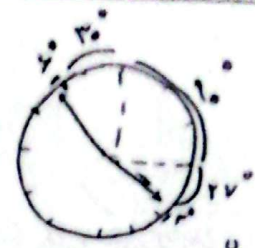
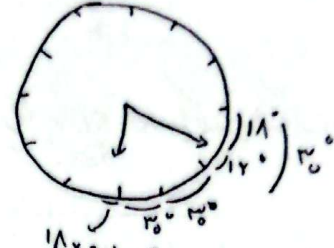
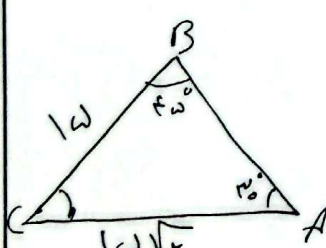


$ \omega \times \omega - r_0 \times h \rightarrow \left \frac{\omega \omega}{10} \times \omega^2 - r_0 \times r \right $ $= 297 \cdot 90 = 20V$ $2\% - 5\% = 10\%$	<p style="text-align: right;">الف)</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">$30 + 90 + 30 = 150$</p>
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$ 18 \times \omega, \omega - r_0 \times y = 11 \quad (\text{ب})$	<p style="text-align: right;">الف)</p> <p style="text-align: center;">$40 + 12 + 9 = 310$</p>  <p style="text-align: center;">$18 \times \omega = 9$</p>
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$ AB = \alpha r$ $\frac{\pi}{4} \times r = \frac{\pi}{4}$	<p style="text-align: right;">الف)</p> $S_{OAB} = \frac{\alpha r^2}{2}$ $\Rightarrow \frac{\pi}{4} \times r^2 = \frac{\frac{\pi}{4} r^2}{\frac{r}{2}} = \frac{\pi r}{4}$
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$CB = \sqrt{\omega^2 + r^2 - 10 \times \frac{1}{r}}$ $= \sqrt{F9} = V$ $P = \omega + 1 + V = 20$	<p style="text-align: right;">الف)</p> $S_{ASB} = \frac{1}{2} \sin A \times AC \times AB$ $\frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \times 18 \times \omega = 10\sqrt{r}$
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	$A = 180 - \hat{B} + \hat{C} = 20$ $\frac{\omega}{\sin A} = \frac{\omega\sqrt{r}}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \frac{\omega}{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{\omega\sqrt{r}}{\sin B} \Rightarrow \sin B = \frac{\omega\sqrt{r}}{\omega r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$ $\hat{B} = 4\omega$ $C = (180 - (4\omega + 20)) = 10\omega$ $B = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad C = \frac{V\pi}{1r}$
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$$\frac{\tan(\pi - \alpha) + r \tan(\pi + \alpha)}{\tan(r\pi - \alpha) \cdot \tan(r\pi + \alpha)} = \frac{-\tan \alpha + r \tan \alpha}{-\tan \alpha - \tan \alpha} = -1$$

6

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \tan \omega &= \cot \pi \\ \tan \omega &= -\cot \pi \\ \tan \omega &= -\tan \pi \\ \tan \omega &= -\cot \pi \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow \frac{r \cot \pi - \cot \pi}{-r \tan \pi + \cot \pi} = \frac{\cot \pi}{\frac{1}{r} - r \tan \pi}$$

$$\frac{\pi}{r} = \omega \Rightarrow \frac{1}{1-r^2} = \frac{1}{1-r^2}$$

7

$$\frac{\sin x + \cos x}{\sin x - \cos x} + \frac{\sin x - \cos x}{\sin x + \cos x} = \frac{r \sin^2 x + r \cos^2 x}{\sin^2 x - \cos^2 x} = \frac{r \sin^2 x + r(1 - \sin^2 x)}{\sin^2 x - (1 - \sin^2 x)}$$

8

$$\frac{r \sin^2 x + r - r \sin^2 x}{r \sin^2 x - 1} = r \Rightarrow 4 \sin^2 x - r = r$$

$$r \sin^2 x = \omega \quad \sin^2 x = \frac{\omega}{r} \quad \cos^2 x = \frac{1}{r}$$

$$\tan^2 x = \frac{\omega}{1} = \omega$$

$$\frac{\sin^2 x - r(1 - \sin^2 x) + 1}{\sin^2 x + r(1 - \sin^2 x) - 1} = \frac{\sin^2 x - r + r \sin^2 x + 1}{\sin^2 x + r - r \sin^2 x - 1} = \frac{r \sin^2 x - 1}{1 - \sin^2 x} = r$$

9

$$r - r \sin^2 x = r \sin^2 x - 1 \Rightarrow 2 \sin^2 x = \omega$$

$$\sin^2 x = \frac{\omega}{2} \quad \tan^2 x = \frac{\sqrt{\omega}}{\sqrt{1-\omega}} = \frac{\omega}{1-\omega}$$

$$\cos^2 x = \frac{r}{2}$$

$$\cos(r\pi, \omega) \Rightarrow \cos^2(r\pi, \omega) = \frac{1 + \cos(2r\pi, \omega)}{2} = \frac{r + \sqrt{r}}{2} \quad (i)$$

$$\cos(r\pi, \omega) = \sqrt{\frac{r + \sqrt{r}}{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{r + \sqrt{r}}}{\sqrt{2}}$$

$$\sin(2r\pi, \omega) \Rightarrow \sin^2(2r\pi, \omega) = \frac{1 - \cos(4r\pi, \omega)}{2} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{r}}{2} \quad (ii)$$

10

$$\frac{r + \sqrt{r}}{2} = \frac{r - \sqrt{r}}{2} \quad \sin = \frac{\sqrt{r - \sqrt{r}}}{\sqrt{2}}$$