

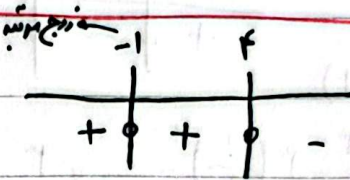
$$\begin{array}{c} | \quad | \\ + \quad - \quad + \\ \hline x^2 - ax + b \end{array}$$

$$\Delta > 0 \rightarrow b^2 - 4ac = a^2 - 4b > 0 \quad \frac{a \pm \sqrt{a^2 - 4b}}{2} = 1, 2$$

$$\begin{cases} a + \sqrt{a^2 - 4b} = 4 \\ a - \sqrt{a^2 - 4b} = 2 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2a = 6 \\ \sqrt{a^2 - 4b} = 1 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} a = 3 \\ 14 - 4b = 1 \end{cases}$$

$$12 = 4b \Rightarrow \boxed{b = 3} \quad 3 + 3 = 6$$

$$y = ((k-2)x + m - 1) \underbrace{(x - 3n)}_{\text{نیمه}}$$



$$(x - 3n)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 3n \Rightarrow 3n = -1 \Rightarrow n = -\frac{1}{3}$$

$$(k-2)x + m - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = \frac{1-m}{k-2} \Rightarrow (k-2)\left(\frac{1-m}{k-2}\right) + m - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow k - 1 + m - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = 2 - k$$

$$y = (k-2)x \cdot x^2 \Rightarrow k-2 < 0 \Rightarrow k < 2 \rightarrow k = 1 \text{ (بزرگترین } k \text{)} \\ m = 2 - k(1) = 1 \quad n = -\frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{m}{n} + k = \boxed{-18}$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{r}x^2 + 2x + 4 \quad (a, b) > \frac{v}{r} \quad b - a$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = -\frac{2}{2(-\frac{1}{r})} = r \quad a = -\frac{1}{r}, \quad b = 2$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{r}(r) + 2 + 4 = 5 \quad -\frac{1}{r}x^2 + 2x + 4 > \frac{v}{r} \Rightarrow -x^2 + 2rx + 4r > v$$

$$\Rightarrow -x^2 + 2rx + 4 > 0 \Rightarrow x^2 - 2rx - 4 < 0 \Rightarrow x = -1, 2$$

$$x \in (-1, 2) \quad (a, b) = (-1, 2) \quad \text{NEGAR COVER} \quad \omega + 1 = \boxed{2}$$

$$-1 < \frac{3x^2 - \epsilon x}{x+1} < 0 \quad \frac{3x^2 - \epsilon x}{x+1} < 0 \Rightarrow 3x^2 - \epsilon x = x(3x - \epsilon) \quad -9$$

$$\frac{x(3x - \epsilon)}{x+1} < 0 \quad x = 0, \frac{\epsilon}{3}, -1$$

-1	0	$\frac{\epsilon}{3}$
+	-	-
+	-	+

$$x \in (-1, 0) \cup (0, \frac{\epsilon}{3}) \quad \frac{3x^2 - \epsilon x}{x+1} > -1 \Rightarrow \frac{3x^2 - \epsilon x}{x+1} + 1 > 0$$

$$\frac{3x^2 - \epsilon x + x + 1}{x+1} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{3x^2 - 3x + 1}{x+1} > 0 \quad \Delta = 9 - 12 = -3$$

$$x \in (-1, 0) \cup (0, \frac{\epsilon}{3}), x > -1 \Rightarrow (-1, 0) \cup (0, \frac{\epsilon}{3})$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 1}{x} \leq 3 \quad \frac{x^2 - 1}{x} \leq 3 \Rightarrow \frac{x^2 - 1 - 3x}{x} \leq 0 \quad 10$$

$$\frac{x^2 - 3x - 1}{x} = \frac{(x - \Delta)(x + 2)}{x} \leq 0 \quad x = -2, 0, \Delta$$

-2	0	Δ
-	+	-
-	+	+

$$x \in (-\infty, -2] \cup (0, \Delta]$$

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