

الف) $(9, x+2y), (3x-y, -4) \rightarrow \begin{cases} 3x-y=9 \\ x+2y=-4 \end{cases} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} 2x-2y=18 \\ x+2y=-4 \end{cases}$

$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{-2}{3} \Leftrightarrow 3x = -2y \rightarrow \boxed{x=2} \quad \boxed{y=-3}$

ب) $(-1, -3), (\frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{y}, \frac{5}{x} - \frac{y}{y}) \rightarrow \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{y} = -1 \rightarrow \frac{y-x}{xy} = -1 \rightarrow \boxed{y-x = -xy}$

$\frac{5}{x} - \frac{y}{y} = -3 \rightarrow \frac{5y - vx}{xy} = -3 \rightarrow \boxed{5y - vx = -3xy}$

$\begin{cases} x-y=xy \\ 5y-vx=-3xy \end{cases} \rightarrow 5y-vx = -3(x-y) \Rightarrow 5y-vx = -3x+3y \Rightarrow 2y = 4x \rightarrow \boxed{y=2x}$

$\rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{x}{2x} = \frac{1}{2}$

$f = \{(a, 2a), (1, a+1), (1, -2), (2, b)\}$

$(-3, -4) \quad a+1 = -2 \rightarrow \boxed{a = -3}$

$f(a) + 2f(1) = 3f(1) \quad -2$


$-4 + 2b = -4 \Rightarrow \boxed{b=0}$

$f = \{(-1, m^2-3m), (2, 5), (-1, -2), (m+1, 4), (2, 4), (m^2+2, 4m+1)\} \quad -3$

$m^2-3m = -2 \rightarrow m^2-3m+2 = 0 \rightarrow (m-2)(m-1) = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{m=2}, \boxed{m=1}$

به ازای هر مقدار m تابع صحیح است

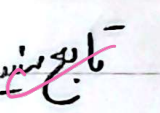
۴- الف) منبسط (ب) است مثلاً $y = x^2 - 3$ 

ج) منبسط $y = |x|$ 

۵- تابع است $y = -\sqrt{x+1} \rightarrow x+1 \geq 0 \rightarrow x \geq -1, y \leq 0$

به ازای $y = -\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ حاصل عبارت منفی است!

ب) $x = \frac{y}{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \xrightarrow{x=1} \sqrt{1-y^2} = y \rightarrow 1-y^2 = y^2 \rightarrow 1 = 2y^2 \rightarrow y^2 = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow y = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$

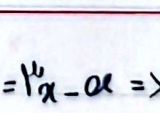
۶- $|y| = x \xrightarrow{x=1} |y| = 1 \rightarrow y = \pm 1$ 

ب) $y^3 + 3y^2 - 3y = -(x^3 + x)$ 

$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 4x + 5}{x^2 + 4x + 7} \Rightarrow x^2 + 4x \xrightarrow{x=\sqrt{3}-2} (\sqrt{3}-2)^2 + 4(\sqrt{3}-2) = f(\sqrt{3}-2) - 7$

$= 3 + 4 - 4\sqrt{3} + 4\sqrt{3} - 8 = -1$

$\Rightarrow f(\sqrt{3}-2) = \frac{-1+5}{-1+7} = \frac{4}{6} = \frac{2}{3}$

$\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow -4 = -1 - a + b \rightarrow -3 = b - a$  $\begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \rightarrow y = 3x - a \Rightarrow -4 = -3 - a$

$\alpha = 1, b = -2$

$f(x) = y \Rightarrow x^3 + x - 2 = 3x - 1 \rightarrow x^3 - 2x - 1 = 0$

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Date:

$$f = \{(r, a+b) (1, 2a) (-1, a-2b+1)\} \quad f(x) = k \quad \text{9}$$

$$a+b = 2a \rightarrow \boxed{b=a}$$

$$a-2b+1 = 2a \rightarrow -a+1 = 2a \rightarrow 1 = 3a \rightarrow \boxed{a = \frac{1}{3}}$$

$$f(x) = \frac{fx^r - ax + c + 1}{bx + 3} = x \rightarrow fx^r - ax + c + 1 = bx^r + 3x \quad \text{10}$$

$$\begin{cases} fx^r = bx^r \rightarrow \boxed{b=f} \\ -ax = 3x \rightarrow \boxed{a=-3} \\ c+1=0 \rightarrow \boxed{c=-1} \end{cases}$$

$$a+b+c = f-3-1 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{y}{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \rightarrow \frac{y_1}{\sqrt{1-y_1^2}} = \frac{y_2}{\sqrt{1-y_2^2}} \rightarrow \frac{y_1^2}{1-y_1^2} = \frac{y_2^2}{1-y_2^2} \quad \text{11}$$

$$\rightarrow y_1^2 - y_1^2 y_2^2 = y_2^2 - y_1^2 y_2^2 \xrightarrow{\text{هم ضرب}} y_1 = y_2 \rightarrow \text{رابطه تابع است}$$

$$y - 2x + a = 0 \xrightarrow{(-1, -2)} -2 + 4 + a = 0 \rightarrow \boxed{a = -2}$$

$$y = x^2 + ax + b \xrightarrow{(-1, -2)} -2 = 1 - 1 + b \rightarrow \boxed{b = -2}$$

$$2x-1 = x^2 + x - 2 \rightarrow x^2 - x - 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{x=-1} (x+1)(x^2 - x - 1) = 0 \rightarrow \Delta > 0 \rightarrow S = -\frac{b}{a} = 1$$