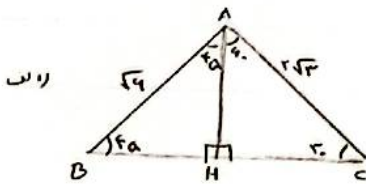
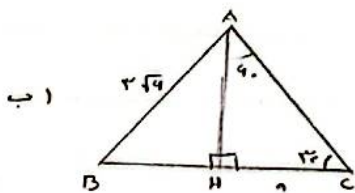


$$\text{ج 1) } \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} + \left(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \right) \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} - \left(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \right) \right) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \right)^2 - \left(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \right)^2 = \frac{r}{r^2} - \frac{r}{r^2} = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$\text{ج 2) } \frac{1 + r \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)}{r \left(\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \right)^2 + r \left(-\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \right)^2} = \frac{1 + r \times \frac{1}{r}}{r \times \frac{r}{r^2} + r \times \frac{r}{r^2}} = \frac{1 + 1}{r \times 1 + r \times 1} = \frac{2}{2r} = \frac{1}{r}$$



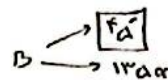
$$AH = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times r\sqrt{r} = \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{r} = \sqrt{r} \quad AH = \frac{1}{r} \times AC \rightarrow r\sqrt{r} \quad HC = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times r\sqrt{r} = \sqrt{r}$$



$$\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times AC = r \rightarrow AC = 4\sqrt{r}$$

$$AH = \frac{1}{r} \times 4\sqrt{r} = \frac{4\sqrt{r}}{r} \quad \sin B = \frac{r\sqrt{r}}{r\sqrt{r}} = 1$$

$$\sin B = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$



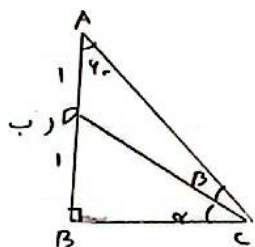
رابطه با یکدیگر باشد یا نه؟ - شکی نیست



$$\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times AD = r \rightarrow AD = 10 \quad \hat{A} = 180^\circ - (90^\circ + 90^\circ) = 0^\circ \rightarrow \hat{DAC} = 90^\circ - 90^\circ = 0^\circ$$

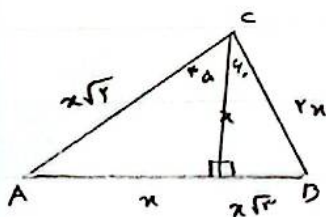
$$\hat{DAC} = \hat{DCA} = 90^\circ \rightarrow \triangle ADC \text{ قائم الزامی}$$

$$AD = 10 = r$$



$$\frac{r}{\alpha + \beta} = \frac{1}{r} \times AC \rightarrow AC = r \quad BC = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times AC = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times r = \sqrt{r} \rightarrow DC = \sqrt{1 + (r\sqrt{r})^2} = \sqrt{1 + r^2}$$

$$\sin \alpha \times r\sqrt{r} = 1 \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{r\sqrt{r}}$$



$$\sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \rightarrow x = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times AC \rightarrow AC = x\sqrt{r}$$

$$AH = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times x\sqrt{r} = x \quad \hat{HCB} = 180^\circ - \alpha - \beta = 90^\circ \quad D \in BC$$

$$x = \frac{1}{r} \times BC \rightarrow BC = rx \rightarrow HB = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times rx = x\sqrt{r} \quad \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{x + x\sqrt{r}}{x\sqrt{r}}$$

$$= \frac{x(1 + \sqrt{r})}{x\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r} + \sqrt{r}^2}{\sqrt{r}}$$

Date:

Sub:

$$\sin\left(\frac{14\pi}{r} + \pi\right) + \cos\left(\frac{12\pi}{r} - \pi\right)$$

$$\cos(r\pi + \pi) = \sin(4\pi - \pi)$$

$$\frac{\cos(x) - \sin(x)}{2} - \frac{(-\cos(x) + \sin(x))}{2} = 1$$

$$-\cos(x) + \sin(x) \quad -\cos(x) + \sin(x)$$

$$\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \alpha\right) + \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4} - \alpha\right)$$

$$\cos(\pi + \alpha) = -\cos(\pi - \alpha)$$