

$$1) (\sin 120^\circ + \frac{1}{2} \sin 60^\circ) (\cos 120^\circ + \cos 60^\circ) = \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}}{2} \right) \left(\frac{\sqrt{3} + \sqrt{3}}{2} \right) = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{r} \times \frac{1}{r} (\sqrt{r} - \sqrt{r}) (\sqrt{r} + \sqrt{r}) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r} (r - r) = 0$$

$$1 + \tan^2 r = \frac{1}{\cos^2 r} = \frac{1}{\cos^2 r}$$

3. 1. 1.

2.)



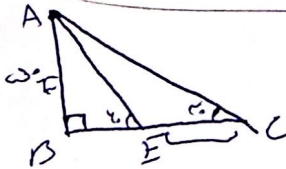
$$\frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \sqrt{r} \quad \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \sin \alpha$$

3.)



$$\frac{1}{r} = \frac{1}{r} \sin \alpha \quad AH = \frac{1}{r} \sin \alpha \quad \sin B = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r} \Rightarrow B = \alpha$$

4.)

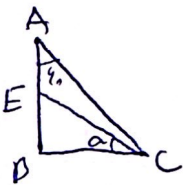


$$AC = \frac{1}{r} \sin \alpha = 10\sqrt{r} \quad BC = 10$$

$$AD = \frac{1}{r} \sin \alpha = 10 \Rightarrow BE = 10$$

$$EC = 10 - 10 = 0$$

5.)



$$AC = \frac{r}{\frac{1}{r}} = r^2 \quad \tan \alpha = \frac{1}{r} = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{r}$$

$$BC = r\sqrt{r} \quad 1 + \tan^2 \alpha = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow 1 + \left(\frac{1}{r} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha} \Rightarrow 10 \frac{1}{\sin^2 \alpha}$$

$$\Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r}}{10}$$



$$CH = \frac{a}{r} \Rightarrow CA = \frac{a}{r} \sin \alpha = \frac{\sqrt{r} a}{r}$$

$$AH = \frac{a}{r} \quad BH = \frac{\sqrt{r} a}{r}$$

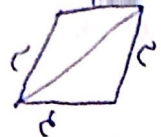
$$AB = AH + BH = \frac{1 + \sqrt{r}}{r} a$$

$$\frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{1 + \sqrt{r}}{\sqrt{r}}$$

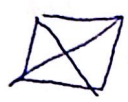
$$\triangle ABE \sim \triangle ACD \Rightarrow \frac{AB}{AC} = \frac{AE}{AD}$$

$$\triangle BCD \sim \triangle ACD \Rightarrow \frac{BC}{AC} = \frac{BD}{AD}$$

$$\frac{AB}{BC} = \frac{AE}{BD} = \frac{1}{r} \times r \times \sin \alpha = \frac{1}{r}$$

لل)  $\cos \frac{1}{r} \times \sin \alpha \times c \times d \times r \times \sqrt{r}$

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-)  $\frac{1}{r} \times a \times b \times \sin \alpha = c \times r$
 $a \times r \quad b \times r$

$\tan \theta = \frac{\Delta y}{\Delta x} = \frac{r}{c} \times \frac{1}{r}$

-v

$1 + \tan^2 = \frac{1}{\cos^2} \Rightarrow \frac{1}{c} = \frac{1}{\cos \alpha} \Rightarrow \cos \alpha = \frac{r}{c}$

$y_{50} \Rightarrow \frac{r \sin \alpha}{r} \Rightarrow \sin \alpha = \frac{d}{c} \quad m \sin \alpha = \frac{d}{r} \Rightarrow m \sin \alpha = \frac{d}{r}$

$m \sin \alpha = \frac{d}{r} \quad y_{50} = \frac{d}{r} \Rightarrow \frac{d}{r} = \frac{d}{r}$
 $m \sin \alpha = 1$

$m \sin \alpha = 1$
 $m \sin \alpha = \frac{d}{r}$
 $m \sin \alpha = -1 \times \frac{d}{r} = -\frac{d}{r}$

$f(m) = \cos(\alpha + r) + \sin(\frac{\pi}{r} - m) - \tan(\frac{c}{r} + m) \Rightarrow \frac{1}{r+1}$

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$f(\frac{\alpha}{r}) = \frac{1}{r}$

$\cos(100 + 100) \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r}$
 $\sin(90 - 100) \Rightarrow \frac{r}{r}$ } $\Rightarrow$ صفر

$\tan(rv + b) = \frac{1}{r+1}$

$\sin(\frac{100}{r} + m) + \cos(\frac{100}{r} - m)$

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$\frac{\sin(\frac{100}{r} + m) + \cos(\frac{100}{r} - m)}{\cos(\frac{100}{r} + m) - \sin(\frac{100}{r} - m)} \Rightarrow \frac{\cos m + \sin m}{-\cos m + \sin m}$

$\frac{100}{r} = 90$
 $\frac{100}{r} = 90$
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