

$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + 2x + d}{x^2 + 2x + v}$$

$$f(\sqrt{3}-1) = \frac{(\sqrt{3}-1)^2 + 2(\sqrt{3}-1) + d}{(\sqrt{3}-1)^2 + 2(\sqrt{3}-1) + v} = \frac{3+2-2\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}-1+d}{3+2-2\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}-1+v} = \frac{4+d}{4+v} = \frac{4}{4} = 1$$

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$$f(x - \frac{1}{x}) = \frac{x^2 + 1}{x^2}$$

$$f(-2) = 9 + 2 = 11$$

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$$f(x - \frac{1}{x}) = x^2 + \frac{1}{x^2}$$

$$f(x - \frac{1}{x}) = (x - \frac{1}{x})^2 + 2$$

$$f(x) = x^2 + 2$$

v

$$\text{الف) } \frac{f}{g} = \left\{ (2, 0), (1, \frac{-2}{\sqrt{2}}), (0, \frac{2}{3}) \right\}$$

$$g(x) = \sqrt{9-x} = \sqrt{8} \quad g(1) = \sqrt{8} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}} \quad g(0) = 3 \quad g(1) \text{ غير متشابه}$$

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$$\rightarrow \frac{g}{f} = \left\{ (2, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{0}), (1, \frac{\sqrt{2}}{-2}), (0, \frac{3}{2}) \right\}$$

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$$\text{الف) } 2f(x) = \{(2, 2), (3, 1), (-d, 2), (1, -2)\}$$

$$\text{ب) } f(x)+1 = \{(2, 3), (3, d), (-d, 3), (1, -1)\}$$

$$\text{ج) } 3f^2(x)+1 = \{(2, 4), (3, 29), (-d, 13), (1, 13)\}$$

$$\text{د) } f(2x) = \{(1, 1), (\frac{3}{2}, 2), (\frac{-d}{2}, 2), (\frac{1}{2}, -2)\}$$

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$$\text{الف) } f-g = \{(2, 2), (1, 2), (3, 2)\}$$

$$\text{ب) } \frac{2f}{g} = \{(2, 2), (3, -2)\}$$

$$2f = \{(2, 4), (3, 2), (1, 1), (3, 2), (d, 2)\}$$

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