

نام و نام خانوادگی علی جمشیدی پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۲۴ کلاس بیست و یکم

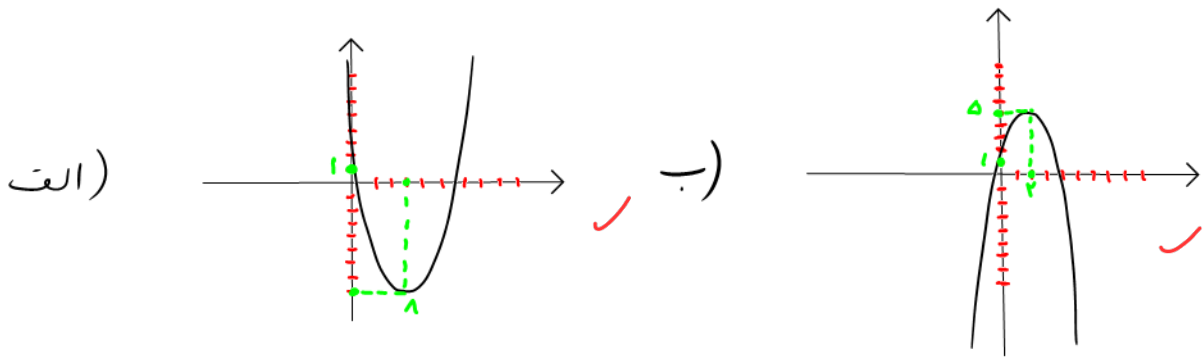
۱۷، ۱۷۵

الف) $ext(\min) \begin{cases} x = -\frac{b}{2a} \rightarrow x_{\min} = \frac{4}{4} = 1 \quad \checkmark \\ y = -\frac{\Delta}{4a} \rightarrow y_{\min} = -\frac{b^2 - 4ac}{4} = -\frac{1}{1} = -1 \end{cases}$

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ب) $ext(\max) \begin{cases} x = -\frac{b}{2a} \rightarrow x_{\max} = \frac{3}{2} \quad \checkmark \text{ وقت!} \\ y = -\frac{\Delta}{4a} \rightarrow -\frac{b^2 - 4ac}{-1} = \frac{-31}{1} = -31, 175 \quad \checkmark \end{cases}$

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$4x^2 + kx^2 - 9x - 2 = 0$

$x^2 - 5x + p = 0 \rightarrow x^2 - x + 2 = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha = -1 \\ \beta = 2 \end{cases}$

$\alpha = -1: -4 + k + 2 = 0 \rightarrow k = -2$ و $\beta = 2$ باید در معادله درجه سوم صدق کنه

$\beta = 2: 4 + k - 2 = 0 \rightarrow k = -2$

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$S = x_1 + x_2 = 2m, P = x_1 x_2 = m \quad |\sqrt{x_1} - \sqrt{x_2}| = 1$

$x_1 + x_2 - 2\sqrt{x_1 x_2} = 1 \Rightarrow 2m - 2\sqrt{m} = 1 \xrightarrow{t = \sqrt{m}} 2t^2 - 2t - 1 = 0$

$2x^2 - mx - m = 0$

$P = \frac{c}{a} = -\frac{m}{2} = -\frac{1}{2} \leftarrow t=1, m=1 \leftarrow t = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow -\frac{1}{2} \times \sqrt{m} \geq 0$

(۳)

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$y = x^2 - (m+2)x + m \xrightarrow{\substack{a+b+c=0 \\ y=0}} \begin{matrix} x_1 = 1 \\ x_2 = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{m}{1} \end{matrix} \xrightarrow{x=0} C \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ m \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \Delta \text{ رئوس: } A(1,0), B(\frac{m}{2}, 0), C(0, m)$

$S_{\Delta} = \frac{1}{2} \times |1 - \frac{m}{2}| \times |m| = \frac{m}{2} \Rightarrow |m(2-m)| = 3 \begin{cases} m(2-m) = -3 \Rightarrow m^2 - 2m - 3 = 0 \Rightarrow (m-3)(m+1) = 0 \rightarrow m=3 \\ m(2-m) = 3 \Rightarrow 2m - m^2 = 3 \Rightarrow m^2 - 2m + 3 = 0 \quad \Delta < 0 \end{cases}$

(۴)

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$y = x^2 - mx + 1 \rightarrow ext \left| x = -\frac{b}{2a} = \frac{m}{2} = \begin{cases} \frac{3}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \end{cases} \right. \checkmark$

<p>min $\Rightarrow a) \circ \rightarrow \text{ext} \left\{ \begin{aligned} y &= \frac{b^2 - \epsilon ac}{\epsilon a} = \frac{\epsilon a^2 - 9}{\epsilon a} = \frac{v}{\lambda} \rightarrow \epsilon \lambda a = 1 (\epsilon a^2 - 9) \Rightarrow \epsilon^2 a^2 - \epsilon \lambda a - v^2 = 0 \\ &\downarrow \\ \lambda a^2 - v a - 1 &= 0 \\ \Delta &= b^2 - \epsilon ac = \epsilon^2 + 4v^2 = 420 \end{aligned} \right.$</p> <p>$\rightarrow a = \frac{v \pm \sqrt{\Delta}}{2\lambda} = \boxed{a=2} \quad a = \frac{-9}{\lambda} \quad a) \circ$</p>	<p>(7) 6</p>
<p>$x^2 - (a+1)x + a = 0 \Rightarrow (x-1)(x-a) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} x=1 \\ x=a \end{cases}$ فرد متوالی $a=1+2=3 \Rightarrow P_r = 3$</p> <p>$x^2 - (3a+1)x + b = 0 \xrightarrow{a=3} x^2 - 10x + b = 0 \rightarrow S_r = 10$ وزع متوالی $x_1 = 4, x_2 = 6 \rightarrow P_r = 24$</p> <p style="text-align: right; color: red;">$P_r - P_l = 21 \checkmark$</p>	<p>(7) 7</p>
<p>ext_l $\begin{cases} x_1 = -\frac{b}{\epsilon a} = -\frac{a}{\epsilon(a)} = -\frac{1}{\epsilon} \\ y_1 = -a(\frac{1}{\epsilon}) + a(\frac{1}{\epsilon}) + 2 = \frac{a}{\epsilon} + 2 \end{cases}$</p> <p>ext_r $\begin{cases} x_r = \frac{b}{\epsilon b} = \frac{1}{\epsilon} \\ y_r = 2b(\frac{1}{\epsilon}) - b(\frac{1}{\epsilon}) - 1 = -\frac{b}{\lambda} - 1 \end{cases}$</p> <p>$\frac{a}{\epsilon} + 2 = 2b(\frac{1}{\epsilon}) - b(\frac{1}{\epsilon}) - 1 = -1 \Rightarrow a = -12 \checkmark$</p> <p>$-\frac{b}{\lambda} - 1 = -a(\frac{1}{\epsilon}) + a(\frac{1}{\epsilon}) + 2 = \frac{3a}{19} + 2 \xrightarrow{a=-12} -\frac{b}{\lambda} - 1 = \frac{3(-12)}{19} + 2 = -\frac{36}{19} + 2 = -\frac{36}{19} + \frac{38}{19} = \frac{2}{19} \Rightarrow -\frac{b}{\lambda} = \frac{2}{19} + 1 = \frac{21}{19} \Rightarrow b = -\frac{21\lambda}{19} \checkmark$</p> <p>$b - a = -9 - (-12) = 3 \checkmark$</p>	<p>(7) 8</p>
<p>$\epsilon \Delta a x^2 + \epsilon x + \beta = 0 \quad P = \alpha \beta = \frac{c}{a} = \frac{\beta}{\epsilon \Delta a} \Rightarrow \alpha = \frac{1}{\epsilon \Delta a} \Rightarrow a = \frac{1}{\epsilon \Delta a}$</p> <p>$S = \alpha + \beta = -\frac{b}{a} = -\frac{\epsilon}{a} = -\epsilon (\epsilon \Delta a) = -1 \dots \alpha \downarrow \beta = -1 \cdot \alpha$</p> <p>$\beta > \alpha \rightarrow -1 \cdot \alpha > \alpha \Rightarrow 1 \cdot \epsilon \alpha < 0 \Rightarrow \alpha < 0 \Rightarrow \alpha < 0, \beta > 0$</p> <p>ext $\begin{cases} \frac{-b}{\epsilon a} = -\frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon a} = -\epsilon a \\ \epsilon \Delta a (\frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon a}) + \epsilon (\frac{\epsilon}{\epsilon a}) + \beta = \frac{\epsilon}{a} - \frac{1}{a} + \beta = \beta - \frac{1}{a} \xrightarrow{\alpha < \beta > 0} y_{\text{ext}} > 0 \Rightarrow \text{داده است} \checkmark \end{cases}$</p>	<p>(7) 9</p>
<p>$S = a + b = a^2 + b^2 - 12 \Rightarrow a^2 + b^2 - (a+b) = 12 \quad P = \alpha b = a + b - 1 \Rightarrow ab - a - b + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (a-1)(b-1) = 0$</p> <p>$1^2 + b^2 - (1+b) = 12 \Rightarrow b^2 - b - 12 = 0 \Rightarrow (b-4)(b+3) = 0 \rightarrow \begin{cases} b=4 \\ b=-3 \end{cases} \quad b \in \mathbb{N}$</p> <p>$\Rightarrow a=1 \Rightarrow a+b = 5 \checkmark$</p>	<p>(7) 10</p>