

① $-\frac{b}{a} = \omega \quad \rho = \alpha \beta \epsilon r$

$\alpha \beta = r \quad \beta = \frac{r}{\alpha} \quad \beta = \frac{r}{\alpha}$

$\frac{r\alpha + \beta}{\alpha\beta} \rightarrow \frac{r}{\omega} \times \frac{r}{\beta r} + \frac{\beta}{\omega} = \frac{r}{\omega} \times \frac{\alpha}{\epsilon} + \frac{\beta}{\omega}$

$\frac{\alpha + \beta}{\omega} \rightarrow \frac{r}{\omega} - \frac{r\beta}{\omega} = \frac{r(\alpha) - r(\omega)(r)}{\omega} = \frac{r}{\omega} \rightarrow \boxed{19}$

② $v + (-1, \omega) = \boxed{1, \omega}$

③ $-\frac{\Delta}{r_a} = \frac{r}{\mu} k \quad \frac{-r\Delta + r_0}{r} = \frac{r}{\mu} k$
 $14k + 4 = 14k \quad -r\Delta + r_0 = 0 \quad 14 + 14 = 14$

$\frac{r + 1r}{4} \rightarrow k = \frac{r}{\mu} \times \left(\frac{k}{r}\right) = \frac{r}{\mu} = \frac{r}{10}$
 $\left[\frac{k}{r}\right] = \left[\frac{r}{\Delta}\right] = k$

④ $\alpha\beta = \frac{-\omega + r}{r} = -1 = -\frac{b}{ra} \rightarrow -\frac{b}{a} = -r = \beta \quad (y-1) = a(n(-1))^r$

$y = am^r + ram + \epsilon + 1 \quad \alpha^r + \beta^r = \omega \rightarrow \beta^r - r\rho = \omega \rightarrow r - r\left(\frac{a+1}{a}\right) = \omega$
 $r - \frac{ra+r}{a} = \omega \rightarrow \frac{-ra-r}{a} = 1 \quad a = -\frac{r}{r} \quad a+1 = -\frac{r}{r} + 1 = \boxed{1/\mu}$

⑤ $-m^r + \omega m + m = 0$

$\Delta = 48 + 4m > 0 \quad m > -12$

$-4 < m < -r$
 $\{-4, -8, -12\} \rightarrow \boxed{r}$

$-\frac{b}{ra} = -\frac{\omega}{r} = r/10 \rightarrow r, \delta \leq \frac{r}{10}$

$-(f, \omega)^r + \omega(f, \omega) + m \rightarrow r, \omega + m \leq 0 \rightarrow m \leq -r, \omega \quad m \leq -r, \omega \quad m \leq -r$

⑥

$m > 0 \quad -\frac{b}{ra} - \frac{1r}{rm} = \frac{4}{m}$

$\delta = \frac{r}{m} m^r - 1r\left(\frac{1}{m}\right) + \omega m - 1$

$\delta = \frac{r}{m} - \frac{r}{m} + \omega m - 1 = \frac{-r}{m} + \omega m - 1 = r \quad \frac{-r}{m} + \omega m - 1 = 0 \quad \omega m^2 - r m - 1 = 0$

⑦ $\alpha^r + (r\alpha + r)\alpha + r\alpha - 1 = 0$

$-\frac{r\alpha - r - r\sqrt{a^2 + r}}{r} = a \rightarrow a = 1 \quad m^r + r m + 1 > 0$

$-(a+1 + \sqrt{a^2 + r})r = a \quad a^r = (a+1)^r - (a^r + r)$
 $ar = -(a+1 + \sqrt{a^2 + r}) \quad ar = a^r + ra + 1 - a^r - r$
 $a^r - ra + 1 = 0 \rightarrow a = 1$

⑧ $m^r = t \quad t^r - vt - \omega = 0 \quad t > 0$

$t = \frac{v \pm \sqrt{v^2 + 4\omega}}{2} = \frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{2} \quad \frac{v + \sqrt{49}}{2} > 0$

$\rho^r - r\rho + r \rightarrow r\rho^r = r \times \frac{49 + 49}{2 + 14\sqrt{49}} = \frac{49}{2 + 14\sqrt{49}}$

9 ?

$$(10) -n - n_2 - n_1 + n + 1$$

$$-n n' + (n+1)n + n + 1 = -$$

$$n \neq 0$$

$$\Delta < 0$$

$$n' + 1 + n + n' + n_2 \Delta n' + 4n + 1 \rightarrow -1 \rightarrow \frac{1}{n_2} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{a}$$

$$x_s = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{f}{2k} = \boxed{\frac{2}{k}}$$

$$y_s = k\left(\frac{f}{k}\right)^2 - f\left(\frac{f}{k}\right) - 4 = \frac{f}{k} - \frac{f}{k} - 4 = \boxed{-\frac{f}{k} - 4}$$

$$-\frac{f}{k} - 4 = -f\left(\frac{2}{k}\right) - 4 \rightarrow \frac{f}{k} = 2 \rightarrow \boxed{k=2}$$

$$y_{\text{مضروب}} = -\frac{f}{k} - 4 = -2 - 4 = \boxed{-6}$$