

همه، مرتبه

تکلیف ۲۷

پرسشنامه

سؤال ۱۱

$$3x - y = 1 \rightarrow 11 = 2x - 2y$$

$$x + 2y = -2$$

$$\rightarrow \begin{aligned} 3x &= 14 \\ x &= 2 \rightarrow y = -2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{x}{y} = \frac{-2}{3}$$

ب) $\frac{y-x}{xy} = -1 \rightarrow \frac{y-x}{2y-2x} = \frac{1}{3} \rightarrow 3y - 3x = 2y - 2x \rightarrow x = y$

$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{1}{2}$$

سؤال ۱۲

$$a+1 = -2 \rightarrow a = -3$$

$$f(a) + 2f(2) = 3f(1) \rightarrow -2 + 2b = 3(-2) = -6$$

$$\underline{b = 2}$$

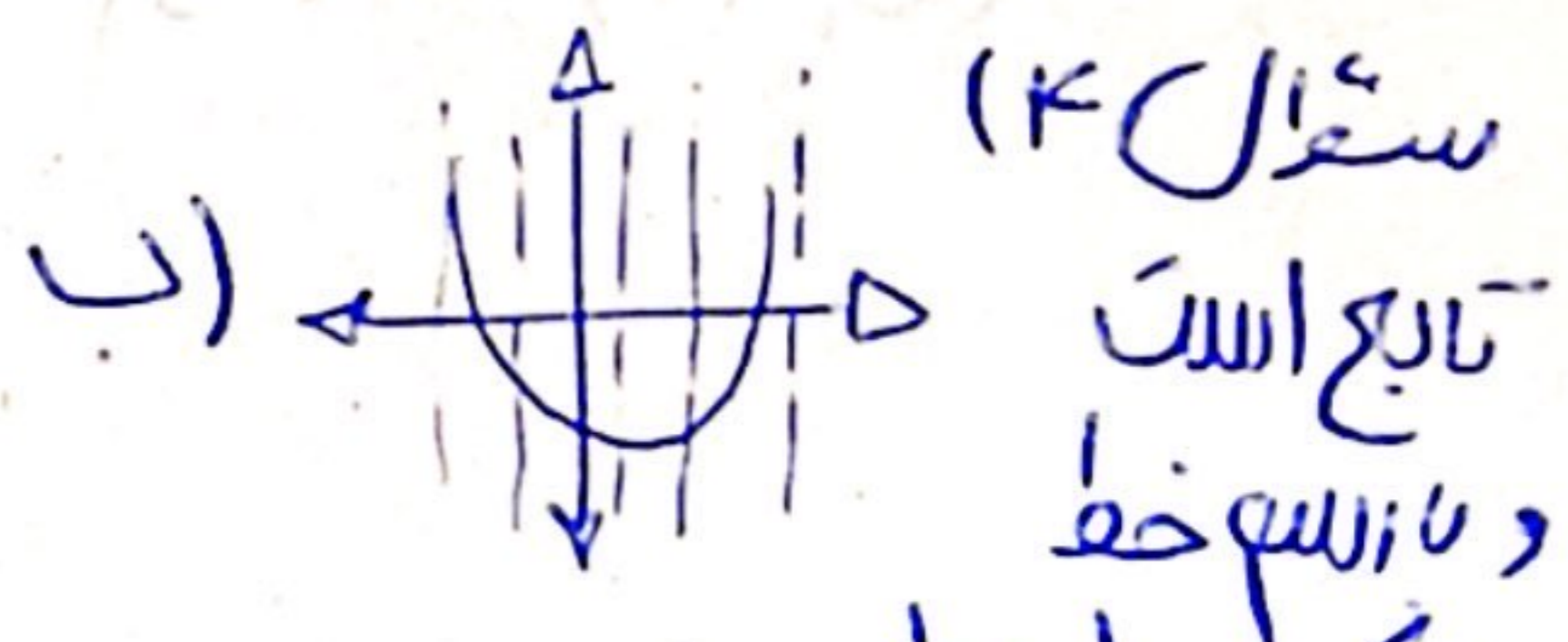
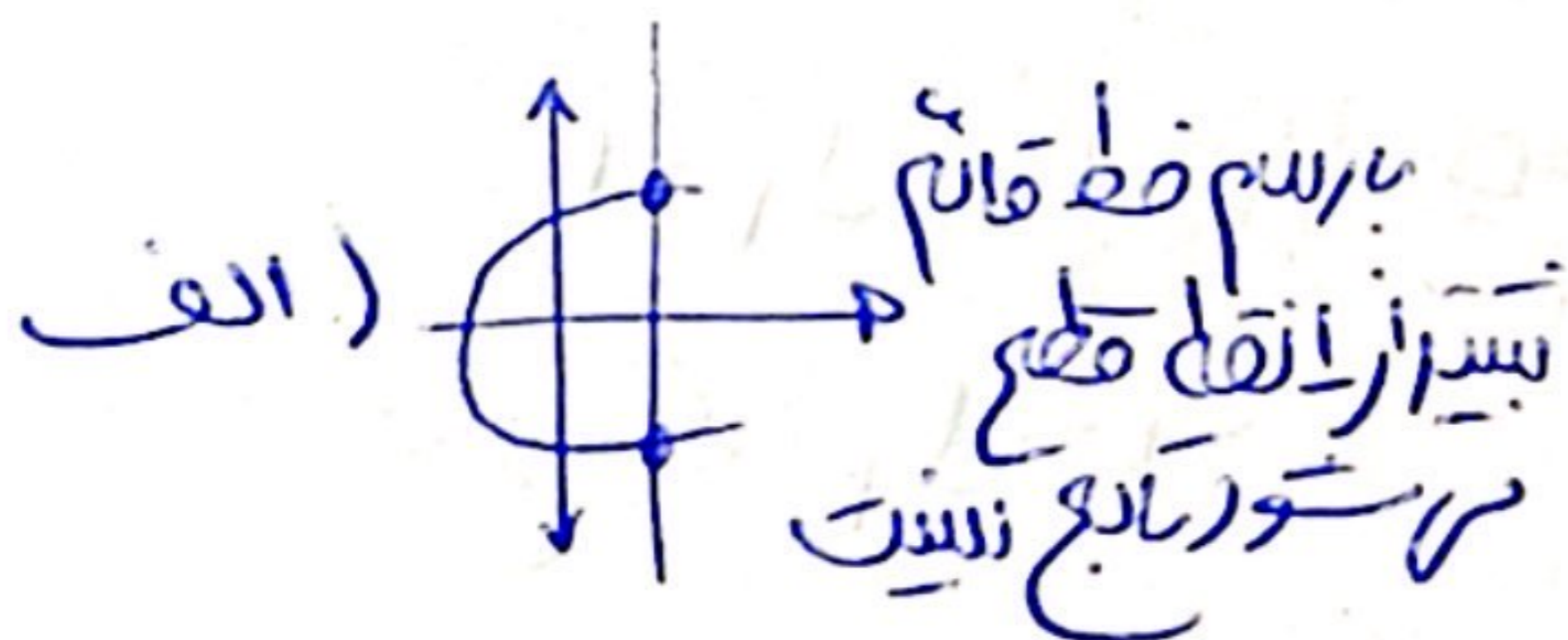
سؤال ۱۳

$$m^2 - 3m = -2$$

$$m^2 - (m+2) = 0 \rightarrow m = 2 \rightarrow (2, 2) (2, 4)$$

$$= (m-1)(m-2) \rightarrow m = 1 \rightarrow (1, 2) (1, 5)$$

به ازای هیچ مقدار m تابع نسبت

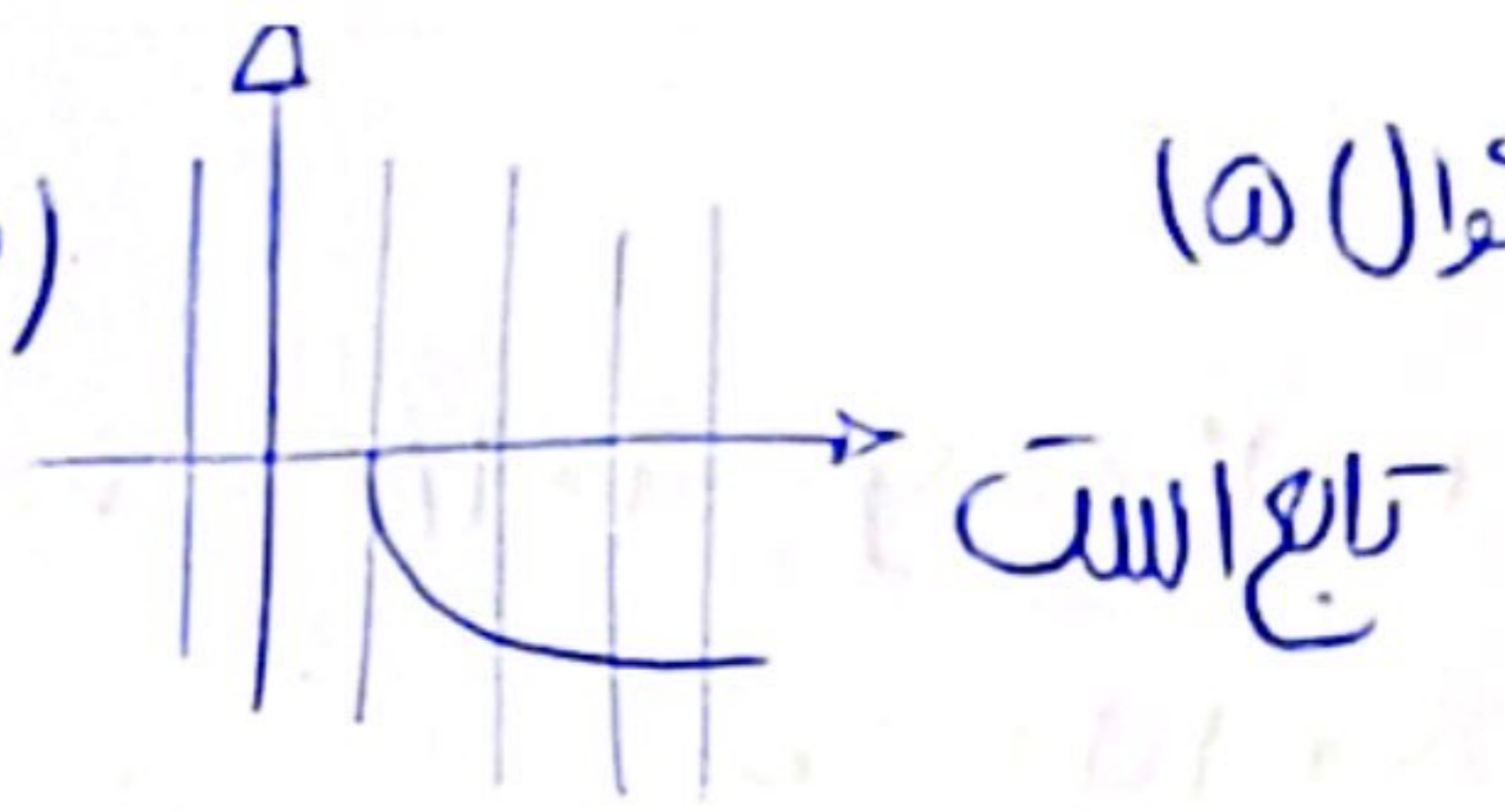


ج) بازاری $m = 0$ نسبت از آنکه داریم تابع نسبت

تغییر آنکه قطع می شود

الف) $y = -\sqrt{n+1} \rightarrow D_f = [-1, +\infty)$

سؤال ٥



ب) $x = \frac{y}{\sqrt{1-y^2}} \rightarrow 1-y^2 > 0$

$\rightarrow y^2 < 1 \rightarrow -1 < y < 1$

$\rightarrow \begin{cases} \frac{y_1}{\sqrt{1-y_1^2}} = n \\ \frac{y_2}{\sqrt{1-y_2^2}} = n \end{cases}$

$\rightarrow \frac{y_1}{\sqrt{1-y_1^2}} = \frac{y_2}{\sqrt{1-y_2^2}} \rightarrow \frac{y_1^2}{1-y_1^2} = \frac{y_2^2}{1-y_2^2}$

$y_1^2 - y_1^2 y_2^2 = y_2^2 - y_2^2 y_1^2$

$\rightarrow y_1 = y_2$ تابع است

$|y| = n \xrightarrow{\text{مثل نقص}} |y| = -1$

سؤال ٦

$y = \pm 1$ تابع است

$(y+1)^p - 1 + n^p + n^2 \rightarrow \begin{cases} (y_1+1)^p = -n^p - n + 1 \\ (y_2+1)^p = -n^p - n + 1 \end{cases}$

$\rightarrow (y_1+1)^p = (y_2+1)^p \Rightarrow y_1+1 = y_2+1$

$y_1 = y_2$ تابع است

$f(n) \rightarrow \frac{(n+1)^p + 1}{(n+1)^p + n} \rightarrow f(\sqrt{p}-1) = \frac{(\sqrt{p}-1+1)^p + 1}{(\sqrt{p}-1+1)^p + p} = \left(\frac{p}{p}\right)$ سؤال ٦

$$y = r^n - a$$

$$\xrightarrow{(-1, -\xi)}$$

$$-\xi = -r - a \Rightarrow a = 1 \quad (\text{المطلوب})$$

$$f(n) = n^r + an + b$$

$$-\xi = -1 + (-1) + b$$

$$\Rightarrow b = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow y = r^n - 1$$

$$f(n) = n^r + n - 1$$

$$\Rightarrow r^n - 1 = n^r + n - 1$$

$$n^r - r^n - 1 = 0$$

$$n^r - n - n - 1 = (n+1)(n^r - n - 1)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$n = -1$$

$$n^r - n - 1 = 0$$

$$\Delta = 1 + \xi = 0 \Rightarrow n = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{\xi}}{r}$$

$$1 = \text{المطلوب}$$

$$\text{المطلوب} \Rightarrow a + b = ra$$

$$b = a, \quad ra = a - rb + 1$$

$$ra = 1$$

$$\Rightarrow b = a = \frac{1}{r}$$

(المطلوب)

$$f(n) = n \Rightarrow \frac{r^n - an + c + 1}{bn + r} = n$$

(المطلوب)

$$r^n - an + c + 1 = bn^r + rn$$

$$\Rightarrow b = r, \quad a = r, \quad c = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow a + b + c = 0$$