

الف) $y = \sqrt{x - \sqrt{x-2}}$ $x-2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2$ $-\sqrt{x-2} \leq 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x-2} \leq x-2 \Rightarrow x-2 \leq 4 \Rightarrow x \leq 6$
 $-x \leq 1 \Rightarrow x \geq -1$ $\frac{-1}{1} \leq \frac{x}{1} \Rightarrow x \in [-1, 1]$ $\Rightarrow D_f = [2, 6]$

ب) $y = \sqrt{x - \sqrt{x-2}}$ $x-2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2$ $-\sqrt{x-2} \leq 0 \Rightarrow \sqrt{x-2} \leq x-2 \Rightarrow x-2 \leq 4 \Rightarrow x \leq 6$
 $x-2 \leq 9 \Rightarrow x \leq 11$ $\frac{1}{1} \leq \frac{x}{1} \Rightarrow x \in [1, 11]$ $\Rightarrow D_f = [2, 11]$

الف) $y = \sqrt{x-2x^2} = \sqrt{x(1-x)}$ $x \geq 0$ $1-x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 1$ $\frac{-1}{1} \leq \frac{x}{1} \Rightarrow x \in [-1, 1]$ $\Rightarrow D_f = [-\sqrt{1}, \sqrt{1}]$

ب) $y = \sqrt{x-2x^2}$ $x \geq 0$ $1-x \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \leq 1$ $\frac{-1}{1} \leq \frac{x}{1} \Rightarrow x \in [-1, 1]$ $\Rightarrow D_f = (-\infty, -1] \cup [1, +\infty)$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-2}}$ $x-2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 2$ $x \neq -1$ $\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{-1, 2\}$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x+1}{x-2}}$ $x-2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 2$ $x \neq -1$ $\Rightarrow D_f = \mathbb{R} - \{2\}$

الف) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x+2}}$ $x+2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq -2$ $x-2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2$ $\Rightarrow D_f = [2, +\infty)$

ب) $y = \sqrt{\frac{x-2}{x+2}}$ $x+2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq -2$ $x-2 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq 2$ $\Rightarrow D_f = [-2, 2] - \{-1\}$

الف) $y = \frac{x+1}{\sqrt{x+1}}$ $x+1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -1$ $\Rightarrow D_f = [0, +\infty) \subset \mathbb{R}^+$

ب) $y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+1}}$ $x+1 \geq 0 \Rightarrow x \geq -1$ $\Rightarrow D_f = [0, +\infty) \subset \mathbb{R}^+$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{r-x} \quad r-x > 0 \quad -x > -r \quad x \leq r \quad \frac{0}{r} \quad D_f = (-\infty, r)$$

$$ب) y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r-x}} \quad r-x > 0 \quad -x > -r \quad x < r \quad D_f = (-\infty, r)$$

$$y = \frac{1}{x[x]} \quad x[x] \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 0 \quad (0, 1) \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - [0, 1)$$

$$ب) y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{-x[x]}} \quad -x[x] > 0 \quad D_f = \emptyset$$

برای x و $x[x]$ هم علامت هستند و آن یکی از آن ها قرینه نشوند برای همسینه یا صفر یا منفی می شوند بنابراین این عبارت $-x[x]$ تخریب نشده می باشد.

$$الف) y = \sqrt{\left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] + \left[x + \frac{r}{x}\right]} \quad \left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] + \left[x + \frac{r}{x}\right] \geq 0 \quad \left[x + \frac{r}{x} - \frac{1}{x} - 1\right] + \left[x + \frac{r}{x}\right] \geq 0 \quad \left[x + \frac{r}{x} - 1\right] + \left[x + \frac{r}{x}\right] \geq 0$$

$$\left[x + \frac{r}{x}\right] - 1 + \left[x + \frac{r}{x}\right] \geq 0 \quad r\left[x + \frac{r}{x}\right] \geq 1 \quad \left[x + \frac{r}{x}\right] \geq \frac{1}{r} \quad x + \frac{r}{x} \geq \frac{1}{r} \quad x \geq \frac{1}{r} \quad D_f = \left[\frac{1}{r}, +\infty\right)$$

$$ب) y = \sqrt{\frac{\left[x - \frac{1}{x}\right] + \left[-x + \frac{1}{x}\right]}{a}} \quad \begin{matrix} \frac{a}{a} \in \mathbb{Z} - \{0\} \\ \frac{a}{a} \notin \mathbb{Z} = -1 \end{matrix} \quad x - \frac{1}{x} \in \mathbb{Z} \quad D_f = \left\{x \mid x = k + \frac{1}{x}, k \in \mathbb{Z}\right\}$$

$$الف) y = \frac{1}{r \sin^r x - 1} \quad \begin{matrix} r \sin^r x - 1 \neq 0 \\ r \sin^r x \neq 1 \\ \sin^r x \neq \frac{1}{r} \end{matrix} \quad \sin^r x \neq \pm \left(\frac{1}{r}\right)^{\frac{1}{r}} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{k\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{r}\right\}$$

$$ب) \frac{\cot x + 1}{\tan x + 1} \quad \frac{\frac{\cos x}{\sin x} + 1}{\frac{\sin x}{\cos x} + 1} \quad \begin{matrix} \sin x \neq 0 \\ \cos x \neq 0 \\ \tan x + 1 \neq 0 \end{matrix} \quad \begin{matrix} \sin x \neq 0, \pi \\ \cos x \neq 90, 180 \\ \tan x \neq -1 \end{matrix} \quad \tan x \neq k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{k\pi, k\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, k\pi - \frac{\pi}{4}\right\}$$

$$الف) y = \sqrt{r \sin x - 1} \quad \begin{matrix} r \sin x - 1 \geq 0 \\ \sin x \geq \frac{1}{r} \end{matrix} \quad D_f = \left[rk\pi + \frac{\pi}{4}, rk\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4}\right]$$

$$ب) y = \sqrt{1 - r \cos x} \quad \begin{matrix} 1 - r \cos x \geq 0 \\ -r \cos x \geq -1 \\ r \cos x \leq \frac{1}{r} \end{matrix} \quad D_f = \mathbb{R} - \left\{rk\pi \pm \frac{\pi}{r}\right\}$$