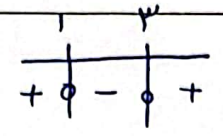
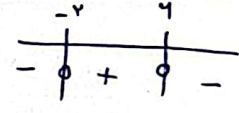
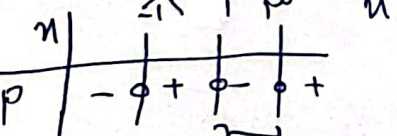


$1 < n < 3$ (عدد صحیح) \rightarrow  $\Rightarrow f = f = \frac{-(-a)}{1} \Rightarrow a = f$
 و برای قیادیر دیگر نامنفی $f = 3 = \frac{b}{1} \Rightarrow b = 3$
 $\Rightarrow n^2 - 4n + 3 = 0 \Rightarrow a + b = f + 3 = \boxed{7}$
 $n = 2 \Rightarrow 4 - 8 + 3 = 0 \checkmark$
 $n = 1 \Rightarrow 1 - 4 + 3 = 0 \checkmark$

$(n - 3n)^2 = 0 \xrightarrow{n=-1} -1 - 3n = 0 \Rightarrow n = -\frac{1}{3}$
 $(k - 2)n + m - 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{n=f} k - 1 + m - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = 2 - k \oplus$
 $\text{if } n = 5 \Rightarrow 5k - 10 + m < 0 \xrightarrow{\oplus} 5k - 10 + 9 - 2k - 1 < 0 \Rightarrow k < 2, k \in \mathbb{N}$
 $\Rightarrow k = 1 \Rightarrow (-1) \times f + m - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow m = 2$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{m}{n} + k = \frac{2}{-\frac{1}{3}} + 1 = -6 + 1 = \boxed{-5}$

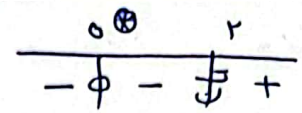
$y = -\frac{1}{2}n^2 + 2n + 4 \Rightarrow 0 = n^2 + 2n - 3 \Rightarrow n \rightarrow \frac{1}{-\frac{1}{2}} = -2$ 
 $n = 4 \Rightarrow y = 0$ \Rightarrow عدد صحیح است / برعکس / کمتر از ۰
 $n = 5 \Rightarrow y = \frac{5}{2}$
 $n = -1 \Rightarrow y = \frac{5}{2}$
 $n = 0 \Rightarrow y = 4$
 $(-1, 5) \Rightarrow b - a = 5 - (-1) = \boxed{6}$
 $-\frac{1}{2}n^2 + 2n + 4 = \frac{5}{2} \Rightarrow -\frac{1}{2}n^2 + 2n + \frac{8}{2} = \frac{5}{2} \Rightarrow n^2 - 4n - 6 = 0 \Rightarrow n = 6, -1$

$f(n) = n^3 - 3n^2 - n + 3 \xrightarrow{\text{جمع ضرایب} = 0} n^3 - 3n^2 - n + 3 \begin{array}{l} |n-1 \\ n^2 - 2n - 3 \\ \hline -2n^2 - n \\ +2n^2 + 2n \\ \hline -3n + 3 \\ -3n + 3 \\ \hline 0 \end{array}$
 $f(n) = (n-1)(n+1)(n-3)$ $\xrightarrow{n > 0}$ 
 $f(2) = 1 - 12 - 2 + 3 = -10$
 $\text{نقطه صاف} = 2 \Rightarrow \boxed{-3}$
 $\Rightarrow p < 0 \Rightarrow (a, b) = (1, 3)$

\Rightarrow به ازای هر مقدار صحیح $\Rightarrow a < 0 \rightarrow a - 1 < 0 \Rightarrow a < 1$
 $\Delta < 0 \rightarrow (a-1)^2 - 4(a-1) < 0 \Rightarrow a^2 - 4a + 4 < 0$
 $\Rightarrow \frac{1}{+} \frac{0}{-} \frac{+}{+} \Rightarrow a: (1, 5)$
 $(-\infty, 1) \cap (1, 5) = \emptyset$

ریشه ندارد

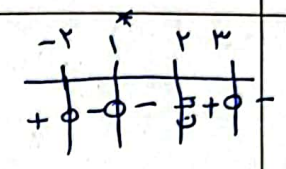
$$\frac{m(m^r + m)}{m-r} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{m^r(m^r + 1)}{m-r} > 0$$



$$\Rightarrow m: (r, +\infty)$$

۶

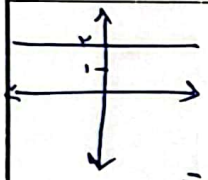
$$\frac{|n^r - n - 4|}{(n^r + n + 1)(r - n)^r} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{(n-r)(n+r)}{(r-n)^r(n^r + n + 1)} < 0$$



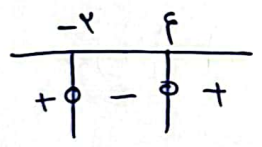
$$n: [-r, 1) \cup [r, +\infty)$$

۷

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3m^r - 2m}{m^r + 4} < r \Rightarrow \frac{3m^r - 2m}{m^r + 4} - r < 0$$



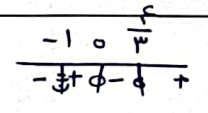
$$\Rightarrow \frac{3m^r - 2m - 2m^r - 4}{m^r + 4} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{m^r - 2m - 4}{m^r + 4} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{(m-4)(m+3)}{m^r + 4} < 0$$



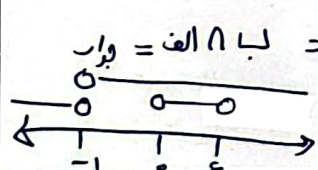
$(a, b) = (-r, f)$
 $b - a = f - (-r) = 4$

۸

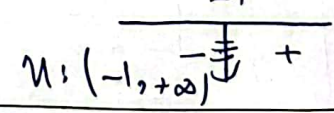
$$-1 < \frac{3n^r - fn}{n+1} < 0 \rightarrow \frac{n(3n-f)}{n+1} < 0$$



$$\Rightarrow n: (-\infty, -1) \cup (0, \frac{f}{3})$$

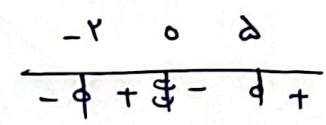


$$\Rightarrow n: (0, \frac{f}{3})$$



۹

$$\frac{n^r - 1}{n} < r \Rightarrow \frac{n^r - 1}{n} - r < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{n^r - 1 - rn}{n} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{(n-r)(n+r)}{n} < 0$$



$$\Rightarrow n: (-\infty, -r] \cup (0, a]$$

۱۰