

برهان ضا

روش استفاده

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1 1 v

$$(1! + 3! + 5! + \dots + 201!)(2! + 4! + 6! + \dots + 202!)$$

(1)

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} 1! = 1 \\ 3! = 6 \\ 5! = 120 \end{array} \right\} v \quad \left. \begin{array}{l} 2! \rightarrow 2 \\ 4! \rightarrow 24 \\ 6! \rightarrow 720 \end{array} \right\} 4 \quad v \times 4 = 4 \quad (2) \quad \text{مکان}$$

(2)

$$\text{الف) } \sqrt{(x+\sqrt{y})^{-1}} \sqrt{1+\sqrt{y}} \Rightarrow \sqrt{(x+\sqrt{y})^{-1}(1+\sqrt{y})^2} \Rightarrow \sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{y}+2\sqrt{y}}{x+\sqrt{y}}}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1+\sqrt{y}}{x+\sqrt{y}}} = \sqrt{\frac{2(x+\sqrt{y})}{x+\sqrt{y}}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\text{ب) } \left(\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}}{10+2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{5}}{10+2} - \sqrt{10+\sqrt{5}} \right) \Rightarrow A \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5})} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$4 - 2 = 2 \Rightarrow x - y = \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow AB \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} x - \sqrt{2} = -1 \quad 9 \cdot 5 = 45$$

$$\text{الف) } \frac{\sqrt{11}+\sqrt{22}}{5-\sqrt{2}} - 2(\sqrt{9}-1)^{-1} \Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{2} \times 5+\sqrt{2}}{5-\sqrt{2}} \times 5+\sqrt{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{19\sqrt{2}}{1-\sqrt{2}+9\sqrt{2}+10\sqrt{2}+4\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{10}}{14}$$

$$\frac{-2}{\sqrt{3}-1} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}+1} = \frac{-2(\sqrt{3}+1)}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{3}-1 = \sqrt{2}-1$$

$$\text{ب) } \frac{2\sqrt{3}-1}{2+\sqrt{3}} + \frac{(2-\sqrt{3})^{-1}}{B} \Rightarrow (2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$A = \frac{A}{2+\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2-\sqrt{3}}{2-\sqrt{3}} \Rightarrow \frac{12\sqrt{3}-2-9+\sqrt{3}}{13} \Rightarrow \frac{13\sqrt{3}-11}{13} = \sqrt{3}-1$$

$$B = \frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}} \Rightarrow \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{4-3} = 2+\sqrt{3} \quad \sqrt{3}-1+2+\sqrt{3} \Rightarrow 1+2\sqrt{3}$$

الف) $\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{3}-1} - 2 \Rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}-1 + 2(\sqrt{3}-1) \Rightarrow$ (1)

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{3}-1} - 2 \Rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}-1 + 2(\sqrt{3}-1) \Rightarrow$

$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{3}} + \sqrt{3}-1} - 2 \Rightarrow 1 + \sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}-1 + 2(\sqrt{3}-1) \Rightarrow$

$\sqrt{4+2-2} = \sqrt{4}$

ب) $\sqrt[3]{\sqrt[3]{12} \times \sqrt[3]{12} \times \sqrt[3]{12}} \Rightarrow \sqrt[3]{12 \times 12 \times 12} \Rightarrow \sqrt[3]{1728} \Rightarrow 12$

$12 \times 12 \Rightarrow 144$

ج) $\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2}} = 0$

$\frac{1}{1+\sqrt{2}} + \frac{1}{1-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1-\sqrt{2}}{1-2} + \frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{1-2} = \frac{1-\sqrt{2}+1+\sqrt{2}}{-1} = \frac{2}{-1} = -2$

د) $a = \sqrt{4-2} = \sqrt{2}$, $b = \sqrt{4+2} = \sqrt{6}$
 $(a+b)^2 = a^2 + b^2 + 2ab = 2 + 6 + 2\sqrt{12} = 8 + 4\sqrt{3}$

هـ) $\sqrt{4} + \sqrt{4} + \sqrt{4} = 2 + 2 + 2 = 6$

$$a = \sqrt[r]{v \cdot f \sqrt{p}} \rightarrow a = \sqrt[r]{(r \cdot \sqrt{p})^r} = \sqrt[r]{(r \cdot \sqrt{p})} \quad (6)$$

$$\underbrace{\left(a + \frac{1}{a} + \sqrt{r}\right)}_A \underbrace{\left(a + \frac{1}{a} - \sqrt{r}\right)}_B = \left(a^r + \frac{1}{a^r}\right) + \cancel{r} - \cancel{r} \rightarrow a^r + \frac{1}{a^r} + r$$

$$(r \cdot \sqrt{p})^r = \frac{1}{(r \cdot \sqrt{p})^r} + r = r + \rightarrow \frac{1}{v \cdot f \sqrt{p}} \times \frac{v + f \sqrt{p}}{v + f \sqrt{p}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{v + f \sqrt{p}}{f \cdot g \cdot m} = v + f \sqrt{p} \rightarrow v - f \sqrt{p} + v + f \sqrt{p} + r = r^2$$

$$14 = r^2 \rightarrow \boxed{r = 4}$$

$$A = \sqrt[r]{f \sqrt{p}} \left(\frac{1}{p}\right)^{-\frac{r}{p}} \Rightarrow$$

$$\frac{f \times \frac{1}{p} \times \frac{1}{p}}{r \times \frac{1}{p} \times \frac{1}{p}} = \frac{f}{p} \Rightarrow r = \frac{f}{p} + \frac{r}{p} + \frac{f}{p} = \frac{f + \frac{r}{p} + f}{p} = \frac{2f + \frac{r}{p}}{p}$$

$$(rA)^{-\frac{1}{p}} \rightarrow (r \times f)^{-\frac{1}{p}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\lambda^{\frac{1}{p}}} \rightarrow \frac{1}{\lambda} = \sqrt[p]{\frac{1}{\lambda}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{\lambda}}$$

$$a^{\frac{1}{v}} = r \times a^{\frac{1}{v}} \rightarrow a^{\frac{1}{v}} = r^p$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{a}\right)^{\frac{1}{f}} = r^p$$

$$\frac{1}{a} = \sqrt[p]{r^p}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1}{a} = p = r \sqrt{p} = p$$

$$\frac{p \sqrt{p} - p}{1 + \sqrt{p}} \times \frac{1 - \sqrt{p}}{1 - \sqrt{p}} \Rightarrow \frac{p \sqrt{p} - 1 - p + p \sqrt{p}}{1 - p} \Rightarrow \frac{2p \sqrt{p} - 1 - p}{-r} = \boxed{-r(p+r)}$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{d+a}{t}} - \sqrt{\frac{d-f}{w}} = r \rightarrow \sqrt{d+a} - \sqrt{d-f} = r$$

$$\sqrt{d+a} + \sqrt{d-f} = r \rightarrow (t+w)(t-w) \Rightarrow t^2 - w^2 \Rightarrow$$

$$t + w = r \rightarrow \frac{a+f}{t} \Rightarrow t + w = r \Rightarrow \frac{a+f-f}{1}$$

• dot note

$$\boxed{\frac{a}{p}}$$