

$$\frac{fa + B^3}{aB^2} = \frac{fa}{aB^2} + \frac{B^3}{a}$$

$$P = aB = 2$$

$$S = a + B = 5$$

$$a = \frac{2}{B}$$

$$\frac{1}{5} (5^3 - 2^3) = 19$$

$$\frac{fa}{aB^2} = \frac{f(\frac{2}{B})}{aB^2} = \frac{1}{aB^2}$$

$$\frac{1}{aB^2} + \frac{B^3}{a} = \frac{1}{a} (B^3 + \frac{1}{B^2}) = \frac{1}{a} (a^3 + B^3)$$

$$(\frac{2}{B})^3 = a^3$$

نقطه برخورد

$$S = -\frac{b}{a} = 2x - \frac{b}{2a} = 2x \text{ or } 7.5 = (1, 5)$$

$$\frac{2-1.5}{2} = \frac{1.5}{2} = \frac{-b}{2a} \Rightarrow 0.5/7.5 = \frac{-b}{2a}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{a}}{|a|} = \frac{f}{r} k = \frac{\sqrt{fk^2 - 20}}{1} \Rightarrow fk^2 - 20 = \frac{16}{9} k$$

$$\frac{20}{9} k^2 - 20 = 0 \quad \frac{20}{9} k^2 = 20$$

$$\frac{k^2}{9} = 1 \Rightarrow k^2 = 9 \quad \left[\frac{9}{2} \right] = 4.5$$

نقطه برخورد

$$y = a(x+1)^2 + 1$$

$$\frac{2-5}{2} = -1 = \frac{b}{2a}$$

$$ax^2 + 2ax + (a+1)$$

$$aB = \frac{a+1}{a} = -\frac{1}{2} \Rightarrow a = -\frac{2}{3}$$

$$\frac{b}{a} = -2$$

$$a+B = -2$$

$$a+B = -2$$

$$aB = -\frac{1}{2}$$

$$x^2 - 5x - m = 0$$

$$a + \sqrt{4a+fm} < 9$$

$$a - \sqrt{4a+fm} < 9$$

$$x_1 = \frac{a + \sqrt{4a+fm}}{2}$$

$$\sqrt{4a+fm} < 8$$

$$4a+fm < 64$$

$$fm < -9$$

$$m < -\frac{9}{f} = -2.25$$

$$m < -2.25$$

$$-3 \leq m \leq -2$$

$$-2.25 - 5.9 - 2.3 \rightarrow \text{عدد}$$

$$\sqrt{4a+fm} > -8$$

$$4a+fm > 64$$

$$fm > -9$$

$$m > -\frac{9}{f} = -2.25$$

$$m > -2.25$$

$$m \geq -2$$

$m \neq 0 \Rightarrow m > 0$
 $\text{ext } z = \frac{-b}{2a} = \frac{-1x}{2m} = \frac{-x}{m} = \frac{-x}{x} = -1 \quad \checkmark$
 $y = \frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-(1 - 4 \cdot 0 \cdot m + 4m)}{2m} = \frac{4m - 1}{2m} = \frac{2m - 0.5}{m} = 2 - \frac{0.5}{m}$
 $\hookrightarrow ym = 2m - 0.5 \Rightarrow 2m - 0.5 = 0$
 $2m - 0.5 = 0 \Rightarrow m = \frac{0.5}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$
 $m = \frac{1}{4} = \frac{1}{2^2}$
 $m = \frac{1}{2^2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{2^2} = \frac{1}{2^2}$

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$a \alpha \beta$
 $a\beta = \alpha^x$
 $p = \alpha^x$
 $\alpha a = 1 = \alpha^x$
 $\alpha^x - \alpha a + 1 = 0$
 $(\alpha - 1)^x = 0$
 $\alpha = 1 \quad \checkmark$
 $(\alpha + 1)^x - 1\alpha + 1 > 0$
 $1 > 0 \quad \alpha a^x + \alpha + 1\alpha - 1\alpha + 1 > 0$
 $\alpha a^x + 1 > 0$
 $\sqrt{\alpha(a^x + 1)} > 0$

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$x^x = t \quad t^t - Vt - \alpha = 0$
 $x^x - x^x p + x^x s = 0 \Rightarrow 1 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 1 = 1 \neq 0$
 $S = \frac{-b}{a} = V$
 $P = \frac{c}{a} = -\alpha$

0
8

$k = \frac{b}{2a} = \frac{1}{2k} = \frac{1}{k} = \frac{1}{1} = 1$
 $y = \frac{-\Delta}{2a} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4 \cdot 1 \cdot k}}{2 \cdot 1} = \frac{-1 \pm \sqrt{1 - 4k}}{2}$
 $\frac{-1 - 4k}{k} = -\frac{1}{k} - 4$
 $\frac{-1 - 4k}{k} = -\frac{1}{k} - 4$
 $-1 - 4k = -1 - 4k$
 $4k = 0$
 $k = 0$
 $y = 1k^x - 4k - 9$
 $y = -4(1) - 9 = -13$

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$-m - x = -m x^x + m x_{x+1}$
 $m x^x - m x - 1 - m - x = 0$
 $m x^x - (m+1)x - 1 - m = 0$
 $\Delta < 0$
 $(m+1)^2 - 4(m)(-m-1) < 0$
 $(m+1)(m+1+4m) < 0$
 $(m+1)(5m+1) < 0$
 $m+1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = -1$
 $5m+1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = -\frac{1}{5}$
 $-1 < m < -\frac{1}{5}$
 $m \in (-1, -\frac{1}{5}) \quad \checkmark$

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$$x' = t \rightarrow t' - vt - \omega = 0 \rightarrow t = \frac{v \pm \sqrt{49}}{v} \rightarrow x' = \frac{v \pm \sqrt{49}}{v} \quad -1$$

$$x = \pm \sqrt{\frac{v \pm \sqrt{49}}{v}} \rightarrow S = 0 \quad P = -\frac{v \pm \sqrt{49}}{v}$$

$$\gamma p' - \gamma S p + \gamma S = \boxed{\omega \pm v \sqrt{49}}$$