

19, 75

الف) $2\pi = (n) \text{ rad} \rightarrow \frac{D}{110} = \frac{R_{\text{rad}}}{\pi} \rightarrow \frac{2\pi}{110} = \frac{R_{\text{rad}}}{\pi} \rightarrow R_{\text{rad}} = \frac{2\pi}{110} \times \pi$ ✓ (1)

ب) $120^\circ = (n) \text{ rad} \rightarrow \frac{120}{110} = \frac{R_{\text{rad}}}{\pi} \rightarrow R_{\text{rad}} = \frac{120\pi}{110}$ ✓ (2)

ج) $\frac{d\pi}{12} \text{ rad} = (n)^\circ \rightarrow \frac{d\pi}{12} \times \frac{110}{\pi} = 120^\circ$ ✓

د) $\frac{\epsilon\pi}{9} \text{ Rad} = (n)^\circ \rightarrow \frac{\epsilon\pi}{9} \times \frac{110}{\pi} = 110^\circ$ ✓

$\frac{120a}{9} G = 120^\circ$ ✓ و $\frac{a\pi}{9} \text{ Rad} = 120^\circ \Rightarrow 10a + 120a + 120a = \epsilon 0 a = 110$ (1)

$a = 4^\circ$ ✓ (2)

الف) $\cos 90^\circ \sin 90^\circ - (\sin 90^\circ \cos 90^\circ) - \tan 45^\circ + \cot 45^\circ \Rightarrow \cos 90^\circ \sin 90^\circ - \cos 90^\circ \sin 90^\circ \Rightarrow$ (3)

جواب = $2(1) - 1 = 1$ ✓ (2)

ب) $\tan 45^\circ = \frac{\sin}{\cos} = \frac{1}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}$, $\tan \theta = 1$, $\tan 90^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}} = \sqrt{3}$

$\cot 45^\circ = \sqrt{3}$, $\cot 90^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{3}}$

$\frac{(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{1})^2 + (1)^2 + (\sqrt{3})^2}{\frac{\sqrt{3}\sqrt{3}}{1} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{1}} = \frac{\frac{3}{1} + 1 + 3}{\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3}}$ (1)

$\frac{7}{0}$ (2)

$-\sin 45^\circ \cos 90^\circ + \cos 45^\circ \sin 90^\circ = \sin \theta \rightarrow -\sin 45^\circ \times \sin 90^\circ + (\cos 45^\circ \times \cos 90^\circ)$ (4)

$\rightarrow -\sin^2 + \cos^2 \rightarrow \cos^2 45^\circ - \sin^2 45^\circ = \sin^2 \theta \rightarrow \frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \sin^2 \theta$ (2)

$\rightarrow \sin \theta = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \rightarrow \theta = 45^\circ$ ✓ $\tan 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = 1$ ✓

$\tan \theta = 0 \rightarrow \frac{\sin}{\cos} = 0 \rightarrow \sin = 0 \cos \rightarrow \frac{1 \sin \theta - \cos \theta}{\sin \theta - \epsilon \cos \theta} = \frac{1 \cos \theta - \cos \theta}{\delta \cos \theta - \epsilon \cos \theta}$ (3)

$\rightarrow \frac{1 \cos \theta}{1 \cos \theta} = 1$ ✓

سوال 5 لا جواب پیدا ہو سکتا ہے

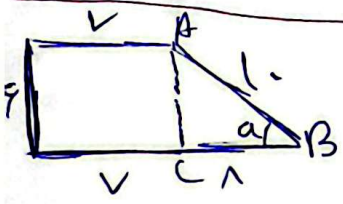
$$\frac{2 \tan^2 \theta (1 - \tan^2 \theta)}{(1 - \sec^2 \theta)^2} = \tan \theta \Rightarrow \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} \left(1 - \frac{3}{9}\right) = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{3} \cdot \frac{2}{3} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{9} = \tan \theta = \sqrt{3}$$

(5)
 (175)

بصورت سوال رفتن!

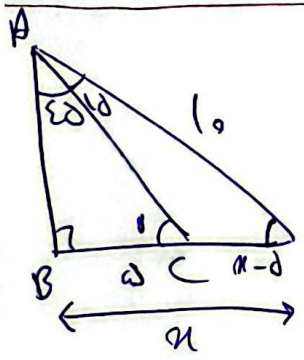
$$\left(1 - \frac{3}{9}\right)^2 \quad \theta = \frac{\pi}{3}$$

$$\theta = 50^\circ \rightarrow d \times \frac{\pi}{180}$$



$$\sin \alpha = \frac{6}{10} \rightarrow \overline{AB} = 10 \rightarrow 10^2 = 6^2 + \overline{BC}^2 \rightarrow \overline{BC} = 8$$

$$\text{محيط} = 10 + 6 + 8 + 6 + 10 = 40$$



$$110 - (2d + 10 + 9) = 10 = \hat{P} \rightarrow \overline{AB} = 10$$

$$110 - (2d + 9) = 100 = \hat{C}_1 \rightarrow \overline{AB} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times AC \rightarrow d = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} AC$$

$$\rightarrow AC = d\sqrt{2} \rightarrow 10 \times \frac{2}{2} = d = \overline{BC} + 10 \rightarrow \overline{BC} = 10 - d \rightarrow \overline{BC} = d$$

$$100 = 2d + 10 \rightarrow d = \sqrt{45} = 3\sqrt{5} \rightarrow \sqrt{45} - d = 5\sqrt{5} - d$$

$$5(\sqrt{5} - 1)$$

ا) اربع مستقیم
 ب) اربع مستقیم
 (9)
 (10)

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \cos \alpha \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha + \sin^2 \alpha = 1$$

$$1 \cdot \sin^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \sqrt{1} \cdot \sin \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} = \frac{\sqrt{10}}{10}$$