

$$\alpha + \beta = 5 \quad \alpha\beta = 2 \quad \beta^2 = 5\beta - 2$$

۱- (۲۱)

ی نسبت به

$$\beta^3 = \beta \times \beta^2 = \beta(5\beta - 2) = 5\beta^2 - 2\beta = 5(5\beta - 2) - 2\beta = 25\beta - 10 - 2\beta = 23\beta - 10$$

ی نسبت به

$$\beta^4 = \beta \times \beta^3 = \beta(23\beta - 10) = 23\beta^2 - 10\beta = 23(5\beta - 2) - 10\beta = 115\beta - 46 - 10\beta = 105\beta - 46$$

ی نسبت به

$$f(\alpha + \beta^4) = f(\alpha) + f(105\beta - 46) = 5 + 105f(\beta) - 46f(1) = 5 + 105(5) - 46(2) = 5 + 525 - 92 = 438$$

$$f(\alpha + \beta^4) = f(5 - \beta) + f(105\beta - 46) = 5 + 105f(\beta) - 46f(1) = 5 + 525 - 92 = 438$$

$$438 - 190 = 248$$

$$5\beta^2 = 5(5\beta - 2) = 25\beta - 10$$

$$\frac{248}{5} = \frac{525 - 190}{5} = \frac{335}{5} = 67$$

$$y = -\frac{1}{2} \quad x = \frac{2 + (-1)}{2} = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$f(x) = ax^2 + bx + c = x - \frac{r_1 + r_2}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow$$

$$r_1 + r_2 = 2 \times \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

$$r_1 + r_2 = -2k \quad r_1 \times r_2 = 5$$

$$r_1 - r_2 = \frac{4k}{3} \quad (r_1 - r_2)^2 = (r_1 + r_2)^2 - 4r_1 r_2$$

$$\left(\frac{4k}{3}\right)^2 = (1)^2 - 4(5) \quad \frac{16k^2}{9} = 1 - 20 \quad 16k^2 = -36 \quad k^2 = -\frac{9}{4} \quad k = \pm \frac{3}{2}i$$

$$x = \frac{2 + (-1)}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \quad f(x) = a(x^2 + 2x + 1) + 1 = a(x+1)^2 + 1$$

$$2a(x+1) + a + 1 = 5 \quad \alpha + \beta = 5 \quad \alpha\beta = 2$$

$$(-2\alpha)^2 - 2(\alpha+1) = 5 \quad 4\alpha^2 - 2\alpha - 2 = 5 \quad 4\alpha^2 - 2\alpha - 7 = 0$$

$$\alpha = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{4 + 112}}{8} = \frac{2 \pm \sqrt{116}}{8} = \frac{1 \pm \sqrt{29}}{4} \quad x=0 \Rightarrow f(0) = a(0+1)^2 + 1 = a + 1$$

$$+1 = \alpha + 1 \quad f(0) = \frac{1 + \sqrt{29}}{4} + 1 = \frac{5 + \sqrt{29}}{4} \quad a + 1 = \frac{5 + \sqrt{29}}{4}$$

$$f(0) = \frac{5 + \sqrt{29}}{4} = \frac{10 + \sqrt{29}}{8} = 2,5$$

$$f(0) = \frac{1 - \sqrt{29}}{4} + 1 = \frac{5 - \sqrt{29}}{4}$$

$$f(0) = \frac{5 - \sqrt{29}}{4} = \frac{-0,29}{4} = -0,1$$

Benobar

(۲,۵) (۰,۱)

$$0 = \omega - \frac{1}{\omega} (-1) m = 2\omega + \frac{1}{\omega} m \quad m - \frac{1}{\omega} = -2\omega \quad \Delta \geq 0 \quad (1)$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{\frac{1}{\omega}}{2\omega} = \frac{1}{2\omega^2} \quad f\left(\frac{1}{2\omega^2}\right) = -\left(\frac{1}{2\omega^2}\right)^2 + 0\left(\frac{1}{2\omega^2}\right) + m < 0$$

$$-\frac{1}{4\omega^4} + \frac{1}{\omega} + m < 0 \quad \frac{1}{\omega} + m < 0 \quad m < -\frac{1}{\omega} = -2\omega$$

$$-2\omega < m < -\frac{1}{\omega} \quad m = \left\{ -\frac{1}{\omega}, -2\omega, -\frac{1}{\omega} - 2\omega \right\} = \left\{ -\frac{1}{\omega} \right\} \quad (2)$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-12)}{2m} = \frac{6}{m} \quad x = \frac{6}{m} \quad f\left(\frac{6}{m}\right) = 2$$

$$m\left(\frac{6}{m}\right)^2 - 12\left(\frac{6}{m}\right) + 0m - 1 = 2 \Rightarrow -\frac{36}{m} + 0m - 1 = 2$$

$$-\frac{36}{m} + 0m - 1 = 2 \quad m \neq 0 \quad -36 + 0m^2 = 3m$$

$$0m^2 - 3m - 36 = 0 \quad m = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9 + 4 \cdot 36}}{2 \cdot 0} = \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{135}}{0} = \frac{3 \pm 3\sqrt{15}}{0}$$

$$m_1 = \frac{3}{0} = \infty \quad m_2 = \frac{3}{0} = -\infty \quad m > 0 \Rightarrow m = 3$$

$$x = \frac{6}{m} = \frac{6}{3} = 2 \quad (2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$0x + 0 = -2(a+1) = -2a - 2 \quad \alpha\beta = 2a - 1 \quad \checkmark$$

$$a^2 = \alpha \times \beta \quad a^2 = 2a - 1 \quad a^2 - 2a + 1 = 0 \quad a = 1 \quad (2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$a^2 + 2(1+1)x + 2(1) - 1 = 0 \quad a^2 + 4x + 1 = 0$$

$$x = \frac{-(-4) \pm \sqrt{16 - 4}}{2} = -2 \pm \sqrt{3} \quad \alpha = -2 - \sqrt{3} \quad \beta = -2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$q = a \quad \alpha = 1 \quad (-2 - \sqrt{3}) = (-2 + \sqrt{3}) = -2 + \sqrt{3}$$

$$q = -2 + \sqrt{3} \quad \beta = -2 + \sqrt{3} \quad \alpha = -2 - \sqrt{3} \quad (2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$y^2 - 4y + 0 = 0 \quad y = \frac{4 \pm \sqrt{16 + 0}}{2} = \frac{4 \pm 4}{2} = 0 \quad y = 0 \quad (2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$\frac{(4 \pm \sqrt{16})}{2} \quad (2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$x = \frac{(V + \sqrt{16})}{2} \quad x_1 = \sqrt{V + \sqrt{16}} \quad S = x_1 + x_2 =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{V + \sqrt{16}}}{2} + \frac{(-\sqrt{V + \sqrt{16}})}{2} \quad S = 0 \quad P = x_1 \times x_2 =$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{V + \sqrt{16}}}{2} \times \frac{(-\sqrt{V + \sqrt{16}})}{2} \Rightarrow P = -\frac{V + \sqrt{16}}{4}$$

$$2P^2 - 4SP + 2S \Rightarrow 2P^2 - 0 + 0 \Rightarrow 2P^2 = 4 \times \frac{V + \sqrt{16}}{4} = V + \sqrt{16}$$

$$x = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-(-1)}{2k} = \frac{1}{2k} \quad x = \frac{1}{2k} \Rightarrow y = k\left(\frac{1}{2k}\right)^2 - \frac{1}{k}\left(\frac{1}{2k}\right) - \frac{1}{k}$$

$$= \frac{k}{k} - \frac{1}{k} - \frac{1}{k} = -\frac{1}{k} \Rightarrow y = -\frac{1}{k} \times \frac{1}{2k} - \frac{1}{k} = -\frac{1}{2k^2} - \frac{1}{k}$$

$$-\frac{1}{k} - \frac{1}{k} = -\frac{1}{k} - \frac{1}{k} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{k} = 2 \quad k = 2 \quad y = -\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2} = -1$$

$$= -2 - 1 = -3 \quad \checkmark \quad \frac{1}{k} + \frac{1}{k} = -1 + 1 = 0 \quad (2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$-m\alpha^2 + m\alpha + 1 = -m - \alpha \quad -m\alpha^2 + (m+1)\alpha + (1+m) = 0$$

$$m = 0 \Rightarrow \alpha + 1 = 0 \quad \alpha = -1 \quad m \neq 0 \quad \Delta < 0 \quad (2) \quad \checkmark$$

$$= (m+1)^2 - 4(-m)(1+m) < 0 \quad = (m+1)^2 + 4m(1+m) < 0$$

$$= (m+1)(m+1+4m) < 0 \quad m = \frac{-1}{5} = -0.2 \quad m = -1$$

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$$n_S = \frac{-b}{r_a} = \frac{n_A + n_B}{r}$$

۲- نقطه داده شده هم عرضند پس ←

$$S = \frac{-b}{a} = n_A + n_B = 3 - 1, 5 = 1, 5$$

۴- A, B هم عرضند پس: $n_S = \frac{-b}{r_a} = \frac{n_A + n_B}{r}$

$$n_S = \frac{-5 + 3}{r} = -1 = \frac{-b}{r_a} \rightarrow S = \frac{-b}{a} = \boxed{-2}$$

$$y - 1 = a(x - (-1))^2 \rightarrow y = ax^2 + 2ax + a + 1 \quad \leftarrow \text{معادله سهم}$$

$$\alpha^r + \beta^r = 5 \rightarrow S^r - 2\rho = 5 \quad \frac{S = -2}{\rho = \frac{a+1}{a}} \rightarrow (-2)^r - 2\left(\frac{a+1}{a}\right) = 5 \rightarrow a = \frac{-2}{3}$$

$$\text{عرض از مبدأ} = a + 1 = \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)$$