

الف) $(\sin 15^\circ + \sin 30^\circ)(\cos 15^\circ - \cos 45^\circ) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + (-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4})\right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{4}\right) = -1$

ب) $\frac{1 + 3 \tan^2 30^\circ}{\cos^2 30^\circ + \cos^2 60^\circ} = \frac{1 + 1}{\frac{3}{4} + 1} = \frac{2}{\frac{7}{4}} = \frac{8}{7}$

$\frac{(\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{2}) \times (\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2})}{2} = \frac{-1}{2}$

$$AH = \sqrt{2}, AC = 2\sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{AH}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \hat{C} = 30^\circ$$

$$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{AH}{HC} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{HC} \Rightarrow \boxed{HC = 2}$$

۲- الف) $\tan \hat{A} = 1 \Rightarrow AH = BH = x$

ب) $x^2 + x^2 = (\sqrt{2})^2 \Rightarrow x = 1$

$$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{AH}{9}$$

$$\Rightarrow AH = 3\sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{AH}{AB} = \sin \hat{B} = \frac{3\sqrt{2}}{4\sqrt{2}} = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow \hat{B} = 45^\circ$$

۳- الف) $\tan 40^\circ = \sqrt{2} = \frac{AB}{BD} = \frac{AB}{BD \cdot \sqrt{2}}$

$\Rightarrow BD = 1$

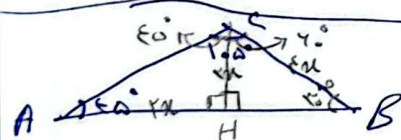
$\tan 30^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{1}{x + 1}$

$\Rightarrow 1 = x + 1$

$\tan 40^\circ = \sqrt{2} = \frac{BC}{AB} = \frac{BC}{1} \Rightarrow BC = \sqrt{2}$

ب) $BD + BC = DC \Rightarrow DC = \sqrt{2}$

$\sin \alpha = \frac{BD}{DC} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$



$\sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{CH}{CB} \Rightarrow CH = 1$

$CB = 2$

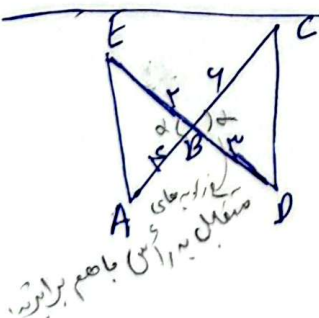
$\tan 45^\circ = 1 \Rightarrow CH = AH = 1$

$AC^2 = AH^2 + CH^2 \Rightarrow AC = \sqrt{2}$

$AB \Rightarrow \tan 40^\circ = \sqrt{2} = \frac{BH}{CH} = \frac{BH}{1} \Rightarrow BH = \sqrt{2}$

$AH + BH = (1 + \sqrt{2}) = AB$

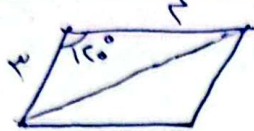
$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{(1 + \sqrt{2})}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + 2}{2}$



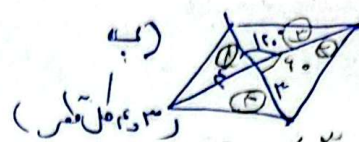
$\frac{S_{ABE}}{S_{BCD}} = \frac{AB \times BE \times \sin \alpha \times \frac{1}{2}}{BD \times BC \times \sin \alpha \times \frac{1}{2}} = \frac{AB \times BE}{BD \times BC} = \frac{2 \times 1}{2 \times 1} = 1$

$\frac{S_{ABE}}{S_{BCD}} = 1$

الف)



$$= 3 \times 4 \times \sin 120^\circ = 3 \times 4 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 6\sqrt{3}$$



مساحت 4
 $\sin 40^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$
 $\sin 120^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$

$$= 4 \times \left(\frac{3}{4} \times \frac{4}{4} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times \frac{1}{4} \right) =$$

$$= 4 \times \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{4} = 3\sqrt{3}$$

$Q(3, 4)$

$P(-1, 2)$

$$a = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$$

که شیب خط است برابر با همان است
 زاویه θ است

$\cos \theta = \frac{4}{5}$

که خط با محور مثبت محور x و محور y دارد.

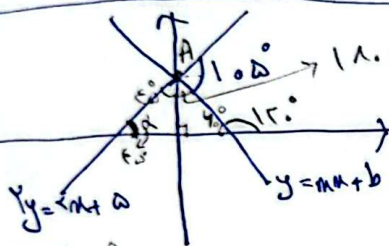
$$\tan \theta = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$\sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1 \Rightarrow \tan^2 \theta + 1 = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \theta = \frac{4}{5} \Rightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{2}{\sqrt{5}}$$

$$\Rightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{2\sqrt{5}}{5}$$

زاویه حاد است.

$\cos \theta = \frac{4}{5}$



$$y = mx + b$$

$$m = \tan 120^\circ = -\sqrt{3}, A(0, 5)$$

$$\frac{b}{c} = -\sqrt{3} \times \frac{5}{1} + b \Rightarrow b = \frac{5}{2} = 2.5$$

$$mb = -\sqrt{3} \times \frac{5}{2} = \frac{-5\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{-5\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$f(x) = \cos(\pi + x) + \sin(\frac{\pi}{4} - x) - \tan(\frac{3\pi}{4} + x)$$

$$= -\cos x + \cos x - (-\cot x) = \cot x$$

$$f(x) = \cot x = \cot(\frac{5\pi}{4}) = -\sqrt{3}$$

$f(\frac{5\pi}{4}) = ?$

$$\frac{\sin(\frac{11\pi}{4} + x) + \cos(\frac{10\pi}{4} - x)}{\cos(\frac{3\pi}{4} + x) - \sin(\frac{9\pi}{4} - x)} = \frac{\sin(\frac{\pi}{4} + x) + \cos(\frac{\pi}{4} - x)}{\cos(\pi + x) - \sin(-x)}$$

$$= \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{-\cos x + \sin x} = \frac{\cos x - \sin x}{-(\cos x - \sin x)} = -1$$