

$$\frac{\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}-2\sqrt{3}}{2} = \sqrt{2}-\sqrt{3} \checkmark \quad (\text{الف})$$

$$\frac{1+1}{3+1} = \frac{2}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \checkmark \quad (\text{ب})$$

$$AH=BH \quad BH^2+CH^2=12 \quad BH^2+AH^2=9 \rightarrow 2BH^2=9 \rightarrow BH^2=\frac{9}{2} \rightarrow BH=\frac{3}{\sqrt{2}} \quad (\text{الف})$$

$$\sqrt{3}+CH^2=12 \rightarrow CH^2=9 \rightarrow CH=3 \checkmark \quad (\text{ب})$$

$$\cos 40^\circ = \frac{9}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow AC = \frac{18}{\sqrt{3}} = 6\sqrt{3} \quad \frac{CH}{AH} = \frac{AH}{AC} \rightarrow \frac{3}{\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{6\sqrt{3}} \rightarrow AH = \sqrt{27} = 3\sqrt{3}$$

$$\sin \hat{B} = \frac{AH}{AB} = \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{6\sqrt{3}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow \hat{B} = 60^\circ \quad (\text{الف})$$

$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{8 \cdot \sqrt{3}}{AD} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \Rightarrow AD = 16 \quad \cos 40^\circ = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{BD}{16} \Rightarrow BD = 8$$

$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{8 \cdot \sqrt{3}}{AC} \rightarrow AC = 16\sqrt{3} \rightarrow 16\sqrt{3} + BC = 30 \dots \rightarrow$$

$$BC = 30 - 16\sqrt{3} \rightarrow BC = 18 \rightarrow 18 - 8 = 10 \checkmark \quad (\text{ب})$$

$$\cos 40^\circ = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{8}{AC} \Rightarrow AC = 16 \rightarrow 16 = 8 + n \rightarrow n = 8 \rightarrow 16 + (8\sqrt{3})^2 = 13 \dots$$

$$CH=AH \quad \sin 40^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{BH}{CB} \rightarrow 2BH = \sqrt{3}CB \rightarrow$$

$$BH = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} CB \quad \sin 60^\circ = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{CH}{AC} \rightarrow AC = \frac{2CH}{\sqrt{3}}$$

$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{1}{2} = \frac{CH}{CB} \rightarrow 2CH = CB \rightarrow \sqrt{3}CH = BH$$

$$AB = \sqrt{3}CH + CH \rightarrow \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{CH(\sqrt{3}+1)}{CH(\frac{2}{\sqrt{3}})} \Rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{2}$$

$$B_1=B_2 \rightarrow \frac{EB}{AB} = \frac{BD}{BC} = \frac{1}{2} = k \quad \frac{S_{\triangle BCD}}{S_{\triangle ABE}} = \frac{k^2}{1} \rightarrow \frac{S_{\triangle ABE}}{S_{\triangle BCD}} = 2$$

دو مثلث متشابه

$$\frac{BH}{BH} = \frac{AE}{CD} = k$$

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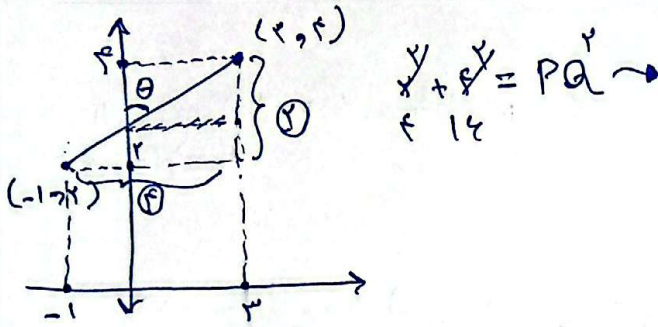
$$\sin 40^\circ = \frac{BH}{AB} = \frac{13}{14} \Rightarrow BH = \frac{13}{14} \times 14 = 13$$

$$\cos 40^\circ = \frac{AH}{AB} = \frac{5}{14} \Rightarrow AH = \frac{5}{14} \times 14 = 5$$

$$AD = 2\sqrt{3}$$

الف) از آنجا که مساحت مثلث $\triangle ABH = \triangle ADH$ و مساحت مثلث $\triangle ABH = \frac{1}{2} \times AB \times BH = \frac{1}{2} \times 14 \times 13 = 91$ و مساحت مثلث $\triangle ADH = \frac{1}{2} \times AD \times AH = \frac{1}{2} \times 2\sqrt{3} \times 5 = 5\sqrt{3}$

ب) $\frac{5\sqrt{3} \times 4}{4} = 5\sqrt{3} \checkmark$



$f(n) = -\cos n + \cos n - \cot n \rightarrow f\left(\frac{180}{9}\right) = -\cot 18^\circ = 1 \checkmark$

$$\frac{\cos n - \sin n}{-\cos n + \sin n} = \frac{\cos n - \sin n}{-(\cos n - \sin n)} = -1 \checkmark$$