

۲. آذینه

Note:  
Date:

Subject:

برای حل مسائل

$$f(m) \begin{cases} m^r + rm & m > a \\ am - \varepsilon & m \leq a \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} m^r + rm = am - \varepsilon \\ a^r + ra - a^r + \varepsilon = 0 \end{cases} \quad (1)$$

$$\begin{aligned} ra + \varepsilon &= 0 \\ a &= -r \end{aligned}$$

$$f(m) = \frac{m^r + a}{rm - b}, \quad g(m) = rm + b \quad (2)$$

$$\begin{aligned} g(m) &= rm + b \xrightarrow{(r, \varepsilon)} r = \varepsilon + b \\ f(m) &= \frac{m^r + a}{rm - b} \xrightarrow{(r, \varepsilon)} \frac{\varepsilon + a}{\varepsilon + b} = r \end{aligned}$$

$$f(1) = \frac{1 + 1}{r + 1} = \frac{2}{r + 1} = \varepsilon$$

$$f(m) = \frac{\varepsilon m + 1}{rm^2 + am + b} \rightarrow D = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, \varepsilon\}$$

مخرج صفر

$$\rightarrow (m+1)(m-\varepsilon) \rightarrow m^2 - \varepsilon m - \varepsilon \xrightarrow{x^r} rm^2 - \varepsilon m - 1$$

$$\rightarrow a = -\varepsilon, \quad b = -1$$

$$f(1) = \frac{\varepsilon m + 1}{rm^2 + am - 1} \xrightarrow{m=1} \frac{\varepsilon + 1}{r - \varepsilon - 1} = \frac{\omega}{-12} = \frac{-\omega}{12}$$

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$$f(m) = \frac{n^x - \sqrt{x}}{-\varepsilon m^x + am + b} \quad D = \mathbb{R} - \{-1\}$$

(8)

رشته مربع

$$\rightarrow (n+1)^x = n^x + x n^{x-1}$$

$$\frac{f(m)}{\rightarrow} = \frac{n^x - \sqrt{x}}{-\varepsilon m^x - \frac{1}{a}m - \frac{\varepsilon}{b}} \rightarrow a+b = -1$$

$$f(m) = \frac{2m}{(m-1)(n^x + mn + 1)} \quad D = \mathbb{R} - \{1\}$$

(9) ریشه

رشته مربع

و با این  $(m-1)^2$

$$\Rightarrow n^x + mn + 1 \rightarrow \Delta < 0$$

ریشه ها

$$b^2 - 4ac < 0 \rightarrow m^2 - \varepsilon < 0 \rightarrow m^2 < \varepsilon \rightarrow -\sqrt{\varepsilon} < m < \sqrt{\varepsilon}$$

$$f(m) = \sqrt{\varepsilon - \frac{1}{m^x}} \geq 0$$

(9)

$$\varepsilon - \frac{1}{m^x} \geq 0 \rightarrow \varepsilon \geq \frac{1}{m^x} \rightarrow m^x \geq \frac{1}{\varepsilon}$$

$$m \geq \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}, \quad m \leq -\frac{1}{\sqrt{x}}$$

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$$f(m) = \sqrt{ma^r + rma + 1} \quad (1R) \quad (v)$$

$$ma^r + rma + 1 \geq 0 \quad \Delta \checkmark$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad \bullet \leq \textcircled{+} \text{ or } \bullet \leq \textcircled{0} \text{ or } \bullet \leq \textcircled{-}$$

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \Sigma m^r - \Sigma m \leq 0 \rightarrow \Sigma (m^r - m) \leq 0 \\ \cap \textcircled{R} \\ m \rightarrow (0, +\infty) \end{array} \right\} \begin{array}{l} m^r - m \leq 0 \rightarrow m^{r-1} \leq 1 \\ m^r - m \leq 0 \rightarrow m^{r-1} \leq 1 \end{array}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \cap \textcircled{2} \rightarrow (-, 1] + \text{or } \textcircled{+} \text{ or } \textcircled{0} \text{ or } \textcircled{-} = \textcircled{+} \quad \text{or } \textcircled{0} \text{ or } \textcircled{-}$$

$$f(m) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\Sigma m^r - 1}{r m - 1} \quad m \neq \frac{1}{r} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r} \quad \textcircled{1} \\ \Sigma m^r = 0 \quad m = \frac{1}{r} \quad a + k = \frac{1}{r} + 0 = \frac{1}{r} \quad \textcircled{2} \end{array} \right.$$

$$f\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) = g\left(\frac{1}{r}\right) \Rightarrow r + k = r \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\boxed{k = 0} \quad \checkmark$$

$$f(m) \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{9m^r - \varepsilon}{r m + r} \quad m \neq -\frac{r}{r} \rightarrow \frac{9 - \varepsilon}{a} = 1 \quad \textcircled{9} \\ r a m + r \quad m = -\frac{r}{r} \end{array} \right.$$

$$-r + b = -r a + r \rightarrow b + r a = \varepsilon \rightarrow r a = 9 \quad \textcircled{9}$$

$$1 = r + b \rightarrow b = -r \quad \textcircled{9}$$

$$a = r \quad \textcircled{9}$$

$$a - b = r + r = 2r \quad \textcircled{9}$$

$$r a^r + r a = \varepsilon$$

$$r a^r + r a - \varepsilon = 0 \rightarrow a^r + a - 1 = 0 \rightarrow (a + \varepsilon) \left( \frac{a - r}{r} \right) = 0 \quad \textcircled{10}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-\varepsilon}{r} = \textcircled{-r} \quad \textcircled{10}$$