

$$x^2 - 11x + 28 = 0 \quad (x - 4)(x - 7) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 4 \\ x_2 = 7 \end{cases} \quad \text{الف}$$

$$x^2 + 3x + 28 = 0 \quad (x - 4)(x + 7) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 4 \\ x_2 = -7 \end{cases} \quad \text{ب}$$

$$\omega x^2 - 12x + 28 = 0 \quad x^2 - 12x + 28 \times \omega = x^2 - 12x + 28\omega \quad \text{الف}$$

$$(x - \omega)(x - 28) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{\omega}{\omega} = 1 \\ x_2 = \frac{28}{\omega} = 28\omega \end{cases}$$

$$\psi x^2 - 10x + 28 = 0 \quad \dots \quad x^2 - 10x + 28\psi = 0$$

$$(x - \psi)(x - 28) = 0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{\psi}{\psi} = 1 \\ x_2 = \frac{28}{\psi} = 28\psi \end{cases}$$

$$\text{الف) } \psi x^2 - \omega x + \psi = 0 \quad a + b + c = 0 \Rightarrow x = \begin{cases} \frac{c}{a} = \frac{\psi}{\psi} = 1, \omega \end{cases}$$

$$\text{ب) } \psi x^2 + \omega x + \psi = 0 \quad a + c = b \Rightarrow x = \begin{cases} -1 \\ -\frac{c}{a} = -\frac{\psi}{\psi} = -1, \omega \end{cases}$$

$$\text{ج) } \psi x^2 - \omega x + 1 = 0 \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} = \frac{\omega \pm \sqrt{\omega^2 - 4\psi}}{2\psi} = \frac{\omega \pm \sqrt{\omega^2 - 4\psi}}{2\psi}$$

$$\text{د) } \psi x^2 + 28x + 9 = 0 \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2a} = \frac{-28 \pm \sqrt{28^2 - 4\psi \times 9}}{2\psi} \Rightarrow \Delta < 0 \Rightarrow \text{ریشه نداشت}$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 2 = 0 \quad S = \frac{-b}{a} = \frac{-(-3)}{1} = 3 \quad P = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{-2}{1} = -2$$

$$\text{الف) } S^2 - 2P = 3^2 - 2(-2) = 17$$

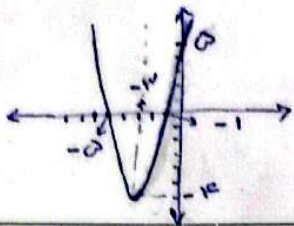
$$\text{ب) } S^3 - 3SP = 3^3 - 3 \times 3 \times (-2) = 27$$

$$\text{الف) } \binom{2}{\omega} + \binom{9}{\psi} = \frac{2! \times 9!}{\omega! \times \psi!} + \frac{9! \times 2!}{\psi! \times \omega!} = 2! + 9! = \omega \psi$$

$$\text{ب) } \binom{9}{\psi} + \binom{2}{\omega} = \frac{9! \times 2!}{\psi! \times \omega!} + \frac{2! \times 9!}{\omega! \times \psi!} = 2! + 9! = \omega \psi$$

الف) نوع Min = ext

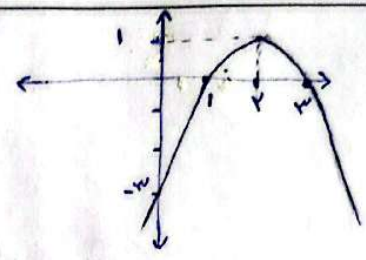
Min $\left| \begin{aligned} \frac{-b}{2a} &= \frac{-4}{2} = -2 \\ \text{محل گزاشی} &= x^2 + 4x + 9 = (-2)^2 + 4(-2) + 9 = 4 - 8 + 9 = 5 \end{aligned} \right.$



$a+c=b \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x = -1 \\ x = \frac{-c}{a} = \frac{-9}{1} = -9 \end{cases}$

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Max $\left| \begin{aligned} \frac{-b}{2a} &= \frac{-4}{-2} = 2 \\ \text{محل گزاشی} &= -x^2 + 4x - 7 = -4 + 8 - 7 = 1 \end{aligned} \right.$



الف)

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$a+c+b = -1+4-7=0 \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x=1 \\ x = \frac{-c}{a} = \frac{-7}{-1} = 7 \end{cases}$

$\Delta > 0 \Rightarrow b^2 - 4ac = 9 - 4 \times 1 \times a > 0 \Rightarrow 9 > 4a \Rightarrow \frac{9}{4} > a, a \in \mathbb{R}$ (الف)
 $\Delta = 0 \Rightarrow b^2 - 4ac = 9 - 4a = 0 \Rightarrow 9 = 4a \Rightarrow a = \frac{9}{4}; a \in \mathbb{R}$ (ب)
 $\Delta < 0 \Rightarrow b^2 - 4ac = 9 - 4a < 0 \Rightarrow 9 < 4a \Rightarrow a > \frac{9}{4}, a \in \mathbb{R}$ (ج)
 $\Delta \geq 0 \Rightarrow b^2 - 4ac = 9 - 4a \geq 0 \Rightarrow 9 \geq 4a \Rightarrow \frac{9}{4} \geq a, a \in \mathbb{R}$ (د)

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$x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0 \quad x^2 - 2x - \frac{1+1}{1} = 1 \quad (x-1)^2 = 1$ (الف)
 $\sqrt{(x-1)^2} = \pm \sqrt{1} \Rightarrow x-1 = \pm \sqrt{1} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 1 + \sqrt{1} \\ x_2 = 1 - \sqrt{1} \end{cases}$

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$x^2 - x - 1 = 0 \quad x^2 - x - 1 + \frac{1}{4} = x^2 - x + \frac{1}{4} = \frac{5}{4}$ (ب)
 $(x - \frac{1}{4})^2 = \frac{5}{4} \quad \sqrt{(x - \frac{1}{4})^2} = \pm \sqrt{\frac{5}{4}} \Rightarrow x - \frac{1}{4} = \pm \frac{\sqrt{5}}{2} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{1 + \sqrt{5}}{2} \\ x_2 = \frac{1 - \sqrt{5}}{2} \end{cases}$

$x^2 - 2x - 1 = 0 \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 - 4 \times 1 \times (-1)}}{2}$ (الف)
 $\frac{2 \pm \sqrt{8}}{2} = 1 \pm \sqrt{2} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = 1 + \sqrt{2} \\ x_2 = 1 - \sqrt{2} \end{cases}$

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$x^2 + x - 4 = 0 \quad x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \times 1 \times (-4)}}{2}$ (ب)
 $\frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{17}}{2} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} x_1 = \frac{-1 + \sqrt{17}}{2} \\ x_2 = \frac{-1 - \sqrt{17}}{2} \end{cases}$

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