

نام و نام خانوادگی: ... پاسخنامه تشریحی تکلیف شماره ۲۸ ... کلاس دوم دبیرستان ...

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 + 2x & ; x > a \rightarrow a^2 + 2a \\ ax - 2 & ; x \leq a \rightarrow a^2 - 2 \end{cases}$$

$$a^2 + 2a = a^2 - 2 \rightarrow 2a = -2 \rightarrow \underline{a = -1} \checkmark$$

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$$f(x) = \frac{x^2 + a}{2x - b} \quad f(y) = 3, \quad g(y) = 2 \quad g(y) = 2(y) + b = 3 \rightarrow 2 + b = 3 \rightarrow b = 1 \checkmark$$

$$g(x) = 2x + b \quad f(y) = \frac{(y)^2 + a}{2(y) - b} = 3 \rightarrow f(1) = \frac{1 + a}{2} = 3 \rightarrow 1 + a = 6 \rightarrow a = 5 \checkmark$$

$$f(1) = \frac{(1)^2 + 11}{2(1) + 1} = \frac{12}{3} = 4 \checkmark \text{ جواب نایبی}$$

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$$\frac{fx + 1}{2x^2 + ax + b} \quad x = -1, x = 2$$

$$2(x - (-1))(x - 2) = 2(x + 1)(x - 2) \Rightarrow 2(x^2 - 2x + x - 2) = 2(x^2 - x - 2) = 2x^2 - 2x - 4$$

$$a = -2 \checkmark, b = -4 \checkmark \Rightarrow f(x) = \frac{fx + 1}{2x^2 - 2x - 4} \Rightarrow f(1) = \frac{5}{2 - 2 - 4} = -\frac{5}{4} \checkmark$$

جواب نایبی = $-\frac{5}{4}$

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$$\frac{x^2 - \sqrt{3}}{-2x^2 + ax + b} \quad x = -1 \rightarrow \text{مخرج صفر باشد}$$

$$-2(x - (-1))^2 = -2(x + 1)^2 \Rightarrow -2(x^2 + 2x + 1) = -2x^2 - 4x - 2$$

$$a = -4 \checkmark, b = -2 \checkmark \Rightarrow a + b = -4 + (-2) = -6 \checkmark$$

جواب نایبی = -6

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$$\frac{2x}{(x-1)(x^2 + mx + 1)} \rightarrow x - 1 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1$$

مخرج نباید صفر باشد.

$$x^2 + mx + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta < 0 \rightarrow \Delta = m^2 - 4 < 0 \rightarrow -2 < m < 2$$

$$x^2 + mx + 1 = 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 0 \rightarrow m^2 - 4 = 0 \Rightarrow m = 2 \text{ یا } m = -2$$

$$m = 2 \rightarrow x^2 + 2x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (x + 1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = -1 \text{ غلط}$$

$$m = -2 \rightarrow x^2 - 2x + 1 = 0 \Rightarrow (x - 1)^2 = 0 \Rightarrow x = 1 \text{ غلط}$$

$$m \text{ در } -2 < m < 2 \checkmark$$

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$$f(x) = \sqrt{f - \frac{1}{x^2}} \rightarrow f - \frac{1}{x^2} \geq 0 \rightarrow f \geq \frac{1}{x^2} \rightarrow fx^2 \geq 1 \rightarrow x^2 \geq \frac{1}{f}$$

$$\Rightarrow x > \frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} \text{ or } x < -\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}} \Rightarrow x^2 \neq 0 \Rightarrow x \neq 0$$

$$D_x = \left(-\infty, -\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}}\right] \cup \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{f}}, \infty\right) \checkmark$$

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$$mx^2 + 2mx + 1 \geq 0 \xrightarrow{m \neq 0} 0 \cdot x^2 + 2x_0 \cdot x + 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow 1 \geq 0$$

$$\xrightarrow{m \neq 0} mx^2 + 2mx + 1 \geq 0 \rightarrow m > 0$$

$$\Delta \leq 0 \rightarrow \Delta = 4m^2 - 4m \leq 0 \rightarrow 4m(m-1) \leq 0$$

$$0 \leq m \leq 1$$

$$m \in [0, 1] \checkmark$$

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2-1}{x-1} \neq a \rightarrow \frac{(x+1)(x-1)}{(x-1)} = x+1 & (x \neq 0, 1) \\ fx+k : x=0, 1 \end{cases}$$

$$f(0, 1) = f(0, 1) + k = 1 + k$$

$$g(x) = x+1 \rightarrow g(0, 1) = 2(0, 1) + 1 = 2$$

$$f(0, 1) = g(0, 1) \rightarrow 1+k = 2 \rightarrow k=1$$

$$a=0, 1 \rightarrow f(x) \rightarrow x \neq 0, 1$$

$$f(x) = x+1, g(x) = x+1 \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{تقریباً} \\ \text{برای} \end{matrix} x \neq 0, 1$$

$$f(0, 1) = 2, g(0, 1) = 2 \leftarrow \begin{matrix} \text{برای} \\ \text{برای} \end{matrix} x = 0, 1$$

$$a=0, 1 \left. \begin{matrix} \\ \\ \end{matrix} \right\} a+k = 0, 1 \checkmark$$

جواب نای

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$$f(x) = \frac{(x-1)(x+2)}{(x-1)} \Rightarrow f(x) = x+2 \text{ (for } x \neq -\frac{1}{2})$$

$$f(x) = x+2$$

$$g(x) = x+b \left\{ \begin{matrix} \text{for } x \neq -\frac{1}{2} \rightarrow -2 = b \end{matrix} \right. \checkmark$$

$$f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = 3a\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + 2 \rightarrow f\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{3a}{2} + 2$$

$$g\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = 3\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) + 2 \Rightarrow g\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) = -\frac{3}{2}$$

$$-\frac{3a}{2} + 2 = -\frac{3}{2} \rightarrow -3a = -7 \Rightarrow a = \frac{7}{3} \checkmark \quad a-b = 3 - (-2) = 5 \checkmark$$

جواب نای

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$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^2-f}{x-1} & x \neq 1 \\ \frac{(x-1)(a+1)}{x-1} = x+1 & x=1 \rightarrow f(1) = g(1) \end{cases}$$

$$f(1) = 1a^2 + a(1) = 1a^2 + 1a$$

$$g(x) = x+1 \rightarrow g(1) = 2$$

$$1a^2 + 1a = 2 \rightarrow 1a^2 + 1a - 2 = 0 \rightarrow a^2 + a - 2 = 0 \rightarrow (a+2)(a-1) = 0$$

$$\left. \begin{matrix} \rightarrow a = -2 \\ \rightarrow a = 1 \end{matrix} \right\} \checkmark$$

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