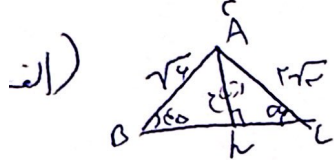


$$2) (\sin 120^\circ + \frac{1}{2} \sin 60^\circ) (\cos 120^\circ + \cos 60^\circ) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} + \frac{1}{4} \right) \left(-\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \right) = 0$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} (\sqrt{r} - \sqrt{r}) (\sqrt{r} + \sqrt{r}) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} (1-r) = -\frac{1}{r}$$

$$1 + \tan^2 r = \frac{1}{\cos^2 r} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^2} = r^2 \Rightarrow \frac{1 + r^2}{r^2} = \frac{1}{\left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^2} \Rightarrow \frac{1 + r^2}{r^2} = r^2 \Rightarrow 1 + r^2 = r^4 \Rightarrow r^4 - r^2 - 1 = 0$$



$$\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \sqrt{r}$$

$$1) B' = \omega \rightarrow BH = AH \rightarrow AH^2 + AH^2 = 4 \rightarrow AH = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\sin C' = \frac{AH}{AC} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2\sqrt{2}} = \frac{1}{2} \rightarrow C' = 30^\circ$$

$$\cos 30^\circ = \frac{HC}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} \rightarrow HC = \sqrt{3}$$

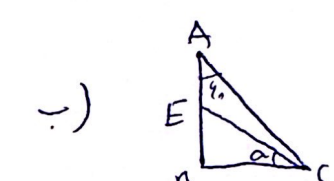
$$\sin B = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \Rightarrow B = \omega$$



$$AC = \frac{a}{\sin \alpha} = 10\sqrt{2} \quad BC = 10$$

$$AD = \frac{a \cos \alpha}{\sin \alpha} = 10 \Rightarrow BE = a$$

$$EC = 10 - a = 10$$



$$AC = \frac{r}{\sin \alpha} \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r}} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$BC = r\sqrt{r} \quad \text{Let } \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin \alpha} \Rightarrow 1 + \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{r^2} = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{r}{\sqrt{r^2 + 1}}$$

$$\sin \alpha = \frac{1}{\sqrt{r^2 + 1}}$$

$$CH = \frac{a}{r} \Rightarrow CA = \frac{a}{\sin \alpha} = \frac{\sqrt{r^2 + 1} a}{r}$$

$$AH = \frac{a}{r} \quad BH = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} a$$

$$AB = AH + BH = \frac{1 + \sqrt{r}}{r} a$$

$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r^2 + 1}}$$



$$\triangle ABE \sim \triangle ABC \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{BE}{AC} \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{BE}{AC}$$

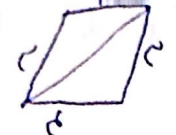
$$\triangle BCD \sim \triangle ABC \Rightarrow \frac{BC}{AC} = \frac{CD}{AB} \Rightarrow \frac{BC}{AC} = \frac{CD}{AB}$$

$$\frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{BE}{AC} \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{BE}{AC} \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{BE}{AC}$$

$$AC = a \rightarrow \begin{cases} AH^2 + HC^2 = a^2 \\ AH = CH = \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2} \end{cases}$$

$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{a(\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{2})}{a} = \frac{2\sqrt{2}}{2} = \sqrt{2}$$

$$\tan \alpha = \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{a} \rightarrow BH = \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2} = \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2} \rightarrow AB = BH + AH = \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2} + \frac{a\sqrt{2}}{2} = a\sqrt{2}$$

ii)  $\cos \frac{1}{2} \times \sin 120^\circ \times c \times d \times r \times \sqrt{r}$ ✓

-)  $\frac{1}{2} \times a \times b \sin \alpha = c \times r$ ✓

$1 + \tan^2 \theta = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} \rightarrow 1 + \frac{1}{r^2} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} \rightarrow \cos^2 \theta = \frac{r}{1+r} \rightarrow \cos \theta = \frac{r}{\sqrt{1+r}} = \frac{\sqrt{1+r}}{2\sqrt{r}}$

$1 + \tan^2 \theta = \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\cos^2 \theta} = \frac{1}{r} \Rightarrow \cos^2 \theta = r$

$y = r_0 + a \rightarrow m = 1 \rightarrow \tan \theta = 1 \rightarrow \theta = 45^\circ \rightarrow y = mx + b \rightarrow m = \tan 135^\circ = -\sqrt{r}$

$y = 0 \Rightarrow \frac{r_0 + a}{r} \Rightarrow m = \frac{a}{r} \quad m \cdot r + \frac{a}{r} = 0 \Rightarrow m = -\frac{a}{r}$

$m = -\frac{a}{r} \quad y = 0 + a \Rightarrow b = \frac{a}{r} \quad m = -1 \quad mb = -1 \times \frac{a}{r} = -\frac{a}{r}$

$f(n) = \cos(\alpha + r) + \sin(\frac{\pi}{r} - n) - \tan(\frac{c}{r} + n) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{r} + 1}$

$f(\frac{a}{r}) = \cos \alpha \rightarrow f(\frac{a}{r}) = \cos(\frac{a}{r}) = -\sqrt{r}$

$\cos(100 + 100) \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r} \quad \sin(90 - 100) \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r}$

$\tan(rv + b) = \frac{1}{r+1}$

$\sin(\frac{100}{r} + n) + \cos(\frac{100}{r} - n)$

$\frac{\cos n + \sin n}{-\cos n + \sin n} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos n + \sin n}{-\cos n + \sin n}$

$\frac{100}{r} = a$
 $\frac{100}{r} = a$
 $\frac{100}{r} = a$
 $\frac{100}{r} = a$

$\cos(\frac{100}{r} - n) = -\sin n$

$\frac{\cos n - \sin n}{-\cos n + \sin n} = -1$