

$$y_5 - r = -\frac{\Delta}{f\alpha} = -\frac{(1+f-fm)(\Delta m-1)}{f\alpha} \rightarrow r_m = -r\alpha + \Delta m^r - m \rightarrow$$

-4

$$\Delta m^r = r_m - r\alpha \rightarrow \begin{cases} m = \frac{1}{1+r} \\ m = r \end{cases}$$

$$r_1 = -\frac{b}{r\alpha} = \frac{1+r}{\alpha} = r$$

$$\Delta m^r = m - f = 0 \rightarrow \text{check}$$

-V

$$\sigma_{\text{sub}}(y) \rightarrow \alpha, \alpha, \beta \Rightarrow \alpha^r = \alpha, \beta = r\alpha - 1 \rightarrow \alpha^r - r\alpha + 1 = 0$$

$$\alpha\beta = r\alpha - 1 \quad (a-1)(a-1) \rightarrow \alpha = 1$$

$$r_1^r - V r_1^r - \alpha = 0 \rightarrow y = r_1^r \rightarrow y^r - V y - \alpha = 0 \Rightarrow y = \frac{V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{2}$$

$$y > 0 \Rightarrow r_1^r = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r} \right) \quad y_r = \frac{V - \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r} \rightarrow r_1 = \sqrt{\frac{V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r}} \quad r_1^r = -\sqrt{\frac{V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r}}$$

$$5 = r_1 + r_1^r = \left(\sqrt{\frac{V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r}} \right) + \left(-\sqrt{\frac{V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r}} \right) = 0 \quad P = r_1 \cdot r_1^r \Rightarrow \left(\sqrt{\frac{V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r}} \right) \left(-\sqrt{\frac{V + \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r}} \right) =$$

$$-V \frac{\sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r} \quad r P^r = r P S + r S \xrightarrow{S=0} r P^r = r \left(-\frac{V - \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}}{r} \right) = -\alpha + V \sqrt{V^2 + 4\alpha}$$

-a

$$y = K r_1^r - f\alpha - q$$

$$y = -f\alpha - f$$

$$y_5 = K \times \frac{f}{r} = f \times \frac{r}{K} = q \rightarrow \frac{f}{K} = \frac{\Delta}{r} = q \rightarrow -\frac{f}{K} = q$$

$$r_1^r = -\frac{b}{r\alpha} = -\frac{f}{rK} = \frac{r}{K}$$

$$y = -\frac{f\alpha - f}{K} \xrightarrow{\text{check}} -\frac{f}{K} = q = -f \times \frac{r}{K} = f \rightarrow$$

$$\frac{f}{K} = \frac{r}{1} \Rightarrow K = r$$

$$-\frac{f}{K} = q \Rightarrow -\frac{f}{r} = q = -r = q = -\sqrt{\Delta}$$

$$-m r_1^r + m r_1 + 1 = -m - \alpha = -m r_1^r + (m+1) r_1 + (1+m) = 0 \xrightarrow{\Delta < 0} \Delta = b^2 - 4ac = 5 = 0$$

$$\Delta = (m+1)^2 - 4(-m)(1+m) \Rightarrow (m+1)^2 + 4m(1+m) < 0 \rightarrow \Delta m^r + 4m + 1 < 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$\Delta = q^r - r\alpha - 1 = q \rightarrow m = -q + \sqrt{1+q} \xrightarrow{r/a} m_1 = -q/r, m_p = -1$$

$$-1 < m < -q/r$$

check