

$V_1, V_2, V_3, V_4, V_5$

جہ نام او

19, 2

$$1) (1! + 3! + 5! + \dots + 201!)(2! + 4! + 6! + \dots + 402!)$$

مکتبہ صفیہ  
 ۱۲۰  
 ازانجام بہ بعد  
 یکم کتبستان صفیہ  
 یہ مکتبہ بابائیان  
 یہ مکتبہ بابائیان  
 ۶۰۷

$9 \times 10 = 90$   $90 \times 10 = 900$

الف)  $\sqrt[4]{(1+\sqrt{5})^{-1}} \cdot \sqrt{1+\sqrt{5}} = \sqrt[4]{2}$

$$\rightarrow \left( \frac{\sqrt{r+\sqrt{s}}}{\sqrt{s+r}} \right) \left( \sqrt{r-\sqrt{s}} - \sqrt{r+\sqrt{s}} \right)$$

$$\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2}) = 2 + \sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{1}{x} \times \left( 2 - x + 2 + \sqrt{4 - 2\sqrt{9 - 4x}} \right) = 1 \quad \sqrt{\quad} \quad +1 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \text{امتحاناً فقط - درست} \\ \text{چون حاصل بیانته دوم} \\ \text{منفی است} \end{cases}$$

$$3) \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}{2-\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}}{2-\sqrt{2}} \cdot \frac{2+\sqrt{2}}{2+\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}(2+\sqrt{2})}{2^2 - (\sqrt{2})^2} = \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}(2+\sqrt{2})}{4-2} = \frac{\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}}(2+\sqrt{2})}{2}$$

$$\frac{a + \sqrt{4} \times r\sqrt{r} + r\sqrt{r}}{a + \sqrt{4} \times a - \sqrt{4}} = \frac{r \times \sqrt{r+1}}{\sqrt{r-1} \times \sqrt{r+1}} = \frac{10\sqrt{r} + 12\sqrt{r} + r\sqrt{r} + 9\sqrt{r}}{19} = \frac{\sqrt{r} + \sqrt{r} + \frac{r\sqrt{r} + r}{r}}{\sqrt{r} + \sqrt{r} - \sqrt{r} - 1} = \frac{\sqrt{r} + \sqrt{r} + \sqrt{r} + 1}{\sqrt{r} - 1}$$

$$\frac{t - \sqrt{r}}{t + \sqrt{r}} \times \frac{\sqrt{r} - 1}{t + \sqrt{r}} + (r - \sqrt{r})^{-1}$$

$$\frac{12\sqrt{3} - 4 - 9 + \sqrt{3}}{12} = \frac{13\sqrt{3} - 13}{12} = \frac{\sqrt{3} - 1}{4} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} = \frac{5\sqrt{3}}{4} + \frac{1}{3}$$

مسئله ۱۰۰

$$1) \sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\times \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} \times \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} \times \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}(\sqrt{1+\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}})}{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} \times \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}} = \frac{\sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}(1+\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{2})}{1} = \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}(1+\sqrt{2}) = \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}}\sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2-\sqrt{2}} + \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$2) \sqrt[3]{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} \times \sqrt[3]{14^{\frac{1}{2}}} \times \sqrt[3]{4^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 12$$

$$\frac{2^{\frac{1}{2}}}{2^{\frac{1}{2}}} \times \frac{14^{\frac{1}{2}}}{14^{\frac{1}{2}}} \times \frac{4^{\frac{1}{2}}}{4^{\frac{1}{2}}} = 12$$

$$3) \frac{r^n + r^{n+1} + r^{n+2} + r^{n+3} + r^{n+4} + r^{n+5}}{r^{n-2} + r^{n-1} + r^n + r^{n+1} + r^{n+2} + r^{n+3}} = \frac{r^9}{r^4}$$

$$r^n(1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + r^4 + r^5)$$

$$r^{n-2}(1 + r + r^2 + r^3 + r^4 + r^5)$$

$$\frac{r^n \times r^6}{r^2} = 9 \rightarrow \frac{r^n}{r^2} = \frac{9}{r^4}$$

$$4) b = \sqrt[5]{\sqrt{4} + 2}, a = \sqrt[5]{\sqrt{4} - 2}$$

$$(a^5 + b^5 - 5ab^4) (a^5 + b^5 + 5ab^4) = (5\sqrt{2})$$

$$(\sqrt[5]{4} - 2 + \sqrt[5]{4} + 2 - 5\sqrt{2}) (\sqrt[5]{4} - 2 + \sqrt[5]{4} + 2 + 5\sqrt{2})$$

$$(\sqrt[5]{4} - 2 + \sqrt[5]{4} + 2) - 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$\sqrt[5]{4} - 2 + \sqrt[5]{4} + 2 + 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$2\sqrt[5]{4} + 5\sqrt{2} - 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$(2\sqrt[5]{4} - 5\sqrt{2})$$

$$2\sqrt[5]{4} - 5\sqrt{2}$$

$$2\sqrt[5]{4} - 5\sqrt{2} = 14$$

$$14(2 - \sqrt{2})$$

پایین صفحه بخون

ساریه خدا را

$$v) a = \sqrt[4]{v - 4\sqrt{r}}$$

$$a = \sqrt[4]{r - \sqrt{r}}$$

$$\left( \left( a + \frac{1}{a} \right)^2 - r \right)^2 = r^2$$

اینجا به توان ۲ فرستد

$$\left( a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2} \right)^2 - 2 = r^2$$

(۱۱)

$$r - \sqrt{r} + 1 = r + \sqrt{r}$$

$$r - \sqrt{r} \times r + \sqrt{r}$$

$$(r - \sqrt{r} + r + \sqrt{r})^2 = r^2$$

$$r^2 = 14 \rightarrow r = 4$$

$$n) A = \sqrt[4]{r^2 \sqrt{14} \left( \frac{1}{r} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

$$\frac{r^2}{r} \times r^{\frac{1}{2}} \times r^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$\frac{r^2 + r + r}{r} = r = A$$

$$(A)^{\frac{1}{2}}$$

$$r^{\frac{1}{2}} \times \frac{1}{r^{\frac{1}{2}}} = \left[ \frac{1}{r} \right]$$

(۲) ✓

$$9) \sqrt[4]{a} = r v \times a^{\frac{15}{v}} \quad a^{\frac{1}{v} - \frac{15}{v}} = r v$$

$$a^{-r} = r v$$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{a} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}} = ?$$

$$a^r = \frac{1}{r v}$$

$$a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r v}}$$

(۲) ✓

$$\frac{\sqrt{r v} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}} = \frac{r \sqrt{r} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}}$$

$$\frac{r(\sqrt{r} - 1) \times (\sqrt{r} + 1)}{1 + \sqrt{r} \times (\sqrt{r} + 1)} = \frac{r(r + 1 - r\sqrt{r})}{r} = \frac{r \times (1 - \sqrt{r})}{r} = 1 - \sqrt{r}$$

$$10) \sqrt{n+a} + \sqrt{n-f} = r$$

$$\times \sqrt{n+a} + \sqrt{n-f} \quad a+a+a+f = a+f = r \times a$$

$$\sqrt{n+a} + \sqrt{n-f} = r$$

$$a = \frac{a+f}{r}$$

$$\frac{a+f}{r} - r = \frac{a+f-f}{r} = \left[ \frac{a}{r} \right]$$

(۲) ✓

راه حل ناصه چون

$$(a^2 + \frac{1}{a^2})^2 \rightarrow a^4 + \frac{1}{a^4} + 2$$

$$a = \sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}}$$

$$\rightarrow (\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}})^4 + \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{3}})^4} + 2$$

$$\rightarrow (2 - \sqrt{3})^2 + \frac{1}{(2 - \sqrt{3})^2} + 2$$

$$\rightarrow 4 + 2 - 4\sqrt{3} + \left( \frac{1}{4 + 2 - 4\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{4 + 2 + 4\sqrt{3}}{4 + 2 + 4\sqrt{3}} \right) + 2$$

$$\rightarrow 9 - 4\sqrt{3} + \frac{4 + 2 + 4\sqrt{3}}{4 + 2 - 4\sqrt{3}} + 2 = 14 - 2\sqrt{3} = 14 - 2\sqrt{3}$$