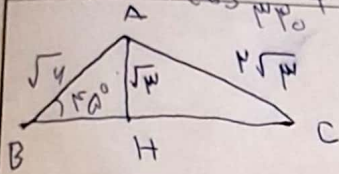


۱۸, ۵

نام و نام خانوادگی: پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره: کلاس: تاریخ:

الف) $(\sin 135^\circ + \sin 105^\circ) (\cos 135^\circ - \cos 105^\circ) = \frac{(\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3})(\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3})}{2} = \frac{2-3}{2} = -\frac{1}{2}$

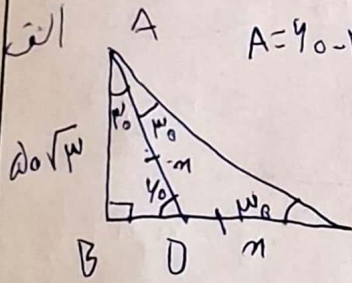
ب) $\frac{1 + \tan 10^\circ \tan 10^\circ}{\cos^2 10^\circ + \sin^2 10^\circ} = \frac{(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})^2 + 1}{(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2})^2 + (\frac{1}{2})^2} = \frac{1+1}{\frac{3}{4} + \frac{1}{4}} = \frac{2}{1} = 2$



الف) $\sqrt{4} \times \sin 60^\circ = AH = \sqrt{4} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sqrt{3}$

$HC^2 = (2\sqrt{3})^2 - (\sqrt{3})^2 = 12 - 3 = 9$

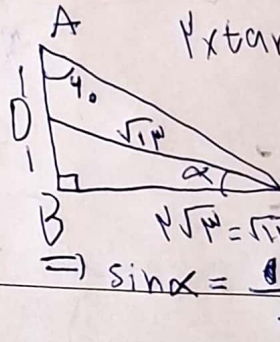
$\Rightarrow HC = 3$



$2\sqrt{3} \times \frac{1}{\cos 60^\circ} = \frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\frac{1}{2}} = 4\sqrt{3}$

$\frac{2\sqrt{3}}{\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}} = \frac{4\sqrt{3}}{\sqrt{2}} = 2\sqrt{6}$

$m = 2\sqrt{6}$

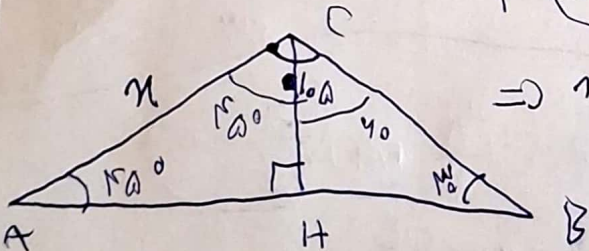


$1 \times \tan 60^\circ = BC = \sqrt{3}$

$DC^2 = (\sqrt{3})^2 + 1^2 = 4$

$\Rightarrow DC = 2$

$\Rightarrow \sin x = \frac{1}{2}$



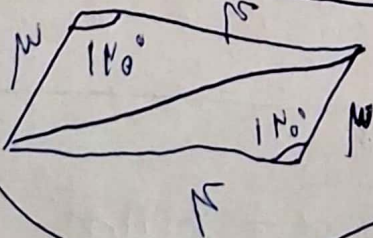
$AH = m \times \cos 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} m$

$\Rightarrow m \times \sin 60^\circ = CH = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} m$

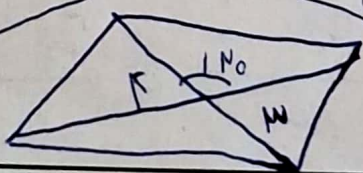
$CH \times \frac{1}{\tan 60^\circ} = BH = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} m \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{m}{2}$

$AB = AH + BH = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} m + \frac{m}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2} m$

$\Rightarrow \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{\frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2} m}{m} = \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2}$



$S = 10 \times (10 \times \sin 120^\circ) \times \frac{1}{2} = 25\sqrt{3}$



$S = 10 \times 10 \times \sin 120^\circ = 100 \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = 50\sqrt{3}$

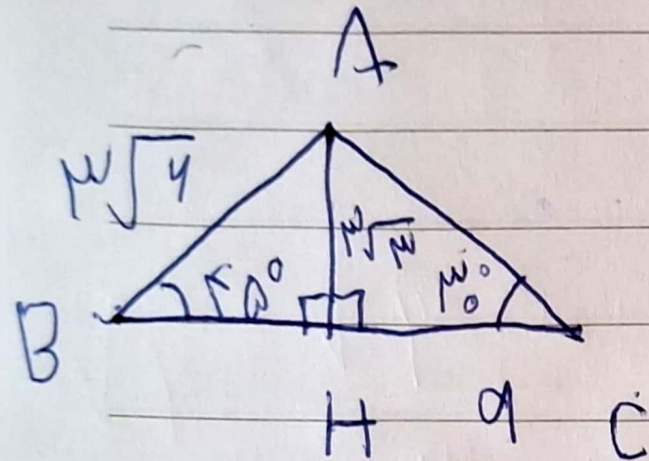
$S = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin \theta$

جواب سوال ۱/۲

۲۵۳

Subject :

Day : Month : Year :



جواب ب) سوال ۲

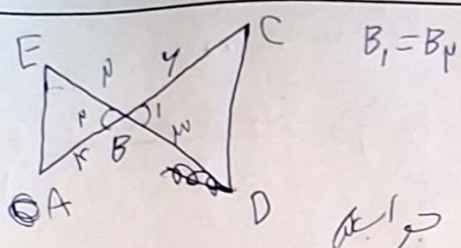
$$\Rightarrow \tan \mu_0 \times q = AH = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{\mu} \times q = \mu\sqrt{3}$$

$$\sin B = \frac{\mu\sqrt{3}}{\mu\sqrt{4}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \Rightarrow B = 45^\circ$$

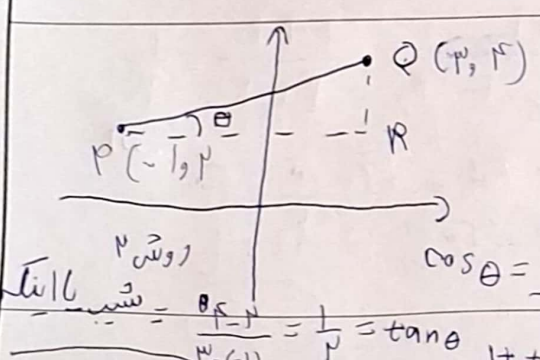
$$B + A = 90^\circ$$

$$\hat{B} = 45^\circ$$

فقط چون B نامعلوم است

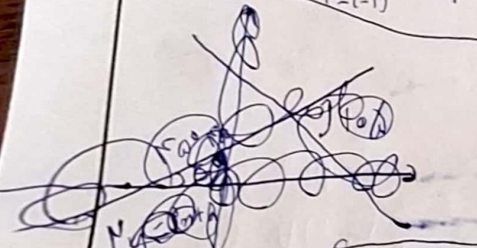


$$\frac{S_{\triangle ABE}}{S_{\triangle BCD}} = \frac{\frac{1}{2} \times \cancel{P} \times \cancel{Q} \times \sin B_1}{\frac{1}{2} \times \cancel{P} \times \cancel{Q} \times \sin B_1} = \frac{\cancel{P} \times \cancel{Q} \times \sin B_1}{\cancel{P} \times \cancel{Q} \times \sin B_1}$$



$$PQ = \sqrt{p^2 + r^2} = \sqrt{p_0^2 + r_0^2}$$

$$\cos \theta = \frac{PR}{PQ} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{p^2 + r^2}} = \frac{r}{\sqrt{p_0^2 + r_0^2}}$$



$$y = mx + b$$

$$\Rightarrow \tan \theta = m$$

$$\Rightarrow \theta = \tan^{-1} m$$

$$f_n = \cos\left(\frac{n\pi}{4} + m\right) + \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4} - m\right) - \tan\left(\frac{n\pi}{4} + m\right)$$

$$f\left(\frac{a\pi}{4}\right) = \cos\left(\frac{a\pi}{4} + m\right) + \sin\left(\frac{a\pi}{4} - m\right) - \tan\left(\frac{a\pi}{4} + m\right)$$

$$= \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} - \sqrt{2} = -\sqrt{2}$$

$$\frac{\sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{4} + m\right)}{\sin\left(\frac{16n\pi}{4} + m\right)} + \frac{\cos\left(\frac{16n\pi}{4} - m\right)}{\cos\left(\frac{16n\pi}{4} - m\right)} \sim \frac{\cos m + \sin m}{-\cos m + \sin m} = -1$$