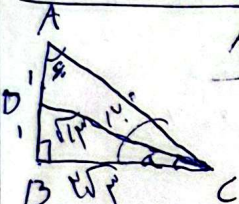


(الف)
 $\sin 135^\circ = \sin 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$ $\cos 135^\circ = -\cos 45^\circ = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 $\sin 30^\circ = \sin 6^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $\cos 30^\circ = \cos 6^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$
 $\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{2-3}{4} = -\frac{1}{4}$ $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3}}{2}$

(ب)
 $\tan 135^\circ = \tan (135^\circ) = \tan 45^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$ $\frac{1+3 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}}{3+1} = \frac{1+1}{4} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2}$
 $\cos 135^\circ = \cos (135^\circ) = \cos 45^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$
 $\cos 135^\circ = \cos (135^\circ) = -\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}$

(الف)
 $AD = \sqrt{5}$ $AC = AB^2 + BC^2 - 2(AB)(BC) \cos \theta$
 $AC = 2\sqrt{3}$ $(\sqrt{3})^2 = (\sqrt{5})^2 + 2^2 - 2(\sqrt{5})(2) \cos \theta$ $BH = AB \cos 45^\circ$
 $DC = x$ $12 = 5 + 4 - 2\sqrt{3}x$ $\sqrt{5} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sqrt{3}$ $2 + \sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3} = \boxed{3}$
 $12 = 9 + x^2 - 2\sqrt{3}x$ $x = 3 + \sqrt{3}$ (چون طول است مثبت)

(ب)
 $AD = \sqrt{5}$ $AH = HC \tan 135^\circ = 9 \times \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = 3\sqrt{3}$
 $HC = 9$ $AB^2 = AH^2 + BH^2 = (3\sqrt{3})^2 + (3\sqrt{3})^2 = 54$ $54 = 27 + BH^2$
 $\hat{C} = 135^\circ$ $\tan B = \frac{AH}{BH} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{3\sqrt{3}} = 1 \Rightarrow \hat{B} = 45^\circ$ $BH = 3\sqrt{3}$

(الف)
 $\sin 135^\circ = \frac{AB}{AC} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{AB}{AC} \Rightarrow AC = 100\sqrt{2}$ ΔADD متساوی الساقین $= x$
 $\cos 135^\circ = \frac{BC}{AC} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{BC}{100\sqrt{2}} \Rightarrow BC = -100$ $AB = BC = x$ $AD = 2x$
 $100 - 0 = \boxed{100}$ $x = 0$

 $AC = 100$
 $\sin 135^\circ = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$ $\sin a = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$
 $\sin 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$ $BC = \sqrt{12} = 2\sqrt{3}$ $(2\sqrt{3})^2 + 1^2 = \sqrt{13}$

$\frac{AB}{\sin C} = \frac{AC}{\sin B} = \frac{BC}{\sin A}$ $\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4} = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{2}$

$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{\sin C}{\sin B} = \frac{\sin 100^\circ}{\sin 30^\circ}$ $= \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{6} + \sqrt{2}}{4}$
 $\sin 30^\circ = \frac{1}{2}$ $\sin 100^\circ = \sin (90^\circ + 10^\circ) = \sin 90^\circ \cos 10^\circ + \cos 90^\circ \sin 10^\circ$

باتوجه به اینکه ضلع مساوی من شود
 $\overline{CB} = 100$ $\frac{3}{2} \times \frac{3}{2} = \frac{9}{4}$
 $\overline{BA} = 100$ $\frac{1}{9} = \boxed{\frac{4}{9}}$
 $\overline{DB} = 100$ $\frac{1}{9} = \boxed{\frac{4}{9}}$
 زاویه متقابل برابر است

$$S = a \times b \times \sin \theta = r \times r \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{r} = \boxed{r\sqrt{3}}$$

(الف)

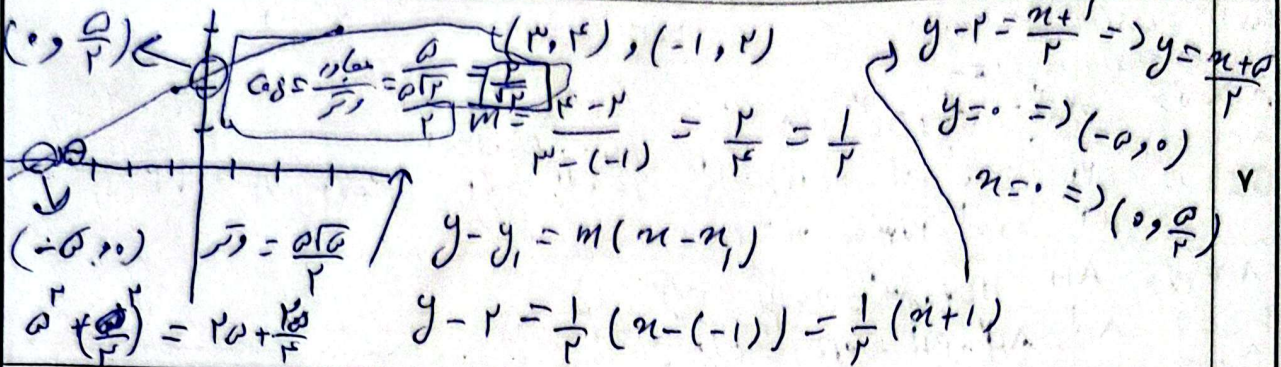
$$\sin(\pi - \phi) = \sin \pi \cdot \sin \phi = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{r} \quad a = r \quad b = r$$

$$P = r \quad S = \frac{1}{2} \times P \times q \times \sin \theta$$

$$q = r$$

$$\theta = 120^\circ \quad S = \frac{1}{2} \times r \times r \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{r} = \boxed{r\sqrt{3}}$$

(ب)



$$y = x + \frac{5}{4}$$

$$r_y = x + \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\tan \theta = \left| \frac{m_2 - m_1}{1 + m_1 m_2} \right|$$

$$m_1 = 1 \quad \tan \theta = \left| \frac{m - 1}{1 + m} \right| = \left| \frac{m - 1}{1 + m} \right|$$

$$m_2 = m < 0$$

$$\tan \theta = -\tan \phi \Rightarrow \tan \theta = -\tan \phi$$

$$\left| \tan \theta \right| = \tan \phi$$

$$m - 1 = -(1 + m) \times \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$$

$$m(1 + \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}) = 1 - \frac{\sqrt{3} + 1}{\sqrt{3} - 1}$$

$$m = -\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$b = 2\sqrt{3} \quad y = 2\sqrt{3} \quad x = 0$$

$$\cos(\pi + \alpha) = -\cos \alpha$$

$$\cos(\pi + \frac{\pi}{2}) = -\cos \frac{\pi}{2} = -(-\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2}$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} + \alpha) = -\cot \alpha$$

$$\tan(\frac{\pi}{2} + \frac{\pi}{4}) = -\cot(\frac{\pi}{4}) = -(-1) = 1$$

$$f(\frac{\pi}{2}) = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} - \sqrt{3} = 0 - \sqrt{3} = \boxed{-\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\sin(\frac{11\pi}{6} + \alpha) = \sin(\frac{\pi}{6} + \alpha) = \cos \alpha$$

$$\cos(\frac{10\pi}{6} - \alpha) = \cos(\frac{\pi}{6} - \alpha) = \sin \alpha$$

$$\cos(2\pi + \alpha) = \cos(\pi + \alpha) = -\cos \alpha$$

$$\sin(9\pi - \alpha) = \sin(-\alpha) = -\sin \alpha$$

$$\frac{\cos \alpha + \sin \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha}$$

$$= \frac{\sin \alpha + \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha - \cos \alpha}$$

1.