

باید قبل از ω را به دست آوریم
اول صفر رقم یگان است پس فقط
باید قبل از ω را به دست آوریم

$$(1! + 3!) \times (2! + 4!) \rightarrow (1 + 3 \times 2 \times 1) \times (2 \times 1 + 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1) \rightarrow (1 + 6) \times (2 + 24)$$

رقم یگان
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ع است

رقم یگان عبارت حاصل
می باشد

جواب: $\omega = 2$

الف) $\sqrt[4]{\frac{1}{4+7\sqrt{2}} \times (1+\sqrt{2})^2} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{4+7\sqrt{2}}} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{1+\sqrt{2}}{4+7\sqrt{2}}} = \sqrt[4]{\frac{2(4+7\sqrt{2})}{4+7\sqrt{2}}} = \sqrt[4]{2}$

$\rightarrow \sqrt[4]{2} \rightarrow \sqrt[4]{2}$

ب) $\frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{10}+2} = \frac{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{5}}{\sqrt{2}(\sqrt{5}+\sqrt{2})} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} (\sqrt{3}-\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{15}+\sqrt{10})$

$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{6}-2\sqrt{5}-\sqrt{6}+2\sqrt{10}) = \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{10}-1)^2 - \sqrt{10}+1)^2 = \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{10}-1-(\sqrt{10}+1))$

$\rightarrow \frac{1}{2} (\sqrt{10}-1-\sqrt{10}-1) = \frac{1}{2} \times -2 = -1$

الف) $\frac{2\sqrt{2}+3\sqrt{3}}{5-\sqrt{6}} \times \frac{5+\sqrt{6}}{5+\sqrt{6}} = \frac{10\sqrt{2}+2\sqrt{12}+15\sqrt{3}+3\sqrt{18}}{25-6} = \frac{10\sqrt{2}+4\sqrt{3}+15\sqrt{3}+9\sqrt{2}}{19}$

$\rightarrow \frac{19\sqrt{2}+19\sqrt{3}}{19} = \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3} \rightarrow \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-1} = \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3} - \frac{2}{\sqrt{3}-1} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}+1}{\sqrt{3}+1} = \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3} - \frac{2(\sqrt{3}+1)}{3-1} = \sqrt{2}+\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{3}-1 = \sqrt{2}-1$

ب) $\frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{4+\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{4-\sqrt{3}}{4-\sqrt{3}} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}-4-4\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{3}}{16-3} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}-13-3\sqrt{3}}{13} = \frac{4\sqrt{2}-13-3\sqrt{3}}{13} = \sqrt{2}-1$

$\frac{1}{2-\sqrt{3}} \times \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{2+\sqrt{3}} = \frac{2+\sqrt{3}}{4-3} = 2+\sqrt{3} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{2}-1}{4+\sqrt{3}} + (2-\sqrt{3})^{-1} = \sqrt{2}-1 + 2+\sqrt{3} = (2\sqrt{3}+1)$

الف) $\sqrt[4]{(1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{3}-1)^2} = \sqrt[4]{1+\sqrt{3}+\sqrt{3}-1+2\sqrt{3}-1} = \sqrt[4]{2\sqrt{3}+2\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt[4]{4\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt[4]{2\sqrt{3} \times 2\sqrt{3}} = \sqrt[4]{2\sqrt{3}} \times \sqrt[4]{2\sqrt{3}}$

$\rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{6}+2\sqrt{6}+2\sqrt{6}+4}{\sqrt{3}-2} = \frac{\sqrt{10+8\sqrt{6}}}{1} = \sqrt{(\sqrt{6}+2)^2} = \sqrt{6}+2-2 = \sqrt{6}$

ب) $\sqrt[12]{2^8} \times \sqrt[12]{2^4 \times 2} \times \sqrt[12]{2^4 \times 2} = \sqrt[12]{2^8 \times 2^5 \times 2^5} = \sqrt[12]{2^{18}} = 2 \times 2^2 = 2 \times 4 = 8$

$\rightarrow \text{جواب} = 8$

$\frac{3^x(1+3+9+27+81+243)}{3^x(\frac{1}{3}+\frac{1}{9}+1+3+9+27)} = 512 \rightarrow \frac{3^x \times 364}{3^x \times \frac{31}{3}} = 512$

$\rightarrow 3^x \times 364 = 3^x \times \frac{512 \times 31}{3} \rightarrow \frac{3^x}{3^x} = \frac{512}{364} \rightarrow \frac{3^x}{3^x} = \frac{4}{3} \rightarrow \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^x = \left(\frac{3}{2}\right)^2$

$\rightarrow x = 2$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (a^2 + b^2 + rab)^r (a^2 + b^2 - rab)^r &= ((a^2 + b^2)^r - (rab)^r)^r = (a^2 + b^2 + rab^r - rab^r)^r \\
 &\rightarrow (a^2 + b^2 - rab^r)^r \rightarrow (\sqrt{5} - 2 + \sqrt{5} + 2 - 1(\sqrt{5} - 2 \times \sqrt{5} + 2))^r = (2\sqrt{5} - 1\sqrt{5} - 2)^r = (\sqrt{5} - 2)^r \\
 &\rightarrow (2\sqrt{5} - 2)^r = 2(\sqrt{5} - 1)^r = 2(2 + 1 - 2\sqrt{5}) = 2(3 - 2\sqrt{5}) = 6 - 4\sqrt{5} = 19 - 4\sqrt{5} \\
 &\rightarrow 19(2 - \sqrt{5}) = 2(2 - \sqrt{5}) \rightarrow \boxed{t = 19}
 \end{aligned}$$

$(t = 19)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 (a + \frac{1}{a} + \sqrt{r})^r (a + \frac{1}{a} - \sqrt{r})^r &= ((a + \frac{1}{a})^r - \sqrt{r}^r)^r = (a^r + \frac{1}{a^r} + r - r)^r = (a^r + \frac{1}{a^r})^r \\
 &\rightarrow a^r + \frac{1}{a^r} + r \xrightarrow{a = \sqrt[5]{V - E\sqrt{P}}} V - E\sqrt{P} + \frac{1}{V - E\sqrt{P}} + r = V - E\sqrt{P} + V + E\sqrt{P} + r \\
 &\quad \frac{1}{V - E\sqrt{P}} \times \frac{V + E\sqrt{P}}{V + E\sqrt{P}} = \frac{V + E\sqrt{P}}{E^2 - EA} = V + E\sqrt{P} \\
 &\rightarrow r^t = r^t \Rightarrow \boxed{t = r}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 A &= \sqrt[9]{F\sqrt{15}} \times (\frac{1}{r})^{-\frac{r}{10}} = r^{\frac{r}{10}} \times r^{\frac{r}{10}} \times r^{\frac{r}{10}} = r^{\frac{3r}{10}} = r^{\frac{10}{10}} = r^1 \\
 &\rightarrow A = r \rightarrow (rA)^{\frac{1}{r}} = r^{\frac{1}{r}} = \frac{1}{r^{\frac{1}{r}}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{r}} \\
 &\rightarrow (rA)^{\frac{1}{r}} = \boxed{\frac{1}{r}} \quad \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{1}{r}}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 a^{\frac{1}{r}} &= r^r \times a^{\frac{1}{r}} \rightarrow a^{\frac{1}{r}} = r^r \rightarrow a^r = r^r \rightarrow a = r^{\frac{r}{r}} \rightarrow a = \frac{1}{r\sqrt{r}} \\
 &\rightarrow \frac{1}{a} - r = r\sqrt{r} - r \rightarrow \frac{\frac{1}{a} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}} = \frac{r\sqrt{r} - r}{1 + \sqrt{r}} \times \frac{1 - \sqrt{r}}{1 - \sqrt{r}} = \frac{r\sqrt{r} - 9 - r + r\sqrt{r}}{1 - r} \\
 &\rightarrow \frac{r(2 - r\sqrt{r})}{r} = \boxed{2 - r\sqrt{r}} \quad = \frac{2\sqrt{r} - 1r}{-r} = \frac{1r - 2\sqrt{r}}{r}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \sqrt{x+a} - \sqrt{x-f} &= r \rightarrow (\sqrt{x+a} - \sqrt{x-f})(\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-f}) = r(\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-f}) \\
 \xrightarrow{\text{منه}} x+a - (x-f) &= r(\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-f}) \rightarrow x+a - x+f = r(\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-f}) \\
 \rightarrow a+f &= r(\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-f}) \rightarrow (\sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-f}) = \frac{a}{r} + r \rightarrow \\
 \xrightarrow{\text{از دو طرف روتا}} \sqrt{x+a} + \sqrt{x-f} - r &= \boxed{\frac{a}{r}} \\
 \rightarrow \boxed{\frac{a}{r}}
 \end{aligned}$$