

الف)  $\tan \frac{11\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{15\pi}{4} \cos \frac{11\pi}{4} = \tan(\pi - \frac{3\pi}{4}) + \sin(\pi - \frac{3\pi}{4}) \cos(\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4})$   
 $= -\tan \frac{3\pi}{4} - \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \times (-\cos \frac{3\pi}{4}) = -\tan \frac{3\pi}{4} + \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \cos \frac{3\pi}{4} = -1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = -1 + \frac{2}{4} = -\frac{2}{4} = -\frac{1}{2}$  ✓

ب)  $\tan \frac{13\pi}{4} \sin \frac{11\pi}{4} + \cos \frac{10\pi}{4} = \tan(\pi - \frac{3\pi}{4}) \sin(\pi - \frac{3\pi}{4}) + \cos(\pi + \frac{2\pi}{4})$   
 $= -\tan \frac{3\pi}{4} \times \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{2\pi}{4} = -\tan \frac{3\pi}{4} \times \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} - \cos \frac{2\pi}{4} = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = -\frac{2}{4} - \frac{2}{4} = -\frac{4}{4} = -1$  ✓

$x \frac{(x^2 - 1)}{(x^2 + 1)} = \frac{11}{13}$  ✓  
 $\cot \alpha = \frac{\cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{f \cdot x}{1 - x}$   
 $\frac{3 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}}{\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}} = \frac{11}{13}$  ✓

$\sin \alpha = r \cos \alpha \rightarrow \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = r = \tan \alpha$   
 $\cos \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$  ✓  
 $\sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1$   
 $f \cos^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = 1 \rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$   
 $\Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \rightarrow \cos \alpha = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}$  ✓

الف)  $\cos(\frac{11\pi}{4} + \alpha) = \cos(\pi + \frac{3\pi}{4} + \alpha) = -\cos(\frac{3\pi}{4} + \alpha)$   
 $= -(\cos \frac{3\pi}{4} \cos \alpha - \sin \frac{3\pi}{4} \sin \alpha) = -(\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}) = -(\frac{2}{20} - \frac{2}{20}) = -(\frac{0}{20}) = 0$  ✓

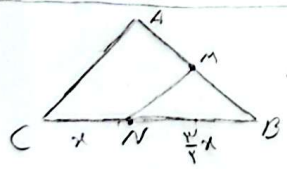
ب)  $\sin(\frac{13\pi}{4} + \alpha) = \sin(\pi + \frac{5\pi}{4} + \alpha) = -\sin(\frac{5\pi}{4} + \alpha)$   
 $= -(\sin \frac{5\pi}{4} \cos \alpha + \cos \frac{5\pi}{4} \sin \alpha) = -(\frac{-\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10} + \frac{-1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{10}) = -(\frac{-2}{20} + \frac{-\sqrt{2}}{20}) = \frac{2}{20} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{20} = \frac{2 + \sqrt{2}}{20}$  ✓

$r \sin^2 \alpha + \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{4} = \sin^2 \alpha + 1 \Rightarrow \sin^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{4} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \alpha = \frac{3}{4} \Rightarrow \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{\sin^2 \alpha}{\cos^2 \alpha} = \frac{1/4}{3/4} = \frac{1}{3}$  ✓

$S_{ABC} = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times \sqrt{2} \times \sin \alpha = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{1} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow \alpha = 45^\circ$  ✓

مسئله 14:  $S = \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 2 \times \sin \alpha = 2 \sin \alpha = 2 \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = 1 \Rightarrow \alpha = 90^\circ$   
 $2x^2 = 21 \Rightarrow x^2 = 10.5 \Rightarrow x = \sqrt{10.5}$   
 $p = 10 = 2.5 \times 2$  ✓

$S_{ABC} - S_{ADE} = \frac{1}{2} \times 4 \times 2 \times \sin \hat{A} - \frac{1}{2} \times 2 \times 2 \times \sin \hat{A} = 2 \sin \hat{A} = 1 \Rightarrow \sin \hat{A} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow \hat{A} = 30^\circ$   
 $\tan \hat{A} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$  ✓



$\frac{S_{ABC}}{S_{AMN}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \sin \hat{A} \times \overline{AB} \times \overline{CB}}{\frac{1}{2} \times \sin \hat{A} \times \overline{AM} \times \overline{AN}} = 9 \Rightarrow \frac{\overline{AB} \times \overline{CB}}{\overline{AM} \times \overline{AN}} = 9$   
 $\overline{BN} = \frac{2}{3} \overline{NC} \Rightarrow \overline{BN} = \frac{2}{5} \overline{NC}$   
 $\overline{BC} = \overline{NC} + \overline{BN} = \frac{5}{3} \overline{NC}$   
 $\frac{\overline{BM}}{\overline{AM}} = \frac{2}{3}$  ✓

$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \tan \alpha = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \Rightarrow -\frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|}$   
 $\frac{|\sin \alpha|}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1}{\cot \alpha}$  ✓

$\frac{1}{|\cos \alpha|} - \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} = \frac{1 + \sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} \rightarrow -\frac{\sin \alpha}{|\cos \alpha|} = \frac{\sin \alpha}{\cos \alpha} \rightarrow \cos \alpha < 0$