

$$x^2 - 8x + 12 = 0 \quad \frac{1\alpha + 3\beta}{5\beta^2} = \frac{4\alpha}{5\beta^2} + \frac{\beta}{5} \Rightarrow \frac{4\alpha}{\beta} = \frac{4}{5} \times \frac{2-\sqrt{17}}{2\alpha+17+10\sqrt{17}} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{2-\sqrt{17}}{2\alpha+17+10\sqrt{17}} \quad 1,8$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2-\sqrt{17}}{5}$$

$$\beta = \frac{2+\sqrt{17}}{5}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} \times \frac{2-\sqrt{17}}{2\alpha+17+10\sqrt{17}} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{(2-\sqrt{17})(2+\sqrt{17})}{(2\alpha+17+10\sqrt{17})(2+\sqrt{17})} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{4-17}{(2\alpha+17+10\sqrt{17})(2+\sqrt{17})} = \frac{1}{5} \times \frac{-13}{(2\alpha+17+10\sqrt{17})(2+\sqrt{17})}$$

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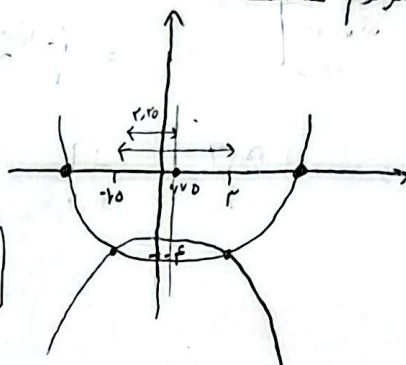
۲- دو نقطه عرض های برابر دارند $(-1, 5)$ $(-4, -1)$ $\rightarrow$ میانی خاصه آنها برابر طول آکس ترنوم هست.

$$|3 + 1, 5| = 4, 5$$

$$4, 5 \div 2 = 2, 25 = 2, 25$$

$$2, 25 - 1, 5 = 0, 75 = \frac{3}{4}$$

$$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{r}{2} \rightarrow \frac{b}{2a} = -\frac{r}{2} \rightarrow \frac{b}{a} = -r$$



$$x^2 + 12x + 4 = 0 \quad \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{|a|} = \frac{4}{1} \rightarrow \sqrt{4x^2 - 2} = \frac{4}{1} \rightarrow (2\sqrt{x^2 - 0})^2 = 4x^2$$

$$4(x^2 - 0) = 4x^2$$

$$4x^2 - 0 = 4x^2$$

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$$\left[\frac{x}{2} \right] = [4, 0] = 4$$

$$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = \Delta \quad y = a(x-h)^2 + k \rightarrow y = a(x-h)^2 + 1 \quad h = \frac{2-0}{2} = -1$$

$$\alpha^2 + \beta^2 = (x+\beta)^2 - 2\alpha\beta$$

$$a = 1 - 2\alpha\beta$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = \alpha\beta \rightarrow \frac{c}{a} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow \frac{a+1}{a} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow a = -2$$

$$y = a(x-h)^2 + k \rightarrow y = -2(x+1)^2 + 1$$

$$y = -2(x^2 + 2x + 1) + 1$$

$$y = -2x^2 - 4x - 2 + 1$$

$$y = -2x^2 - 4x - 1$$

$$-x^2 + 4x + m = 0 \quad \alpha > \beta < \frac{9}{4}$$

$$\textcircled{1} f(4, 0) < 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{4} + \frac{4}{4} + m < 0$$

$$m < -\frac{3}{4} \rightarrow m < -0, 75$$

$$\textcircled{2} \Delta > 0$$

$$16 + 4m > 0$$

$$4m > -16$$

$$m > -4$$

$$m < -0, 75 \text{ and } m > -4 \rightarrow m \in (-4, -0, 75)$$

$$y = mx^2 - 12x + 4m - 1 \quad \min | + 2 \rightarrow \frac{-\Delta}{4a} = \frac{-(144 - 4m(2m-1))}{-4m} = \frac{144 - 4m(2m-1)}{4m}$$

$$= \frac{144 - 8m^2 + 4m}{4m} = \frac{144 - 8m^2 + 4m}{4m}$$

$$2m = 8m^2 - 12 - m$$

$$0 = 8m^2 - 12 - m \rightarrow m = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{144 + 48}}{16} = \frac{12 \pm \sqrt{192}}{16} = \frac{12 \pm 8\sqrt{3}}{16} = \frac{3 \pm 2\sqrt{3}}{4}$$

$$y = 3x^2 - 12x + 12 \rightarrow x_5 = \frac{12}{6} = 2 \Rightarrow x = 2$$

$$x^r + r(a+1)x + ra - 1 = 0$$

$$\alpha\beta = a^r$$

$$\frac{c}{a} = a^r \rightarrow ra - 1 = a^r$$

$$0 = a^r - ra + 1$$

$$0 = (a-1)^r \rightarrow a=1$$

$$x^r - vx^r - \Delta = 0$$

$$x^r = t$$

$$t^r - vt - \Delta = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{b}{a} &= S \\ \frac{c}{a} &= P \end{aligned} \right\} r p^r - r p S + r S - 2 r p^r = 1$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = v$$

$$\frac{c}{a} = -\delta$$

$$\Delta = r(v)(-\delta) + 1 = 149$$

$$1,0$$

$$y = kx^r - \varepsilon x - \gamma \sim x_S = \frac{F}{rK} = \frac{r}{K} \quad y_S = \frac{-\Delta}{\varepsilon a} = \frac{-(1\gamma + r\varepsilon K)}{F r} = \frac{-\varepsilon}{K} - \gamma$$

$$y = -\varepsilon x - \gamma \sim y_S = -\varepsilon \times \frac{r}{K} - \varepsilon$$

$$\textcircled{1} y_S = \frac{-1}{K} - \varepsilon \sim y_S = \frac{-rk - 1}{K}$$

$$\textcircled{2} \Rightarrow -\varepsilon K - 1 = -rk - \varepsilon$$

$$\begin{aligned} f &= rk \\ r &= K \rightarrow y_S = \frac{-rk - \varepsilon}{r} = -1 \end{aligned}$$

$$y = -mx^r + mx + 1$$

$$y = -m - x$$

$$-mx^r + mx + 1 \neq -m - x$$

$$-mx^r + mx + 1 + m + x \neq 0$$

$$-mx^r + x(m+1) + m+1 \neq 0 \xrightarrow{x=1} mx^r - x(m+1) - m - 1 \neq 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta/0} m^r + m+1 + \varepsilon m^r + \varepsilon m < 0$$

$$\begin{array}{c} +1 \quad -\frac{1}{0} \\ + \quad | \quad - \quad | \quad + \\ \cdot \quad \cdot \quad \cdot \end{array}$$

$$(-1 > -\frac{1}{0}) \sim \text{موجب و 0}$$

$$Am^r + 4m + 1 < 0$$

$$(m+1)(m+\frac{1}{0}) < 0$$

$$x^r = t \rightarrow t^r - vt - \Delta = 0 \rightarrow t = \frac{v \pm \sqrt{49}}{r} \xrightarrow{x^r} x^r = \frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}} \leadsto s = 0, p = -\left(\frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}\right)$$

$$rp^r - \underbrace{rs}p + \underbrace{rs} = rp^r = r\left(\frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{r}\right)^r = \frac{1}{r}(49 + 49 + 1\sqrt{49}) = 29 + \sqrt{49}$$

$$\frac{f\alpha}{\Delta\beta^r} + \frac{\beta^{\Delta}}{\Delta\beta^r} = \frac{f}{\Delta} \frac{\alpha}{\beta^r} + \frac{1}{\Delta} \beta^r$$

$$\alpha\beta = r \rightarrow \beta = \frac{r}{\alpha} \rightarrow \beta^r = \frac{f}{\alpha^r} \leadsto \frac{f}{\Delta} \frac{\alpha}{\beta^r} = \frac{f}{\Delta} \frac{\alpha}{\frac{f}{\alpha^r}} = \frac{1}{\Delta} \alpha^r \quad \left. \vphantom{\frac{f}{\Delta} \frac{\alpha}{\beta^r}} \right\} \frac{1}{\Delta} (\alpha^r + \beta^r)$$

$$\frac{1}{\Delta} (s^r - rs p) = \frac{1}{\Delta} (128 - r(r)(\Delta)) = \frac{1}{\Delta} (128 - r.) = \frac{4\Delta}{\Delta} = 19$$