

الف) $2x^2 - 4x + 1 = y$ $\left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{-b}{2a} \rightarrow \frac{f}{f} = 1 \\ \frac{-\Delta}{4a} \rightarrow -1 \end{array} \right. \quad a > 0 \rightarrow \text{min}$

ب) $y = -2x^2 + 4x - 5$ $\left| \begin{array}{l} \frac{-b}{2a} \rightarrow \frac{4}{-4} \\ \frac{-\Delta}{4a} \Rightarrow -\frac{40}{-8} \end{array} \right. \quad a < 0 \rightarrow \text{max}$

$x = \frac{4}{-4} + \frac{4}{-4} - 5$
 $\frac{-4}{8} \quad \frac{16-16}{8} \quad \frac{16-16}{8}$

1

2

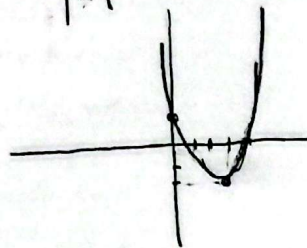
3

4

5

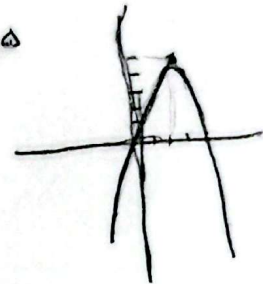
الف) $y = x^2 - 4x + 1$ $\left| \begin{array}{l} 3 \\ -2 \end{array} \right.$

$y=0 \rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 2 + \sqrt{3} \\ 2 - \sqrt{3} \end{cases}$



ب) $y = -x^2 + 4x + 1$ $\left| \begin{array}{l} 2 \\ 5 \end{array} \right.$

$y=0 \rightarrow x = \begin{cases} 2 + \sqrt{5} \\ 2 - \sqrt{5} \end{cases}$



$\alpha\beta = -2 \rightarrow x^2 - 1x - 2 = 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} x = -1 \\ x = 2 \end{array} \right.$

$\alpha + \beta = 1$

$x = -1 \rightarrow -1 + k + 9 - 2 = 0$

$k = -2$

$\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{\sqrt{4a}} = 1$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sqrt{9 - 4m} = 1 \\ 9 - 4m = 1 \\ m = 2 \end{array} \right.$

$2x^2 - mx - m = 0$

$2x^2 - 4x - 2 = 0$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \alpha\beta \Rightarrow -1 \end{array} \right.$

مقاطع $\rightarrow m$

مقاطع $\rightarrow \alpha = \beta \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} = \frac{m-2}{2}$

$\frac{1}{x} \times m \times \frac{m-2}{x} = \frac{4}{x}$

$m^2 - 2m - 4 = 0 \quad \left\{ \begin{array}{l} m = 2 \\ m = -1 \end{array} \right.$

$y = x^2 - mx + 1 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1$

$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{2}{2}$

$y = x^2 - mx + 1 \rightarrow x^2 + 1x + 1$

$\frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1}{2}$

$a > 0$
 $\frac{-\Delta}{r_a} = \frac{-(9 - r_a^2)}{r_a} = \frac{-9 + r_a^2}{r_a} = \frac{v}{r_a}$
 $va = -9 + r_a^2$
 $r_a^2 - va - 9 = 0$
 $\Delta = r_a^2 + 11v = 14v$
 $\Delta > 0 \rightarrow a$ جواب دار

$x^2 - (a+1)x + a = 0$ $\alpha - \beta = 2$ $\sqrt{\Delta} = 2$ $\Delta = 4$ $a^2 - 2a + 1 = 2$
 $x^2 - (r_a^2 - 1 + 1)x + b = 0$ $\alpha = 3$ $a^2 - 2a - 1 = 0$
 $\sqrt{\Delta} = 2$ $\Delta = 4$ $(a-2)(a+1)$
 $r_a^2 - r_b = 2$ $r_b = 0$ $b = -1$
 اقلت با هم = $|a - b| = 1$

$\frac{-a}{-ra} = \frac{1}{r}$ $\frac{-\Delta}{ra} = \frac{a+r}{r}$ $\frac{b}{rb} = \frac{1}{r}$ $\frac{-\Delta}{ra} = \frac{-b-1}{r}$ $b-d = -1r+1$
 $\frac{a+r}{r} = r_b \times \frac{1}{r} - \frac{1}{r} b - 1$ $\frac{-b-1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} - r + r \rightarrow \Delta = -2b - 14$
 $\frac{a+r}{r} = -1 \rightarrow -r = a+r \rightarrow a = -1$ $r_b = -2r$ $b = -12$
 $\rightarrow y = 1x^2 - 1x + r$

$\frac{f}{ra} = \alpha - \beta$ $\alpha = \frac{1}{ra}$ $ra\alpha^2 + r\alpha + \frac{r}{a}$
 $ra\alpha^2 = 1 \rightarrow \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{a}$ $\frac{-b}{ra} = -\frac{r}{a}$ $\frac{-\Delta}{ra} = -\frac{1}{a}$
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{f}{a} = \frac{1}{a} + b \\ b = \frac{r}{a} \end{array} \right.$ $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} -\frac{f}{a} = \frac{1}{a} + b \\ b = -\frac{r}{a} \end{array} \right.$ \rightarrow تا چه سو

$ab = a + b - 1$ $1 + b^2 - 1r = 1 + b$
 $ab - a - b + 1 = 0$ $b^2 - b - 1r = 0$
 $b(a-1) - a + 1 = 0$ $b = r$
 $(a-1)(b-1) = 0$
 اگر $a = 1 \rightarrow b = r$ $a+b = r+1 = \Delta$