!

Subject

Year

Month

Date

$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right) = -\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 = -\frac{2}{4} - \frac{2}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}-2}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \quad \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1 \quad \frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

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$$\sqrt{2} \times \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2} = AH \quad \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{1}{2}\sqrt{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} = 0 \quad HC = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\tan 45^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \frac{AH}{HC} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow \frac{AH}{9} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow AH = 9\sqrt{2} \quad \sin B = \frac{AH}{9\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{9\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{9} \quad B = 45^\circ$$

$$AD = 100 \quad 100^2 = (d\sqrt{2})^2 = (d\sqrt{2})^2 \Rightarrow BD = d$$

$$AC = d\sqrt{2} \times 2 = 100\sqrt{2} \quad BC = (100\sqrt{2})^2 - (d\sqrt{2})^2 = (100)^2 \quad BC = 100 \quad \alpha = \angle C - \angle D = 100^\circ$$

$$\cot 45^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{AB}{BC} \quad BC = 2\sqrt{2} \quad 1 + 1 + (2\sqrt{2})^2 = (\sqrt{2})^2 \quad DC = \sqrt{2} \quad \sin \alpha = \frac{BD}{DC} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \quad \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\frac{AB}{\sin C} = \frac{AC}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{\sin C} = \frac{AC}{\sin B} = \frac{\sin 100^\circ}{\sin 45^\circ} = \frac{\sin(45^\circ + 55^\circ)}{\sin 45^\circ} = \sin 45^\circ \cos 55^\circ + \sin 55^\circ \cos 45^\circ$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{r}{9} = \frac{r \sin B}{9 \sin B} = \frac{1 \times 2 \times 2 \times \sin B}{9 \sin B} = \frac{4 \sin B}{9 \sin B} = \frac{4}{9}$$

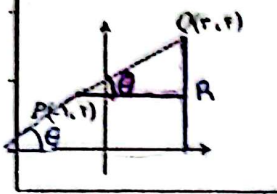
$$2 \left(\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sin 120^\circ \right) = 4\sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} \times \sin 120^\circ = 4\sqrt{3}$$

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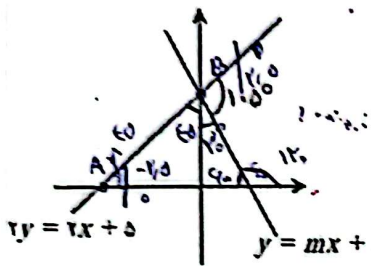
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$$BQ=2 \quad PQ^2 = (1-x)^2 + (1-y)^2 \Rightarrow PQ = \sqrt{P}$$

$$PB=4 \quad \cos \theta = \frac{PB}{PQ} = \frac{4}{\sqrt{P}} = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$$



$$A = \begin{cases} 2x + d = 0 \\ 2x = -d \\ x = -d/2 \end{cases}$$

$$B = \begin{cases} x + d = 0 \\ x = -d \end{cases}$$

$$m = \dots \quad m = \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3}$$

$$y_1 d = b \quad b \times m = \sqrt{3} \times y_1 d = \frac{-d\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

مساحت المثلث

زاویه

1, 1, 5

$$f(x) = -\cos(x) + \cos(x) + \cot(x) = \cot x$$

$$10 \quad f\left(\frac{d\pi}{4}\right) = \cot \frac{d\pi}{4} = \cot 15^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}-1}{2} = \sqrt{3} - 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \quad \frac{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + \pi\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \pi\right)}{\cos(\pi + \pi) - \sin(-\pi)} = \frac{\cos(x) - \sin(x)}{-\cos(x) + \sin(x)} = -1$$

من هفته ی پیش سایت برام مشکل داشت

وقتی اپلود میکردم، آبی میشد ولی سایت رو که ریلود کردم فایل 15

نبود چند بار تلاش کردم نشد 😞. با آقای عطار صحبت کردم هماهنگ کرد

م گفتن اشکال نداره توی تلگرام براشون بفرستم ولی هرکاری کردم تلگرام

م باز نشد میشه لطفاً حداقل برگمو تصحیح کنین غلطامو بدونم 💕💕

خسته نباشی مرسی 😊

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سوال ۲- ب- طیف سری

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{10} + 2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{5} + \sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$(\sqrt{3-\sqrt{5}} - \sqrt{3+\sqrt{5}})^2 = 3-\sqrt{5} + 3+\sqrt{5} - 2\sqrt{9-5} = 4-4 = 0$$

$$\rightarrow b^2 = 2 \quad b < 0 \quad b = -\sqrt{2} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times (-\sqrt{2}) = -1$$

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$$a^{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}} = \sqrt{2} \times a^{\frac{15}{\sqrt{2}}} \rightarrow a^{\frac{14}{\sqrt{2}}} \times \sqrt{2} = 1 \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{a} = \left(\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} - 3\right) = \frac{4 - 3\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}(4 - 3\sqrt{2})}{2} \times \frac{1}{1 + \sqrt{2}} = \frac{2(\sqrt{2} - 1)}{1 + \sqrt{2}} \times \frac{1 - \sqrt{2}}{1 - \sqrt{2}} = \frac{2(4 - 3\sqrt{2})}{2} = 4 - 3\sqrt{2}$$

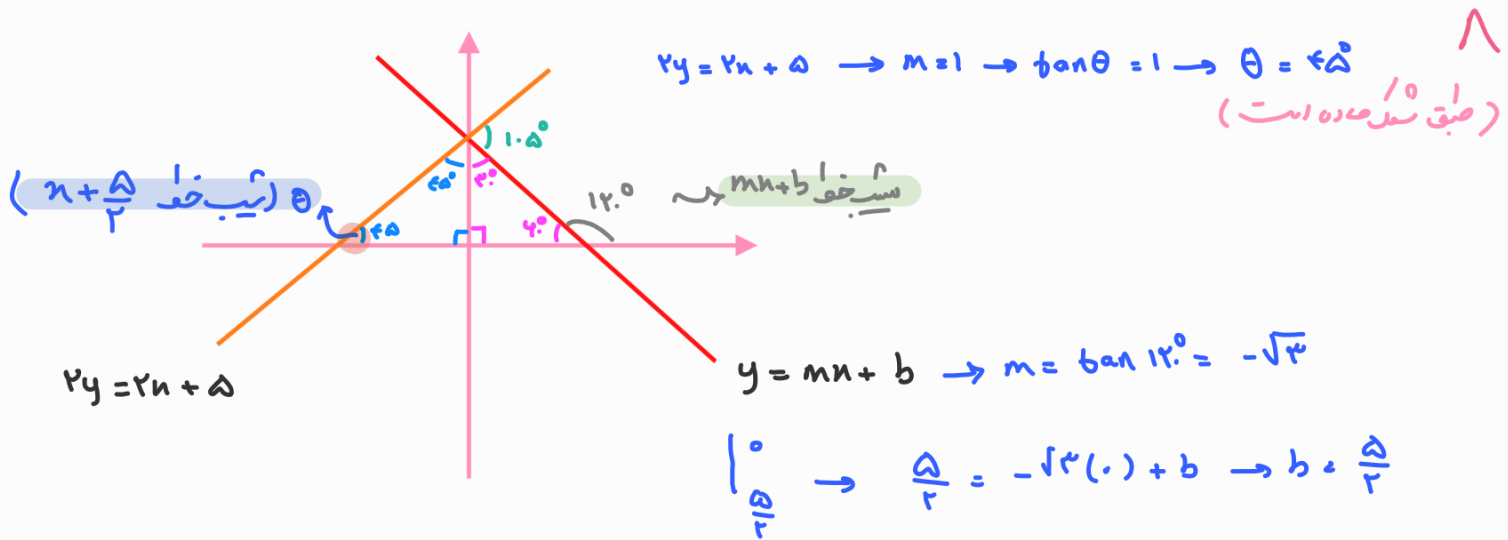
پاسخ سوالات تکلیف سری ۲۰

الف) $(\sin 135^\circ + \sin 45^\circ)(\cos 315^\circ - \cos 15^\circ)$

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$$\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)\right) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 - \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2 = \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \boxed{-\frac{1}{4}}$$

ب) $\frac{1 + \tan^2 15^\circ}{4 \cos^2 345^\circ + 2 \cos^2 225^\circ} = \frac{1 + 3\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4}\right)^2}{4\left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}\right)^2 + 2\left(-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}\right)^2} = \frac{1 + 1}{3 + 1} = \boxed{\frac{1}{2}}$



$$mb = -\sqrt{3} \times \frac{5}{2} = -\frac{5\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$f(n) = \underbrace{\cos(n+n)}_{-\cos n} + \underbrace{\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - n\right)}_{\cos n} - \tan\left(\frac{\pi}{2} + n\right) = -\cos n + \cos n + \cot n$$

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$$f(n) = \cot n \rightarrow f\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) = \cot\left(\frac{5\pi}{4}\right) = -\sqrt{3}$$