

$$x^2 - ax + b = 0 \Rightarrow x = \begin{cases} \alpha \\ \beta \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{1 = \beta \quad \beta = \alpha}{+ \quad - \quad - \quad +}$$

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \alpha + \beta = S = r \\ \alpha\beta = P = r^2 \end{aligned} \right\} \Rightarrow x^2 - Sx + P = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow x^2 - rx + r^2 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} \alpha = r \\ \beta = r \end{cases} \Rightarrow \alpha + \beta = \sqrt{\quad} \leftarrow \text{پاسخ}$$

$$y = \frac{(k-r)x + m-1}{-1 \quad r}{+ \quad -} (x-rn)^2 \rightarrow -1 - rn = 0 \Rightarrow \boxed{n = -\frac{1}{r}}$$

$$(k-r)x + m - 1 = 0$$

$$x = r \Rightarrow r(k-r) + m - 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{k=1} \boxed{m = \omega}$$

$$\frac{m}{k} + k = \frac{\omega}{1} + 1 = -\frac{1}{r} \leftarrow \text{پاسخ}$$

به ازای مقدار
بزرگتر از ریشه
منفی

$$\Rightarrow k-r < 0 \xrightarrow{k \in \mathbb{N}} \boxed{k=1}$$

$$-\frac{1}{r}x^2 + rx + \omega > \frac{\omega}{r} \Rightarrow -x^2 + rx + 1r > \omega \Rightarrow x - rx - \omega < 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-1 \quad \omega}{+ \quad -} \Rightarrow x = (-1, \omega) \Rightarrow \begin{cases} b = \omega \\ a = -1 \end{cases}$$

$$b - a = \omega - (-1) = \omega + 1 \leftarrow \text{پاسخ}$$

$$f(x) = x^3 - rx^2 - x + r = (x+1)(x-1)(x-r) \quad x > 0$$

$$\frac{x}{f(x)} = \frac{-1 \quad 0 \quad 1 \quad r}{-1 \quad + \quad - \quad +}$$

$x > 0$ (a, b)

$$\Rightarrow (a, b) = (1, r) \Rightarrow \text{نقطه مینیمم} = \frac{1+r}{2} = \boxed{r}$$

$$f(r) = r^3 \times 1 \times (-1) = -r^3 \leftarrow \text{پاسخ}$$

$$(a-1)x^2 + (a-1)x + 1 = 0 \xrightarrow{\text{همواره منفی}}$$

$$\left\{ \begin{aligned} a = 1 &\Rightarrow f(x) = 1 \quad \text{غ \text{ و } \text{ ق}} \\ a - 1 < 0 &\Rightarrow \boxed{a < 1} \star \\ \Delta < 0 &\Rightarrow a^2 - 2a + 1 - 4a + 4 < 0 \end{aligned} \right.$$

$$a^2 - 4a + 5 < 0$$

$$\frac{1 \quad 5}{+ \quad -} = \boxed{a = (1, 5)} \star$$

$$\star \cap \star = \emptyset \Rightarrow a \in \emptyset \leftarrow \text{پاسخ}$$

$$\frac{m(m^r + m)}{m-r} = \frac{m^r(m^r + 1)}{m-r} > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r}{+ \phi - \phi +} \Rightarrow \begin{cases} m > r \\ m = r, +\infty \end{cases}$$

↑ باسج

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$$\frac{(x-r)(x+r)(x-1)^r}{(x^r+x+1) \cdot (r-x)^r} \leq 0$$

$x = [-r, r) \cup [r, +\infty)$ ← باسج

↓
نقطه صفر
نقطه مشق

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$$\frac{r x^r - r x}{x^r + r} < r \Rightarrow \frac{r x^r - r x}{x^r + r} - r < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x - r x - r}{x^r + r} < 0$$

$x = (-r, r)$ ⇒ $b - a = r - (-r) = 2r$ ← باسج

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$$\frac{r x^r - r x}{x+1} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x(r x - r)}{x+1} < 0 \Rightarrow \frac{-1}{-\phi + \phi - \phi +} \Rightarrow x = (-\infty, -1) \cup (0, \frac{r}{r})$$

$$\frac{r x^r - r x}{x+1} > -1 \Rightarrow \frac{r x^r - r x}{x+1} + 1 > 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r x^r - r x + 1}{x+1} > 0$$

⇒ $\frac{-1}{-\phi +} \Rightarrow x = (0, +\infty)$ * * ∩ * = $(0, \frac{r}{r}) - x$ ← باسج

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$$\frac{x^r - 1}{x} \leq r \Rightarrow \frac{x^r - 1}{x} - r \leq 0 \Rightarrow \frac{x^r - r x - 1}{x} \leq 0$$

⇒ $\frac{-r}{-\phi + \phi - \phi +} \quad x = (-\infty, -r] \cup (0, \omega)$ ← باسج

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