

(۱)

$$(1! + 3! + 5! + \dots + 25!) (2! + 4! + 6! + \dots + 24!)$$

چون ۲۵ و ۲۴ دارند یکان ۵ است

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$$(1! + 3!) (2! + 4!) = (1 + 6) (2 + 24) = 7 \times 26 = 182$$

یکان ۲ =

$$(الف) \frac{2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3}}{5 - \sqrt{4}} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3} - 1} = \frac{(2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3})(5 + \sqrt{4}) - 19(\sqrt{3} + 1)}{2}$$

$$\frac{21\sqrt{3} + 10\sqrt{2} - 19\sqrt{3} - 19}{19} = \frac{9\sqrt{3} + 10\sqrt{2} - 19}{19}$$

$$(ب) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{1} + 2} \right) (\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{5} - \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{5})$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{1} + 2} \times \frac{\sqrt{1} - 2}{\sqrt{1} - 2} = \frac{(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{5})(\sqrt{1} - 2)}{4}$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \right) - \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{5}} \right) = -2 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right)$$

$$(الف) \frac{\sqrt{1} + \sqrt{27}}{5 - \sqrt{4}} - 2(\sqrt{9} - 1)^{-1} = \sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} - 1 = \sqrt{2} - 1$$

$$\frac{2\sqrt{2} + 3\sqrt{3}}{5 - 2} \times \frac{5 + 2}{5 + 2} = \frac{14\sqrt{2} + 14\sqrt{3}}{9} = \frac{14(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{3})}{9}$$

$$\rightarrow 2 \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3} - 1} \right) \times \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} + 1} = \frac{2(\sqrt{3} + 1)}{2} = \sqrt{3} + 1$$

$$(ب) \frac{\sqrt{27} - 1}{2 + \sqrt{3}} + (2 - \sqrt{3})^{-1} = \frac{\sqrt{27} - 1}{2 + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{1}{2 - \sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{27} - 1}{2 + \sqrt{3}} + \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{4 - 3} = \frac{\sqrt{27} - 1}{2 + \sqrt{3}} + 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$\frac{3\sqrt{3} - 1}{2 + \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2 - \sqrt{3}}{2 - \sqrt{3}} = \frac{12\sqrt{3} - 9 - 2 + \sqrt{3}}{13} = \frac{13\sqrt{3} - 11}{13} = \sqrt{3} - 1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2 - \sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{2 + \sqrt{3}} = \frac{2 + \sqrt{3}}{4 - 3} = 2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$= 2 - \frac{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}}}{\sqrt{1-\sqrt{3}}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{1}} \times \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2}-1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2}-1} = (\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2}-1)(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2}-1) = \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2}-1 + \sqrt{2}-1 + \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + 2\sqrt{2} - 2$$

$$\text{ب) } \sqrt[3]{\sqrt[3]{2}} \times \sqrt[3]{4 \times 2} \times \sqrt[3]{\sqrt[3]{2}} = \boxed{12}$$

$$\sqrt[3]{\frac{2}{12}} \times \sqrt[3]{12 \times 2^{\frac{1}{2}}} \times \sqrt[3]{2 \times 2^{\frac{1}{12}}} = 12 \times 2^{\left(\frac{1}{12} + \frac{1}{2} + 1 + \frac{1}{12}\right)} = 12 \times 2^2 = 12 \times 4 = 48$$

$$\frac{p^x + p^{x+1} + p^{x+2} + p^{x+3} + p^{x+4} + p^{x+5}}{p^{x-2} + p^{x-1} + p^x + p^{x+1} + p^{x+2} + p^{x+3}} = 2p$$

$$\left(\frac{\nu}{\gamma}\right)^x \left(\frac{1 + \nu + 9 + 2\nu + 11 + 2\varepsilon\nu}{\frac{1}{\nu} + \frac{1}{\gamma} + 1 + \nu + \varepsilon + 1} \right) = 2\nu \rightarrow \left(\frac{\nu}{\gamma}\right)^x \left(\frac{19\varepsilon}{\frac{4\nu}{\varepsilon}} \right) = 2\nu$$

$$\left(\frac{w}{r}\right)^2 = \Delta r \times \frac{\frac{4\mu}{\varepsilon}}{\frac{144}{100}} = \Delta r \times \frac{4\mu}{144} = \frac{420}{100}$$

$$\left(\frac{w}{r}\right)^x = \frac{\cancel{\frac{w}{r}}^r}{\cancel{\frac{w}{r}}^r} \times \frac{\cancel{\frac{w}{r}}^r}{\cancel{\frac{w}{r}}^r} \rightarrow \left(\frac{w}{r}\right)^x = \left(\frac{w}{r}\right)^r \rightarrow x = r$$

$$(a+b)^z (a-b)^z = t(r-\sqrt{r}) \quad t = \frac{-r \pm \sqrt{r^2 - 144}}{2} = \frac{(-1 \pm \sqrt{1+144})}{2}$$

$$(\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{4+2}} + \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{4+2}})^2 (\sqrt[3]{\sqrt{4+2}} - \sqrt[3]{\sqrt{4+2}})^2 (\sqrt{4+2} + \sqrt{4+2})(\sqrt{4+2} - \sqrt{4+2})$$

$$2\sqrt{4}x - \varepsilon = -1\sqrt{4} \quad t_2 = \frac{-1\sqrt{4}}{2-\sqrt{4}} \times \frac{2+\sqrt{4}}{2+\sqrt{4}} = -14\sqrt{4} - 2\varepsilon\sqrt{4}$$

$$\left(a^{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{a^{\varepsilon}} - \varepsilon\right)^r = a^{\varepsilon} + \frac{1}{a^{\varepsilon}} - \varepsilon \rightarrow ($$

$$\left(V - \varepsilon \sqrt{u} + \frac{1}{V - \varepsilon \sqrt{u}} - \varepsilon = V - \varepsilon \sqrt{u} + \frac{1}{V - \varepsilon \sqrt{u}} - \varepsilon = 10 - 1\sqrt{u} \right)$$

$$A = \sqrt[4]{\varepsilon \sqrt{14} \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{-\frac{\varepsilon}{r}}} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} (rA)^{-\frac{1}{r}} &= \left(r \times r^{\frac{\varepsilon}{r}} \times r^{\frac{\varepsilon}{r}} \times r^{\frac{\varepsilon}{r}}\right)^{-\frac{1}{r}} = r^{\left(1 + \frac{\varepsilon}{r} + \frac{\varepsilon}{r} + \frac{\varepsilon}{r}\right) \times \frac{-1}{r}} = r^{\frac{41}{12} \times \frac{-1}{r}} \\ &= r^{-\frac{41}{12r}} \rightarrow (rA)^{-\frac{1}{r}} = \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{\frac{41}{12r}} = \sqrt[12]{\varepsilon \sqrt{14} r^{-41}} \end{aligned}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{r}} = r^w a^{\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow a^{-r} = r^w \rightarrow \frac{1}{a^r} = r^w \rightarrow \frac{1}{a} = r^w \sqrt[r]{r} \quad (9)$$

$$\frac{1}{a} - r = \frac{r\sqrt{r} - r}{r} \quad \boxed{\begin{matrix} 4 - r\sqrt{r} & 6 & r(r - \sqrt{r}) \\ r & r & r \end{matrix}}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\frac{1}{a} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}} &= \frac{r\sqrt{r} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}} = \frac{-r(1 - \sqrt{r})}{1 + \sqrt{r}} \times \frac{(1 - \sqrt{r})}{1 - \sqrt{r}} = \frac{-r(1 - \sqrt{r})^2}{r} = \\ &= \frac{r(1 + r - 2\sqrt{r})}{r} = \frac{r + 1 - 2\sqrt{r}}{r} = \frac{1 + r - 2\sqrt{r}}{r} = 4 - r\sqrt{r} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} -\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-\varepsilon} + r &= 0 \\ \sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-\varepsilon} - r &= ? \end{aligned} \quad (10)$$

$$r\sqrt{x-\varepsilon} = ? \quad x \geq \varepsilon$$

$$r|x| - \varepsilon \Rightarrow rx = \varepsilon \rightarrow x = \frac{\varepsilon}{r} \rightarrow a = r$$

$$\sqrt{x+a} - r = 0$$