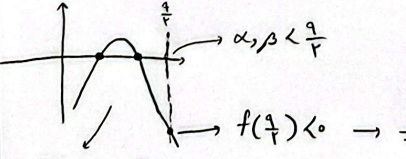


$\frac{\alpha + \beta^2}{\alpha \beta^2} \quad x^2 - 5x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow S = \frac{-b}{a} = 5 = \alpha + \beta$ $\rightarrow \beta = 2 = \alpha \beta$ $\left(\frac{2 \times 2 \times \alpha + \beta^2}{\alpha \beta^2} = \frac{\alpha \beta \times \beta \alpha + \beta^2}{(\alpha + \beta) \beta^2} = \frac{\alpha^2 \beta^2 + \beta^2}{(\alpha + \beta) \beta^2} = \frac{\alpha^2 + \beta^2}{\alpha + \beta} = \frac{S^2 - 2SP}{S} = \frac{5^2 - 2 \times 2}{5} = \frac{25 - 4}{5} = \frac{21}{5} = 4.2$	۱
$\text{مربعات} = \frac{3 - 1.5}{2} = 0.75 \Rightarrow \frac{\alpha + \beta}{x} = \frac{4 \times 3}{10 \times 2} \rightarrow \alpha + \beta = \left(\frac{6}{5} \right)$ $(3, -4), (-1, 5, -4) \rightarrow \text{ردیف‌ها غیر هستند}$	۲
$\frac{\sqrt{\Delta}}{ a } = \frac{4}{3} K \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{K^2 - 20}}{1} = \frac{4}{3} K \rightarrow K^2 - 20 = \frac{16}{9} K^2 \rightarrow \frac{4}{9} K^2 = 20$ $\rightarrow \frac{4}{9} K^2 = 20 \rightarrow K^2 = \frac{20 \times 9}{4} = \frac{45}{1} \Rightarrow \left[\frac{45}{22} \right] = 2$	۳
$(-5, y), (3, y) \rightarrow \text{ردیف‌ها غیر هستند} \Rightarrow \frac{-5 + 3}{2} = -1$ $\frac{\alpha + \beta}{2} = -1 \rightarrow \alpha + \beta = -2 \quad (\alpha + \beta)^2 = \alpha^2 + \beta^2 + 2\alpha\beta \rightarrow (-2)^2 = 5 + 2\alpha\beta$ $2\alpha\beta = -1 \rightarrow \alpha\beta = \beta = \frac{-1}{2}$ $y = x^2 - 5x + \beta \Rightarrow y = x^2 + 2x - \frac{1}{2} \xrightarrow{x=0} \left(y = -\frac{1}{2} \right)$	۴
 $\alpha, \beta < \frac{9}{4}$ $f\left(\frac{2}{3}\right) < 0 \rightarrow \frac{-11}{9} + \frac{45}{9} + m < 0 \rightarrow m < -\frac{9}{4}$ $\text{Max} \rightarrow 0 \times n^2 + 5n + m = 0$ $\Delta > 0 \rightarrow 25 + 4m > 0 \rightarrow m > -\frac{25}{4}$ $\Rightarrow n = \frac{-5 \pm \sqrt{25 + 4m}}{2} \Rightarrow m < -\frac{9}{4}$ $-7.25 < m < -2.25$ $m \text{ اعداد صحیح برای } \Rightarrow -7, -5, -4, -3 \Rightarrow \bar{14}$	۵

$A_{in} \left \begin{array}{l} \frac{-b}{ra} = \frac{1r}{rm} = \frac{y}{m} \rightarrow r = rx \times \frac{my}{m^2} - 1r \times \frac{y}{m} + am - 1 \\ y \end{array} \right.$ $\rightarrow \frac{y}{m} = 4x \times \frac{a}{-1r} = \frac{a}{-r} = -r, a \times \rightarrow Max$ $\rightarrow \frac{y}{m} = \frac{a}{r} \rightarrow Min$ $r = \frac{1^2 y - \sqrt{y}}{m} + am \rightarrow \cancel{am}r - r^2m - \sqrt{y} = 0$ $(m - \frac{1a}{a})(m + \frac{r}{a}) = 0$ $m = r, -\frac{1r}{a}$	6
$a^r = \alpha\beta \rightarrow \text{conjugate}$ $x^r + r(a+1)x + ra - 1 = 0$ $\hookrightarrow a^r = p = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{ra-1}{1}$ $\hookrightarrow a^r = ra-1 \rightarrow a^r - ra + 1 = 0 \rightarrow (a-1)^r = 0 \rightarrow a = 1$	7
$x^r = t \rightarrow t^r - vt - a = 0 \rightarrow t = \alpha, \beta \rightarrow \alpha > 0, \beta < 0$ $x^r = \alpha \checkmark \rightarrow x = \pm \sqrt{\alpha} \rightarrow s = -\sqrt{\alpha} + \sqrt{\alpha} = 0 \rightarrow rp^r - r^2p + r^2s = rp^r$ $x^r = \beta \times \rightarrow \beta < 0 \text{ و } \beta$ $\beta = \frac{v - \sqrt{v^2 - 4a}}{2} \quad \alpha = \frac{v + \sqrt{v^2 - 4a}}{2}$ $\rightarrow rp^r = r(-\sqrt{\alpha} \times \sqrt{\alpha})^r = r(-\alpha)^r = +ra^r = r \times \frac{(v + \sqrt{v^2 - 4a})^r}{r^r} = \frac{r^r + v^r + 1^r \sqrt{v^2 - 4a}}{r^r} = \frac{11 + 1^r \sqrt{v^2 - 4a}}{r^r}$ $= \alpha^r + v \sqrt{v^2 - 4a}$	8
$y = kx^r - rx - y \quad y = -rx - r$ $\downarrow$ $\text{ext} \left \begin{array}{l} \frac{r}{rk} = \frac{y}{k} \Rightarrow y = k \times \frac{r}{k^r} - rx \times \frac{r}{k} - y = \frac{r-1}{k} - y = \frac{-r}{k} - y \\ \frac{-r}{k} - y \end{array} \right. \xrightarrow{K=r} \frac{r}{r} = 1$ $\frac{-r}{k} - y \xrightarrow{K=r} \frac{-r}{r} - y = -1 - y = -1$	9
$y = -mn^r + mn + 1 \quad y = -m - n$ $\Rightarrow -mn^r + mn + 1 = -m - n \rightarrow mn^r - (m+1)n - m - 1$ $\Rightarrow \Delta < 0 \rightarrow m^r + 1 + rm + rm^r + rm < 0 \rightarrow am^r + ym + 1 < 0 \rightarrow m = -1, -\frac{1}{a}$ $\Rightarrow m = (-1, -\frac{1}{a})$ $\begin{array}{c} -1 \quad -\frac{1}{a} \\ + \quad - \quad + \end{array}$	10